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ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD COVER SHEET

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FINAL REPORT

Summary of Remediation Projects at Air Force Plant 4 and Carswell Air Force Base

Volume I

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LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AFP4 Air Force Plant 4

AFBCA Air Force Base Cleanup Agency

AFCEE Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence

AOC Area of Concern

ARAR applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements

BNA base/neutral organic compound

BSS Base Service Station

BTEX benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene

CAFB Carswell Air Force Base

CAMD constitutive aerobic microbia degradation

CQCP Contract Quality Control Plan

CRQL Contract Required Quantitation Limit

1,2-DCE dichloroethene

12DCE 1,2-dichloroethene

DD decision documents

DNAPL dense, nonaqueous-phased liquid

DOD U.S. Department of Defense

DP12 Chrome Pit No. 3

DP13 Die Yard Chemical Pits

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

ESE Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc.

FDTA 5 Fire Department Training Area No. 5

FDTA 6 Fire Department Training Area No. 6

FFA Federal Facilities Agreement

FR Federal Register

FS feasibility study

FSA-1 Fuel Saturation Area No. 1

FSA-3 Fuel Saturation Area No. 3

LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS (Continued, Page 2 of 4)

FSATP field sampling, analysis, and testing plan

ft foot

ft-bls feet below land surface

FTA-2 Fire Training Area No. 2

FW Fighter Wing

GAC granular activated carbon

gal gallon

GD General Dynamics

GOCO government-owned/contractor-operated

gpm gallons per minute

HDPE high-density polyethylene

HP horsepower

IRA interim remedial action

IRP Installation Restoration Program

IRPIMS Installation Restoration Program Information Management System

lb pound

LF01 Landfill No. 1

LF03 Landfill No. 3

LF04 Landfill No. 4

LF05 Landfill No. 5

MAP Management Action Plan

MCL maximum contaminant level

mg/L milligrams per liter

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

MMD methanotrophic microbial degradation

NFA No Further Action
NOV Notice of Violation

NPL National Priorities List

LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS (Continued, Page 3 of 4)

O&M operation and maintenance

OU operable units

OVA organic vapor analyzer

PDW permeable dehalogenation wall

PID photoionization detector

POL petroleum, oil, and lubricant

POTW publicly owned treatment works

ppm parts per million

PRG preliminary remedial goal

QA/QC quality assurance/quality control

QAMP Quality Assurance Management Plan

QC quality control

RA risk assessment

RACER Remedial Action Cost Estimating and Requirements

RAP Remedial Action Plan

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RD remedial design

R_I radius of influence

RI remedial investigation

ROD Record of Decision
SOW Statement of Work
St. 5 Stormwater No. 5

ST14 Tank Farm

SVEPP soil vapor extraction pilot plant
SVOC semivolatile organic compound

SWMU solid waste management unit

TCE trichloroethene

TDH Texas Department of Health

LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS (Continued, Page 4 of 4)

TMV toxic

toxicity, mobility, and volume

TNRCC

Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission

TPH

total petroleum hydrocarbons

TWC

Texas Water Commission

μg/kg

micrograms per kilogram

USACE

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USAF

U.S. Air Force

UST

underground storage tank

UV

ultraviolet

VEP

vacuum-enhanced pumping

WP07

Waste Burn Area

WPAFB

Wright-Patterson Air Force Base

yd³

cubic yards

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This draft report was prepared by Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc. (ESE) under the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Contract No. DACW63-93-D-001, Delivery Order No. 3. Delivery Order No. 3 is entitled "Feasibility Study and Recommendations for Remediation of the TCE Plume, Carswell AFB, Plant #4, Ft. Worth, TX" and consists of seven separate tasks.

This report specifically addresses the requirements for Task 2. The overall goal of Task 2 is to summarize all remedial action projects which have been implemented at Carswell Air Force Base (CAFB) and Air Force Plant 4 (AFP4). The specific requirements for Task 2 are presented in Section 2.0 of this report. The following sections summarize the remedial action activities conducted at AFP4 and CAFB.

1.1 <u>SITE HISTORY--AFP4</u>

AFP4, a government-owned/contractor-operated (GOCO) facility, is an aircraft manufacturing plant located in Tarrant County, Texas, 7 miles northwest of the City of Fort Worth. The facility has been in operation since 1942 and currently produces F-16 aircraft, radar units, and various aircraft and missile components.

Historically, the manufacturing processes at AFP4 have generated an estimated 5,500 to 6,000 tons of waste oils, solvents, paint residues, and spent process chemicals per year. These wastes were disposed of onsite by burial in landfills, burning, or discharge into pits or the sanitary sewer system. A waste treatment plant was constructed in the early 1970s to treat the process chemical solutions, rinse waters, and other waste waters, and solvents. Some wastes, such as paint residues and process cyanide solutions, were later disposed of offsite by a contractor, but waste oils and fuels continued to be disposed of in onsite landfills or burned in fire training exercises. During the late 1970s, the burning of fuels for fire training was phased out, and all waste oils and recoverable solvents have

since been disposed of offsite by a contractor. Currently, through waste minimization techniques, the offsite disposal of wastes is less than 2,500 tons per year.

Potential contamination at AFP4 was first noticed by a private citizen in September 1982. General Dynamics (GD) was notified and took immediate action. The source of the observed contamination was thought to be leachate from a landfill. In October 1982, GD began construction of French Drain No. 1 to prevent migration of contaminated groundwater toward Meandering Road Creek.

Since the recognition of initial contamination, the U.S. Department of Defense (DOD) has taken actions to locate and identify past disposal sites and to eliminate the resultant potential contaminant hazards to public health in an environmentally sound manner via the Installation Restoration Program (IRP) (Intellus, 1986). The IRP is a four-phase program, consisting of the following:

- Phase I--problem identification,
- Phase II--confirmation,
- Phase III--technology development, and
- Phase IV--planning and implementation of appropriate control measures.

The IRP for AFP4 was initiated in March 1984 with the completion of a Phase I records search. At the time of the records search, a total of 20 disposal sites was identified by the contractor performing the work. On October 15, 1984, AFP4 was proposed for inclusion on the National Priorities List (NPL) 49 Federal Register (FR) 40320. In December 1987, the U.S. Air Force (USAF), completed a Phase II Report Confirmation/Quantification Study which documents the presence of hazardous substances in soil and groundwater. On September 4, 1990, USAF, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region VI, and the Texas Water Commission (TWC) signed a Federal Facilities Agreement (FFA).

Table 1.1-1 identifies information on the 21 FFA sites, 9 additional IRP sites (not included in the FFA), and 2 Areas of Concern (AOCs).

Under Section XI of the FFA, USAF agreed to undertake, seek adequate funding for, fully implement, and report on the following tasks:

- 1. Remedial investigations (RIs) of the 21 sites identified in the FFA;
- 2. Feasibility studies (FSs) for the 21 FFA sites;
- 3. All response actions, including operable units (OUs), for the 21 FFA sites; and
- 4. Operation and maintenance (O&M) of response actions at the 21 FFA sites.

The following remedial actions have been undertaken at AFP4 to reduce or control known contamination:

- 1. Landfill No. 1 (LF01), IRP Site No. 1--In 1982, when contaminants were identified in water samples collected from a storm drain in the vicinity of LF01, French Drain No. 1 was constructed to redirect this flow into a catch basin. French Drain No. 1 is currently connected to a carbon adsorption treatment system at Fuel Saturation Area No. 1 (FSA-1). In 1983, 11,000 cubic yards (yd³) of contaminated soils were removed from LF01 to reduce a contaminant source. In 1985, French Drain No. 2 was constructed to intercept contaminated groundwater. The groundwater from French Drain No. 2 is currently treated at FSA-1.
- 2. Fire Department Training Area No. 6 (FDTA 6), IRP Site No. 9--In 1982 and 1983, an interim soil removal action was conducted to eliminate a source of contamination. The volume of soils removed during this action is unknown.
- 3. Chrome Pit No. 3 (DP12), IRP Site No. 12--In 1983, an interim soil removal action was conducted to eliminate a source of

Site	WIMS-ES		Site			Date of	•	Regulatory
No.	Site ID	Alias	Class	Description	Material Disposed of	Operation	Status	Mechanism
1	LF01		IRP Site	Landfill No. 1	Drums of unspecified liquid wastes, solvents, thinners, paint wastes, burned oils & fuels, rubble, plaster, lumber, suspected wastes include: magnesium wastes, chromate sludges, cyanide	1942-1966	In PA/SI pro- cess	CERCLA
2	LF02		IRP Site	Landfill No. 2	Construction rubble, plasters, lumber, tires	early 1940s- early 1960s	NFA Recom- mended 1991	Awaiting regulatory concurrence
3	LF03		IRP Site	Landfill No. 3	Hazardous liquid wastes of mixed oils & solvents, fill dirt & rubble	1942-1945 inactive 1945-1966 1966-1977	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
4	LF04		IRP Site	Landfill No. 4	Construction rubble, small quantities of solvents, oils, fuels, thinners	1956-early 1980	Originally NFA Recom- mended/ PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
5	FT05	FDTA No. 2	IRP Site	Fire Department Training Area No. 2	Waste oils, fuels	1955-1956	PA/SI/FI/FS process	CERCLA
6	FT06	FDTA No. 3	IRP Site	Fire Department Training Area No. 3	Waste fuels, oils	mid 1960s	NFA Recom- mended	Awaiting regulatory concurrence
7	FT07	FDTA No. 4	IRP Site	Fire Department Training Area No. 4	Waste oils, fuels	late 1960s	NFA Recom- mended 1991	Awaiting regulatory concurrence
8	FT08	FDTA No. 5	IRP Site	Fire Department Training Area No. 5	Waste fuels, oils, unspecified chemicals	mid 1960s	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
_								

Waste fuels, oils

Miscellaneous liquid &

Miscellaneous liquid &

chromate sludge, dilute

metal solutions, drums of unidentified liquids

solid waste, chromate

Chromate, barium-

solutions

solid chemical waste, chrome waste

late 1950s-

early 1940s

mid 1940s

1957-1973

1980

Table 1.1-1 Site Summary Table for Air Force Plant 4

CERCLA

Awaiting

regulatory

Awaiting

regulatory

CERCLA

concurrence

concurrence

PA/SI/RI/FS

NFA Recom-

mended 1991

NFA Recom-

mended 1991

PA/SI/RI/FS

process

process

9

10

11

12

FT09

DP10

DP11

DP12

FDTA

No. 6

IRP

Site

IRP

Site

IRP

Site

IRP

Site

Fire Department

Chrome Pit No.

Chrome Pit No.

Chrome Pit No.

Training Area

No. 6

Site No.	WIMS-ES Site ID	Alias	Site Class	Description	Material Disposed of	Date of Operation	Status	Regulatory Mechan- ism
13	DP13		IRP Site	Die Yard Chemical Pits	Chromate sludges, metal solutions, other chemical wastes	1956-1992	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
14	S S14	FSA No. 1	IRP Site	Fuel Saturation Area No. 1	Fuels, JP-4	mid 1979s- early 1980s	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
15	S S15	FSA No. 2	IRP Site	Fuel Saturation Area No. 2	Fuels	1970s & early 1980s	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
16	SS16	FSA No. 3	IRP Site	Fuel Saturation Area No. 3	JP-4 & related com- pounds	1970s & early 1980s	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
17	S S17		IRP Site	Former Fuel Storage Site	JP-4	early 1940s -1962	PA/SI/FI/FS process	CERCLA
18 -	S S18		IRP Site	Solvent Lines	Xylene, methyl ethyl ketone, kerosene	early 1940s	NFA Recom- mended 1993	Awaiting regulatory concurrence
19	OT19	NARF	IRP Site	Nuclear Aero- space Research Facility	Experimental atomic reactors	1953 & 1974	NFA Recom- mended IRP Phase II	Awaiting regulatory concurrence
20	WP20	B WWC	IRP Site	Wastewater Collection Basins	Suspended solids, tri- chloroethene, vapor degreaser	1966 to present	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
21	OT21		IRP Site	West Compass Rose	Unknown	1950s	NFA Recom- mended 1993	Awaiting regulatory concurrence
22	OT22		IRP Site	East Parking Lot/Flightline	Dichloroethene, trichloro- ethene, chromium con- taminants	1940s to present	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA process
23	OT23		IRP Site	French Drain	Trichloroethene	1990	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
24	OT24	JETS	IRP Site	Jet Engine Test Stand	Fuels contamination, oil, grease	1975	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
25	ST25	UST 19	IRP Site	Underground Storage Tank No. 19	2-Butanone	1970s UST removed 12/88	NFA Rpt PA/SI/RI/FS process	Texas UST Program
26	ST26	UST 20	IRP Site	Underground Storage Tank No. 20	Xylenes	1970s UST removed 12/88	NFA Rpt in PA/SI process	Texas UST Program
27	ST27	UST 24A	IRP Site	Underground Storage Tank No. 24A	Gasoline, JP-4, xylenes	UST removed 12/88	NFA Rpt PA/SI/RI/FS process	Texas UST Program
28	ST28	UST 24B	IRP Site	Underground Storage Tank No. 24B	Gasoline, xylenes, IP-4	UST removed 12/88	PA/SI/RI/FS process	Texas UST Program

Table 1.1-1 Site Summary Table for Air Force Plant 4 (Continued, Page 2 of 3)

Site No.	WIMS-ES Site ID	Alias	Site Class	Description	Material Disposed of	Date of Operation	Status	Regulatory Mechan- ism
29	ST29	UST 25A	IRP Site	Underground Storage Tank No. 25A	Gasoline, xylenes, JP-4	UST removed 12/88	PA/SI/RI/FS process	Texas UST Program
30	ST30	UST 30	IRP Site	Underground Storage Tank No. 30	Gasoline, xylenes, IP-4	UST removed 12/88	PA/SI/RI/FS process	Texas UST Program
AOC1			AOC	Assembly Bldg/ Parts Plant (181)	Trichloroethene	1942-1952 1964-1967	PA/SI/RI/FS process	CERCLA
AOC2			AOC	Site 204	No. 2 Fuel	1973-1992	Under current investigation	CERCLA

Table 1.1-1 Site Summary Table for Air Force Plant 4 (Continued, Page 3 of 3)

- contamination. A total of 8,900 yd³ of contaminated soils was removed with this action.
- 4. Die Yard Chemical Pits (DP13), IRP Site No. 13--In 1984, an interim soil removal action was conducted to eliminate a source of contamination. A total of 1,100 yd³ of contaminated soils was removed.
- 5. Fuel Saturation Area No. 3 (FSA-3), IRP Site No. 17--In June 1992, an interim vapor extraction unit was installed at FSA-3. In October 1992, an interim pump and treat system became operational at the site. The interim vapor extraction unit was taken out of service in November 1992.
- 6. Landfill No. 3 (LF03), IRP Site No. 3--A dense, nonaqueous-phased liquid (DNAPL) recovery system was installed at LF03 to collect free product (October 1992). The free product generated under this remedial action was transferred offsite to a regulated hazardous waste disposal facility. The interim measure also included the evaluation of a vacuum enhanced pumping (VEP) system to recover contaminated groundwater and free-phase product from the landfill to prevent offsite migration. The system is tentatively scheduled for installation and startup during the Fall of 1994.
- 7. FSA-1, IRP Site No. 14-An interim groundwater pump and treat system was installed to recover free product and control the movement of contaminated groundwater.
- 8. East Parking Lot/Flightline Area (Window Area), IRP Site No. 22The interim remedial action (IRA) at this site involves pumping and treating contaminated groundwater at the Window Area within the East Plume. The objective of this IRA is to prevent further transmission of contaminated groundwater to the Paluxy aquifer. The IRA at this site is currently operational.
- 9. Assembly Building/Parts Plant-181 (Building 181) AOC Site (no number defined)--A soil vacuum extraction pilot study at this site to

evaluate the removal of trichloroethene (TCE) from soils beneath Building 181 was completed. Condensed groundwater associated with the soil vapor extraction system was collected and treated at a separate location on the site property. A recommendation was made for continued and expanded operation of the system to optimize TCE removal. Also, the groundwater seepage collected inside Building 181 is treated using an air stripper treatment system and is referred to as the Taper Edge Treatment System.

10. Underground storage tank (UST) Sites--Numerous USTs have been removed from AFP4, along with associated contaminated soils.

A master summary of all actions, recommendations, and actions taken at each AFP4 site is presented in Table 1.1-2.

1.2 SITE HISTORY FOR CAFB

CAFB was selected for closure and associated property disposal during Round II Base Closure Commission deliberations. The base closed on October 31, 1993. However, within this report, the site will still be referred to as CAFB.

Wastes were generated and disposed of at CAFB since the beginning of industrial operations in 1942. Major industrial operations included maintenance of jet engines, aerospace groundwater equipment, fuel systems, weapon systems, and pneumatic systems; maintenance of general and special purpose vehicles; aircraft corrosion control; and nondestructive inspection activities. The generated wastes were primarily oils, lubricants, recoverable fuels, spent solvents, and cleaners.

The IRP was initiated at CAFB in 1984 and began with a program records search. IRP studies focused on identifying and characterizing waste disposal areas on the installation.

TABLE 1-1-2 MASTER SUMMARY OF ACTIONS, DATA GAPS, AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ALL THE SITES AT AIR FORCE PLANT 4

SITE ID	PA/Si			RI/FS		RD, RA
LANDFILL No. 1 (LF01)	ACTION PHASE I - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (FEBRUARY 1983) PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) TEN SITE FIELD INVESTIGATION (NOVEMBER, 1986) IRP PHASE II. CONFIRMATION	STATUS FULL CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETED	RI FS	STATUS FULL CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETED. RECOMMENDED FOR REMEDIATION RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING	ACTION IRA SOIL REMOVAL ACTION IRA USING FRENCH DRAINS, INITIATED IN 1992	STATUS APPROXINATELY 11,000 CUBIC YARDS REMOVED IN 1983 WATER FROM FRENCH DRAINS TREATED AT FSA-1
LANDFILL No. 2 (LF02)	QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987) PHASE I - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (FEBRUARY 1983) PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION QUANTIFICATION STAGE I.	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETED NO FURTHER ACTION RECOMMENDED (NFRAD DRAFTED)	NA	ACCEPTANCE OF ROD	NA	NA .
LANDFILL No. 3 (LF03)	(DECEMBER, 1987) PHASE I - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (FEBRUARY 1983) PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) TEN SITE FIELD INVESTIGATION ASSESSMENT REPORT FOR LANDFILL NO. 3 IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987)	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD	IRA FOR DNAPL RECOVERY PILOT TEST FOR VACUUM EXTRACTION	IRA WAS NOT SUCCESSFUL TAKEN OFF-LINE AFTER ONE YEAR. RESULTS OF TESTING NOT AVAILABLE.
LANDFILL No. 4 (LF04)	PHASE I - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (FEBRUARY 1983) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987) PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT/ SITE INVESTIGATION (DECEMBER, 1992)	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI / FS	ADDITIONAL RISK ASSESSMENT AND CHARACTERIZATION NEEDED	NA	NA
FIRE DEPARTMENT TRAINING AREA NO. 2 (FT05)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) TEN SITE FIELD INVESTIGATION (NOVEMBER, 1987) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987)	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI FS	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION RECOMMEND FOR NFA: PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD	NA	NA
FIRE DEPARTMENT TRAINING AREA NO. 3 (FT06)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987)	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: NO FURTHER ACTION RECOMMENDED	NA	NA	NA	NA
FIRE DEPARTMENT TRAINING AREA NO. 4 (FT07)	IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987)	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETED NO FURTHER ACTION RECOMMENDED (NFRAD DRAFTED)	NA	NA	NA	NA
FIRE DEPARTMENT TRAINING AREA NO. 6 (FT08)	PHASE I - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (FEBRUARY 1983) PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) TEN SITE FIELD INVESTIGATION (NOVEMBER, 1987) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987)	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI FS	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD	NA	NA
FIRE DEPARTMENT TRAINING AREA NO. 8 (FT09)	PHASE I - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (FEBRUARY 1983) TEN SITE FIELD INVESTIGATION (NOVEMBER, 1986) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987)	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	FS	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD	IRA SOILS REMOVAL ACTION	REMOVAL OF UNSPECIFIED VOLUME OF SOILS IN 1982 AND 1983
CHROME PIT NO. 1 (DP10)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987)	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETED NO FURTHER ACTION RECOMMENDED (NFRAD DRAFTED)	NA	NA	NA	NA
CHROME PIT NO. 2 (DP11)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987)	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETED NO FURTHER ACTION RECOMMENDED [NFRAD DRAFTED]	NA	NA .	NA	NA

TABLE 1-1-2 MASTER SUMMARY OF ACTIONS, DATA GAPS, AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ALL THE SITES AT AIR FORCE PLANT 4

TelTE IN	SITES AT AIR FORCE PLANT 4 PA/SI PA/SI RUFS IRA RD RA										
SITE ID	PA/S	STATUS	ACTION	RI/FS	ACTION	RD, RA					
CHROME PIT NO. 3 (DP12)	PHASE I - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (FEBRUARY 1983) PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) TEN SITE FIELD INVESTIGATION	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION	IRA SOILS REMOVAL ACTION	REMOVAL OF 8,900 YDS OF SOILS IN 1984					
	(NOVEMBER, 1988)		FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD							
DIE YARD CHEMICAL PIT (DP13)	PHASE I - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (FEBRUARY 1983) PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) TEN SITE FIELD INVESTIGATION	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION	IRA SOILS REMOVAL ACTION	REMOVAL OF 1,100 YDS OF SOIL COMPLETED IN 1984					
	(NOVEMBER, 1988) CONSTRUCTION SITE ASSESSMENT FOR THE DIE YARD ZONE (JANUARY, 1987)		FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD							
FUEL SATURATION AREA NO. 1 (SS14)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1987) DRAFT REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN	FULL CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION	IRA FOR GROUNDWATER AND SOIL	GROUNDWATER SYSTEM OPERATIONAL AS OF OCT. 1992; SOIL VES OPERABLE AS OF DEC. 1992					
	AND CONCEPTUAL DOCUMENTS FOR FUEL SATURATION AREAS NO. 1 AND 3. (JULY 1988)		FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD							
FUEL SATURATION AREA NO. 2	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) TEN SITE FIELD INVESTIGATION	FULL CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI	SOILS CHARACTERIZATION NOT FULLY COMPLETE	NA	MA					
(SS15)	(NOVEMBER, 1989) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION STAGE I		FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD							
FUEL SATURATION AREA NO. 3 (SS18)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) DRAFT REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN AND CONCEPTUAL DOCUMENTS FOR FUEL SATURATION AREAS NO.	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION	IRA FOR GROUNDWATER AND SOIL	GROUNDWATER SYSTEM OPERATIONAL AS OF OCT. 1992; SOIL VES OPERABLE AS OF DEC. 1992					
	1 AND 3. (JULY 1986) EVALUATION OF CONDENSER PIPELINE AND REMEDIAL MEASURES, FUEL SATURATION AREA NO. 3 (JULY, 1988)		FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD							
FORMER FUEL STORAGE (SS17)	PHASE I - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (FEBRUARY 1983) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER. 1987)	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI FS	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING	NA	NA					
			ı	ACCEPTANCE OF ROD: FS REPORTS SOIL REMOVAL: CONFIRMATION OF ACTION IS NECESSARY							
SOLVENT LINES (SS18)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1887)	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETED NO FURTHER ACTION RECOMMENDED [NFRAD DRAFTED]	NA .	NA	NA	NA .					
NUCLEAR AEROSPACE RESEARCH FACILITY (OT19)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION (DECEMBER, 1987)	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETED NO FURTHER ACTION RECOMMENDED (NFRAD DRAFTED)	NA	NA	NA	NA					
WASTE WATER COLLECTION BASIN (WP20)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) TEN SITE FIELD INVESTIGATION (NOVEMBER, 1987) JIRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION	FULL CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	Ri	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION	NA	NA					
	QUANTIFICATION STAGE I, (DECEMBER, 1989)		FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD							
WEST COMPASS ROSE (OT21)	RESULTS OF SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY AND ANELHOLIC CHAMPON BUILDINGS	FULL CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETED NO FURTHER ACTION RECOMMENDED (NFRAD DRAFTED)	NA	NA	NA	NA					
EAST PARKING LOT! FLIGHTLINE (OT22)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) INVESTIGATION OF GROUNDWATER POLLUTION AT AFP4 (OCTOBER, 1988)	FULL CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI	ADDITIONAL CHARACTER. OF THE EAST PLUME AND TOPOGRAPHY NEEDED	SEE EAST ALLUVIAL PLUME BELOW	SEE EAST ALLUVIAL PLUME BELOW					
·	SUMMARY REPORT FOR WINDOW AREA INVESTIGATIONS (JULY, 1989) SUMMARY OF INTERIM REMEDIAL INVESTIGATIONS (JULY, 1989)		FS	GROUNDWATER RECOMMENDE FOR REMEDIATION: APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD NFA RECOMMENDED FOR SOILS							

TABLE 1-1-2 MASTER SUMMARY OF ACTIONS, DATA GAPS, AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ALL THE SITES AT AIR FORCE PLANT 4

SITE ID	PAJS			RI/FS	IRA, RD, RA			
FRENCH	ACTION	STATUS	ACTION	STATUS	ACTION	STATUS		
DRAIN (OT23)	STUDY UNDER LANDFILL NO.1	SEE LANDFILL 1	SEE LANDFUL 1					
JET ENGINE TEST STAND (OT24)	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION STAGE I	FULL CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETE	RI	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION	NA	NA		
			FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD				
UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS 19 & 20 (ST 25, ST 26)	INVESTIGATED IN CONJUNCTION WITH FSA - 1	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETED	RI	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION	RA	TANKS HAVE BEEN REMOVED: STATUS OF CONTAMINATION IS UNKNOWN		
	_		FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD				
UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS 24A & 24B	NA .	NA	RI	FULLY CHACTERIZED RECOMMENDED FOR REMEDIATION	RA	TANKS HAVE BEEN REMOVED: STATUS OF CONTAMINATION IS UNKNOWN		
(ST 27, ST 28)			FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD		J.KROWN		
UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK 25A	STUDY IN CONJUNCTION WITH JETS	NOT CHARACTERIZED COMPLETELY	RI	FULLY CHACTERIZED RECOMMENDED FOR REMEDIATION	RA	TANKS HAVE BEEN REMOVED: STATUS OF CONTAMINATION IS UNKNOWN		
(ST 29)			FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD				
UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK 30	STUDY IN CONJUNCTION WITH FSA-3	NOT FULLY CHARACTERIZED	RI	FULLY CHACTERIZED RECOMMENDED FOR REMEDIATION	RA	TANKS HAVE BEEN REMOVED: STATUS OF CONTAMINATION IS UNKNOWN		
(ST 30)			FS	RECOMMENDED FOR NFA; APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD				
IRP AREA OF CONCERN (AOC-1) ASSEMBLY BUILDING/ PARTS PLANT	PHASE II - SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION (SEPTEMBER, 1985) TEN SITE FIELD INVESTIGATION (NOVEMBER, 1986) IRP PHASE II, CONFIRMATION/ QUANTIFICATION STAGE I,	NOT FULLY CHARACTERIZED	RI FS	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETE: RECOMMEND FOR REMEDIATION RECOMMENDED FOR NFA;		PILOT STUDY COMPLETED IN 1994; SUCCESSFUL IN REMOVAL OF 2,700 POUNDS OF TCE CONTRACT TO BE LET FOR CONTINUED OPERATION		
	(DECEMBER, 1987) SUMMARY OF INTERIM REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION (JULY, 1989)			APPROVAL PENDING ACCEPTANCE OF ROD				
AOC-2 1 MILLION GALLON TANK	NO DATA AVAILABLE	NO DATA AVAILABLE	NO DATA AVAILABLE	NO DATA AVAILABLE	NO DATA AVAILABLE	NO DATA AVAILABLE		
WEST ALLUVIAL PLUME	INVESTIGATIONS CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ABOVE IRP SITES	WEST ALLVIAL PLUME WILL BE MANAGED AS A SEPERATE OPERABLE	RI	CHARACTERIZATION COMPLETED	AA	NA		
		UNIT	FS	RECOMMENDED FOR REMEDIATION. SPECIFICS OF REMEDIATION NOT DEFINED. FINAL RA PENDING APPROVAL OF ROD.				
EAST ALLUVIAL PLUME	INVESTIGATIONS CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ABOVE IRP SITES	EAST ALLVIAL PLUME WILL BE MANAGED AS A SEPERATE OPERABLE UNIT	RI	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETED; DOWNGRADIENT EDGE OF PLUME NOT DEFINED	IRA TREATMENT OF GROUNDWATER	GROUNDWATER IS BEING TREATED AT THE WINDOW AREA TO PROTECT TRANSMISSION TO THE PALUXY AQUIFER.		
			FS	RECOMMENDED FOR REMEDIATION. SPECIFICS OF REMEDIATION NOT DEFINED. FINAL RA PENDING APPROVAL OF ROD.		The state of the s		
PALUXY PLUME	INVESTIGATIONS CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ABOVE IRP SITES	PALUXY PLUME WILL BE MANAGED AS A SEPERATE OPERABLE UNIT	RI	CHARACTERIZATION NOT COMPLETED; EXTENT OF PLUME NOT DEFINED	NA	NA		
l			FS	RECOMMENDED FOR REMEDIATION. SPECIFICS OF REMEDIATION NOT DEFINED. FINAL RA PENDING APPROVAL OF ROD.				

CAFB currently has 20 IRP sites. A Phase I records search conducted in 1984 identified 15 sites requiring further action. An additional five sites were identified since then through subsequent IRP investigations and other base activities. Thirteen of these sites are also Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) solid waste management units (SWMUs). Table 1.2-1 provides a brief description of these sites.

Interim remedial actions to reduce or control known contamination have been conducted as emergency removals at two IRP sites; interim remedial actions have been conducted at two other sites. A third action is being conducted at Landfills No. 4 and 5 (LF04 and LF05):

- 1. Waste Burial Area (WP07) (SWMU No. 24), IRP Site No. 10--Site WP07 is a waste burial area that contained drums of cleaning solvents and leaded sludge. The drums and associated contaminated soil were removed in 1991.
- 2. Petroleum, Oil, and Lubricant (POL) Tank Farm (ST14) (SWMU No. 68), IRP Site No. 17--Phase II investigations of the POL tank farm (Site ST14) revealed the presence of free product JP-4 on the surface of groundwater. A skimmer was installed on a well in August 1991; the skimmer yielded no free product. The skimmer was scheduled for removal in 1993.
- 3. Flightline Drainage Ditch (SWMU No. 53)--The Flightline Drainage Ditch receives runoff from the flightline area and discharges from the aircraft washracks and the Fuel System Shop. In 1993, 700 yd³ of contaminated soils were excavated from the site. A culvert and concrete liner were subsequently installed in the ditch.
- 4. Fire Training Area No. 2 (FTA-2, SWMU Nos. 19, 20, 21)--Results of soil sampling and analysis during the RI/FS studies indicated that several organic constituents occurred in soils at this site.
 Approximately 5,700 yd³ of contaminated soils were excavated from this site. The excavated soils are currently being treated onsite.

Table 1.2-1 Site Summary Table

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									45	SE
Regulatory Mechanism	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	SOURCES: MAP, 1993, ESE.
Status	Analytical data suggests solvent and metal-bearing wastes. No significant risk. Under consideration for no further action	No action per RCRA Facility Assessment March 1989	No action per RCRA Facility Assessment March 1989	RD canceled December 1991	RD cenceled December 1991	R	RD canceled Decomber 1991	NPA - 17 December 1991		SOURCE
Operation	1942-1989	1952-1956	1950-1952	1956-1973	1963-1975	1975-1978	1960 s	Prior 1963	6861-6961	
Material Disposed of	Unknown	Construction rubble and materials	Construction rubble, fill area and small amount of hazardous wasto	Paint, thinners, atrippers, cadmium batteries, waste solvents burned wastes	All types of flightline waste and refuse. TCE regularly burned	Construction rubble and possible drams of hydrantic fluid	Buried drums containing cleaning solivents and leaded shieles from flightline	Waste oils and fools were burned	Wiste oils and solvests were burned. Unseed JP-4 was observed	
Site Trite	Lendfill 1	Lendfill 2	Lendfill 3	Lendfill 4	Landfill 5	Lendfill 6	Weste Burial Area	Fire Training Area No. 1	Fire Training Area No. 2	
Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	
Alias	SWMU 28	N/A	N/A	SWMU 22	SWMU 23	SWMU 62	SWMU 24	SWMU 18	SWMU 19, 20, 21	
DO	7	₹ Ž	٧×	-	-	-		V/N	-	
WIMS-ES Site ID	LF01	LF02	LF03	LF04	LF05	LF06	WP07	FT08	FT09	
Site No.	_	2	3	4	S	9	01	=	12	

1-13

Table 1.2-1 Site Summary Table Page 2 of 2

Regulatory Mechanism	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	RCRA	CERCLA	CERCLA	CERCLA	RCRA	RCRA	SOURCES: MAP, 1993; ESE.
Stating	RA	No action per RCRA Facility Assessment - March 1989	NFA - 17 December 1991	Focused RI	2 2	Boing incitiored. Programmed for IRA	Sum			1661 mm 1731		SOURCE
Operation	Unknown construction date but used to present	Unknown start up dete. No longer in use	1861-5961	1965-Present	Early 1960e	1957-1969	Barty 1970s			Tengang.		
Material Disposed of	Petroloum, aircraft soup and oils have migrated from flightline	Rinse water from pesticide spray equipment	Pesticide and herbicide contaminated rinse water	Hydrocarbons	JP.4	Radium	Hydrocarbons		Offs, solvents, usknown	Water Chemon, softwart, and thisson, TV3;	Metals and hydrocarbons, possible solvents	
Sie Title	Flightline drainage ditch	Posticide rinse area	Entomology dry well	Unnamed stream	POL Tenk Ferm	WSA	Base Service Station	Airfield	Waste oil dump	WSA disposal alia	Sast area groundwater	žu t
Site Class	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Site	IRP Sie	IRP Site	IRP See	IRP Sin	IR'P Site	
Aline	SWMU 53	N/A	SWMU 63	SWMU 64, 67	SWMU 68	SWMU 60	N/A	N/A	N/A	SWMU 65	N/A	; ;
OO	1	N/A	۷ X	2	-	3	2	944	1	Y/N	2	
WIMS-ES Site ID	SD10	WP11	от12	SD13	ST14	отіѕ	ST16	OT18	DP17	oTis	N/A	N/A = Not applicable.
Site No.	13	4	15	91	11	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	V/V	X = Y

5. LF04 and LF05 [LF04 (SWMU No. 22) and LF05 (SWMU No. 23)], IRP Sites No. 4 and 5--A groundwater pump and treat system was installed at this site in 1993 for the purposes of preventing further migration of contaminated groundwater.

A master summary of all actions, data gaps, and recommendations for each CAFB site is presented in Table 1.2-2.

2.0 RECORDS REVIEW

The Statement of Work (SOW) for Task 2 specifies that a review be performed of all available pertinent information concerning projects that were/are commissioned to remediate environmental contamination resulting from activities at CAFB and/or AFP4 and that a report summarizing this information be prepared.

To accomplish the objectives for Task 2, two ESE professionals (one geologist and one engineer) visited several locations to collect information pertinent to preparing the specified report. The following items list the location and time of site visits:

- Wright-Patterson Air Force Base (WPAFB) October 12 through
 October 14, 1993, to collect information pertinent to AFP4;
- 2. Federal Building, Ft. Worth, Texas, October 19 and 20, 1993, to collect information pertinent to CAFB; and
- 3. CAFB, Ft. Worth, Texas, October 20, 1993, to collect information pertinent to CAFB.

Tables 2.0-1 and 2.0-2 list all reports that were reviewed as part of the records review conducted for Task 2.

The SOW specifies that details of the following information elements be included in this Task 2 report:

- 1. Remediation project objectives,
- 2. Remediation accomplishments/results,
- 3. Data/information developed as a result of the project,
- 4. Recommendations for additional studies and/or remediation projects resulting from the project,
- 5. Status of the project,
- 6. Schedule (if ongoing),

Table 2.0-1. Reports Reviewed as Part of Records Review for AFP4

Title	Date	Author
Specifications for Waste Disposal Project - West Parking Lot	06/30/83	General Dynamics
Assessment of French Drain Pumpage	12/06/85	Hargis & Associates
Three-Site RAP Review Action Items, Attachment A Design Basis and Preliminary Calcs. for Conceptual Design of Alt. 4, Onsite Contaminated GW Trt. and Discharge to AFP4 Process Water Makeup System	07/16/86	Intellus Corporation
Draft RAP and Conceptual Documents for Fuel Saturation Areas No. 1 & 3	07/31/86	Intellus Corporation
Construction Site Assessment Report for the Die Yard Zone	01/30/87	Intellus Corporation
Evaluation of Condensor Water Pipeline and Interim Remedial Measures Fuel Saturation Area No. 3	07/15/88	Hargis & Associates
Engineering Report Remedial Action for Fuel Saturation Areas 1 and 3, and Treating Leachate of French Drain No. 1	03/02/89	General Dynamics
Preliminary Assessment/Site Inspection and Remedial Investigations/Feasibility Studies, Waste Management Plan, AFP4	12/03/90	U.S. Department of Energy
Groundwater Remediation of Window Area - 100% Design Package	09/93	International Technology
East Parking Lot, Installation of Groundwater System	08/93	International Technology
Draft Final Feasibility Study	05/93	Chem Nuclear Geotech, Inc.
Design Plan for Subsurface Barrier Wall at Landfill No. 3	03/93	International Technology
Groundwater Remediation of Window Area - 50% Design Package	03/93	International Technology
Draft Contract QC Plan Addendum, GW Remediation, Window Area	10/92	International Technology
Alternatives for East Plume Groundwater Remediation	12/91	Tyndall AFB
Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Plant Study, Building 181	04/94	ESE, Inc.
Pre-Construction Field Test Results - VEP Well Field, Landfill 3	10/94	International Technology

Source: ESE, 1994

Table 2.0-2. Reports Reviewed as Part of Records Review for CAFB

Title	Date	Author
tage 2 Draft Feasiblity Study for the East Area. RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. Investigation/Remediation Plans. NO. 16, 32, 35, 36, 61. NO. 16, 22, 23, 24, 32, 35, 36, 61, 68. NO. 16, 22, 23, 24, 32, 35, 36, 61, 68. RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. Draft Investigation/Remediation alof Buried Drums and an Underground Storage Tank. SWMU No. 24,	5/01/91 10/01/91 1/31/91 9/09/91 1/31/91	Radian Corporation Radian Corporation USACE Ft. Worth Dist. USACE Ft. Worth Dist.
rial Area. 12 FinalReport. ire Department Tr Documents and No Papers Site 13,	6/01/91	Radian Corporation Radian Corporation Radian Corporation
etc. s - Site SD10. ions - Site SD10. - Site 12.	10/93 3/93 6/91 6/91 5/91	International Technology U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Radian Corporation Radian Corporation Radian Corporation U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Source: ESE, 1994.

- 7. Whether or not information derived is in the Installation Restoration Program Information Management System (IRPIMS), and
- 8. Discrepancies between various project reports and recommendations as to the most reasonable resolution of the discrepancies.

Tables 2.0-3 and 2.0-4 list those reports which were considered by ESE to present information relevant to the task goals. Information from these reports is summarized in Section 3.0 and detailed in Appendices A and B.

Table 2.0-3. Reports Considered Relevant to AFP4

Page 1 of 3

Title	Date	Author	ESE Refere
Phase I Investigation, Drilling and Construction of Upper Zone Test	1/31/83	Hargis & Montgomery	_
Holes and Monitor Wells. Installation Phase I Investigation of Subsurface Conditions at U.S.	2/03/83	Hargis & Montgomery	
Air Force Plant 4, Ft. Worth, TX (Text). Installation Phase I Investigation of Subsurface Conditions at U.S.	3/03/83	Hargis & Montgomery	
U.S. Air Force Plant 4, Ft. Worth, TX (Illustrations) Installation Phase I Investigation of Subsurface Conditions at U.S. U.S. Air Force Plant 4, Ft. Worth, TX (Appendices)	3/03/83	Hargis & Montgomery	
Construction of Paluxy Monitor Well P-1, AFP4	3/18/83	Hargis & Montgomery	
Specifications for Waste Disposal Project - West Parking Lot	6/30/83	General Dynamics	Yes
Environmental, Energy, and Resource Conservation Review of AFP4	9/30/83	JRB Associates	
Seismic Refraction Survey, Letter Report, Gen. Dynamics, Ft. Worth Div.	12/31/83	D'Appolonia Waste Management Ser.	
Field notes for Die Yard & Chrome Pits Excav. & Anal. Lab Results.	1/31/84	General Dynamics	
Installation/Restoration Program Records Search for AFP4	8/31/84	CH2M Hill	
Conclusions and Recomdations for Completion of Phase II Investigation	10/25/84	Hargis & Associates	
Phase II Investigation of Subsurface Conditions	9/30/85	Hargis & Associates	
Phase II Investigation of Subsurface Conditions. Appendices A-E	9/30/85	Hargis & Associates	
Phase II Investigation of Subsurface Conditions. Appendices F-G	9/30/85	Hargis & Associates	
Phase II Investigation of Subsurface Conditions. Appendices H-I	9/30/85	Hargis & Associates	
Phase II Investigation of Subsurface Conditions. Appendices J-M	9/30/85	Hargis & Associates	
Draft Installation Restoration Program, Phase II, Confirmation/ Qualification, Stage 1, Final DRAFT report CAFB.	9/30/85	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Qualif., Stage 1. App A Draft Final Report CAFB.	9/30/85	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Qualif., Stage 1 App B-L, Draft Final Report CAFB.	9/30/85	Radian Corporation	
Assessment of French Drain Pumpage.	12/06/85	Hargis & Associates	Yes
Results of Soil & Groundwater Assessment for the Proposed Systems Development Laboratory and Anechoic Chamber Buildings.	12/16/85	Hargis & Associates	
Proposed 1986 Hydrologic Monitoring Plan, AFP4	1/02/86	Hargis & Associates	
Three-Site RAP Review action Items, Att. A Design Basis & Prelim. Calcs.		Intellus Corporation	Yes
Calcs. for Conceptual Design of Alt. 4, Onsite Contam. GW Trt & Discharge to AFP4 Process Water Makeup System.	21, 22, 22		
Draft RAP and Conceptual Documents for Fuel Sat. Areas No. 1 & 3.	7/31/86	Intellus Corporation	Yes
Interim Report for Ten-Site Field Investigation, Prepared for AFP4.		Intellus Corporation	
Construction Site Assessment Report for the Die Yard Zone.	1/30/87	Intellus Corporation	Yes
Summary Report Window Area Investigation.	4/21/87	Hargis & Associates	
Assessment Report for Landfill # 3, Prepared for AFP4.	8/31/87	Intellus Corporation	
Proposed 1988 Hydrologic Monitoring Plan.	12/02/87	Hargis & Associates	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 1, App. A-1 Final Report 9/85-9/86	12/31/87	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 1, App. A-1 (cont), Final Report 9/85-9/86.	12/31/87	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 1, App. A-1 (cont), Final Report 9/85-9/86.	12/31/87	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 1, App. A-2 Final Report 9/85-9/86	12/31/87	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 1, App. A-2 (cont), Final Report 9/85-9/86.	12/31/87	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 1, App. A-3 and A-4, Final Report 9/85-9/86.	12/31/87	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 1, App. B-E, Final Report 9/85-9/86.	12/31/87	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 1, App. F-K, Final Report 9/85-9/86.	12/31/87	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 1, App. L, Final Report 9/85-9/86.	12/31/87	Radian Corporation	
IRP Ph. II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 1, Report Text, Final Report 9/85-9/86.		Radian Corporation	
IRP Phase II, Confirm./Quantif., Stage 2, CAFB QA Project Plan.	1/31/88	Radian Corporation	
Evaluation of Condensor Water Pipeline and Interim Remedial Measures	7/15/88	Hargis & Associates	Yes
Fuel Sat. Area No. 3.	., 15,00	gib a moderates	100
Engineering Report Remedial Action for Fuel Sat. Areas 1 and 3 and treating leachate of French Drain No. 1.	3/02/89	General Dynamics	Yes
USTProgram Evaluation, Analysis of USTs at AFP4 App. F.	6/00/00	Wardie & Associates	
Industrial Hygene Ass. of Organic Solvents at General Dynamics Plant,	6/02/89 8/28/89	Hargis & Associates Clayton Env. Consult. For Hargis	
Ft. Worth, TX. Fnvironmental Assessment Advanced Matl. Development Laboratory Cita	10/00/00	Harris & Associatos	
Environmental Assessment, Advanced Matl. Development Laboratory Site. Preliminary Assessment/Site Inspection and Remedial Investigation/	10/20/89 8/31/90	Hargis & Associates U.S. Dept. of Energy	
Feasibility Studies, Final Quality Assurance Project Plan, AFP4. Preliminary Assessment/Site Inspection and Remedial Investigation/	8/31/90	U.S. Department of Energy	

Table 2.0-3. Reports Considered Relevant to AFP4 (Continued, Page 2 of 3)

Page 2 of 3

Title	Date	Author	ESE Reference
* Draft Decision Paper for Landfill No. 2 Site.	9/30/90	U.S. Department of Energy	
* Draft Decision Paper for Chrome Pit No. 1 Site.	9/30/90	U.S. Department of Energy	
* Draft Decision Paper for Chrome Pit No. 2 Site.	9/30/90	U.S. Department of Energy	
* Draft Decision Paper for Fire Department Training Area No. 4 Site.	9/30/90	U.S. Department of Energy	
* Preliminary Water Quality Monitoring Plan.		U.S. Department of Energy	
* IRP Stage 2, Site Characterization Report for Flightline Area, CAFB.	11/30/90		
* Prelimminary Assessment/Site Inspection and Remedial Investigations/ Feasibility Studies, Waste Management Plan, AFP4.		U.S.Department of Energy.	Yes
* Draft Final GW Quality Monitoring Report, 1/92, prepared for HQ Dept of AF, Aeronautical Systems Division, Wright-Patterson AFB, VOLs 1-5.	1/31/92	Chem-Nuclear Geotech, Inc.	
* Water Quality Data, 5/85-to 5/86.	8/15/86	Hargis & Associates	
* Water Quality Data, 5/86-5/87 App. A-C.	8/05/87	Hargis & Associates	
* Water Quality Data, 5/86-5/87 App. D-G.	8/31/87	Hargis & Associates	
* Final Work Draft Plan, Remedial Investigation & Feasibility Study (Text)	1/31/89	Hargis & Associates	
* Final Draft Work Plan, Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study,	1/31/89	Hargis & Associates	
App. C-I. * Final Draft Work Plan, Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study	1/31/89	Hargis & Associates	
(Figures).			
* Water Quality Data, 5/87-1/89, App. A.	4/20/89	Hargis & Associates	
* Water Quality Data, 5/87-1/89, App. B-G.	4/20/89	Hargis & Associates	
* Draft Annual Hydrologic Monitoring Plan.	7/19/89	Hargis & Associates	
* Summary of Interim Remedial Investigations, 1/87-4/89. Text, Tables, and Illustrations.	7/19/89	Hargis & Associates	
* Summary of Interim Remedial Investigations, 1/87-4/89. App. A-F.	7/19/89	Hargis & Associates	
* Summary of Interim Remedial Investigations, 1/87-4/89. App. G-L.	7/19/89	Hargis & Associates	
* Annual Hydrologic Monitoring Plan.	1/31/89	Hargis & Associates	
* Water Sampling Manual, Preliminary Draft.	7/27/89	Hargis & Associates	
* Collection and Analysis of Soil Samples. * GWRPT Leth RPTS ?	1/24/90 6/01/92	Versar, Inc.	
* Preliminary Assessment/Site Inspection and Remedial Investigations/	8/31/90	HLA U.S. Dept. of Energy	
<pre>Feasibility Studies, Final Sampling and Analysis Plan, AFP4. * Preliminary Assessment/Site Inspection and Remedial Investigations/ Feasibility Studies, Final Work Plan, AFP4.</pre>	8/31/90	U.S. Dept. of Energy	
* Coordination of IRP Efforts for CAFB and AFP4 (RE: Letter 14 Mar 84).	4/24/84	AFSC	
* Draft Final No Further Action Decision Document, Landfill No. 2, Site LP02.	9/30/91	Chem-Nuclear Geotech, Inc.	
* Draft Final No Further Action Decision Document, Chrome Pit No. 1, Site DP11.	9/30/91	Chem-Nuclear Geotech, Inc.	
* Draft Final No Further Action Decision Document, Chrome Pit No. 2, Site DP10	9/30/91	Chem-Nuclear Geotech, Inc.	
* Draft Final No Further Action Decision Document, Fire Department	9/30/91	Chem-Nuclear Geotech, Inc.	
Training Area No. 4, Site FT07.	9/30/92	Chem-Nuclear Geotech, Inc.	
* AFP4, Draft No Further Action Decision Document, West Compass Rose, IRP Site OT21.	9/30/92	Chem-Nuclear Geotech, Inc.	
* AFP4, Draft No Further Action Decision Document, Solvent Lines, IRP Site ST18.	9/30/92	Chem-Nuclear Geotech, Inc.	
* Investigation of Disposal/Cleanup Activities, Waste Disposal Project, West Parking Lot, AFP4, General Dynamics, Pt. Worth Division.	12/31/83	USEPA (Enforce. & Compliance)	
* TX State Board of Water Engineers, GW Resources of Ft. Worth & Area, TX.	9/30/42	W.O. George & N.A. Rose w/ USGS	
* Geology and Ground Water Resources of Tarrant County, Texas.	9/30/57	TX State Board of Water Enginee	rs
* Bulletin 6309, Reconnaissance Investigation of the Ground Water Resources of the Trinity River Basin, TX.	9/30/63	Texas Water Commission	
* Water-Level and Quality Data from Observation Wells in NE TX, Report 198		Texas Water Development Board.	
* Variations in Specific Yield in the Outcrop of the Carrizo Sand in South TX as Estimated by Seismic Refraction.	4/30/79	Texas Dept. of Water Resources	
* Texas Surface Water Quality Standards.	4/30/81	Texas Dept. of Water Resources	
* Occurrence, Availiability, and Chemical Quality of Ground Water in the	4/30/82	Texas Dept. of Water Resources	
Cretaceous Aquifers of North-Central Texas, Report 269.	• •	-	
* Occurrence, Availiability, and Chemical Quality of Ground Water in the Cretaceous Aquifers of North-Central Texas, Report 269.	7/31/82	Texas Dept. of Water Resources	
* Air Force Installation Restoration Program Management Guidance.	7/30/85	Dept. of the Air Force	

Source: ESE, 1994.

Table 2.0-3. Reports Considered Relevant to AFP4 (Continued, Page 3 of 3)

Page 3 of 3

Title	Date	Author	ESE Reference
* Water Resources Data, Texas 86.	1/31/86	USGS	_
* Water Resources Data, Texas 87.	1/31/87	USGS	
* Ground Water Conditions in Texas 1980-1985, Report 309.	10/31/88	Texas Water Development Board	
* Permanent Rule Change.	12/28/88	Texas Water Commission	
* Official TX Admin. Code, Title 31, Natural Resources and Conservation.	1/31/89	The State of Texas	
* Water Resources Data, Texas 89.	1/31/89	USGS	
* Official TX Admin. Code, Title 31, Natural Resources and Conservation, 1990-1991 Supplement, Amendments effective through April 1, 1990. * Index to Texas Water Well Drillers Board	1/31/90	The State of Texas	
* FEMA, Flood Insurance Study, Tarrant County, TX Unincorporated Areas.	8/04/87	Fed. Emergancy Management Agency	
* Geotech, Soil & Water Sample Analytical Data.	5/22/90	US Dept. of Energy	
* Certificate of Analysis.	5/29/90	ITT	
* Groundwater Remediation of Window Area -100% Design Package.	9/93	International Technology	Yes
* East Parking Lot, Installation of Groundwater System.	8/93	International Technology	Yes
* Draft Final Feasibitliy Study.	5/93	Chem Nuclear Geotech, Inc.	Yes
* Design Plan for Subsurface Barrier Wall at Landfill No. 3.	3/93	International Technology	Yes
* Groundwater Remediation of Window Area-50% Design Package.	3/93	International Technology	Yes
* Draft Contract Quality Control Plan Addendum, GW Remediation Window Area	10/92	International Technology	Yes
* Alternatives for East Plume Groundwater Remediation.	12/91	Tyndall AFB	Yes

Source: ESE, 1994.

Table 2.0-4. Reports Considered Relevant to CAFB

Page 1 of 2

Title	Date	Author	ESE Reference
* Installation Restoration Program Stage 2 Draft (9/87-9/88).		Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 Draft (9/87-9/88).		Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 Draft (9/87-9/88).		Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 Draft (9/87-9/88).		Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 Draft (9/87-9/88). * IRP Stage 2 Draft (9/87-9/88).		Radian Corporation Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 Draft (9/87-9/88).		Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 Draft (9/87-9/88).		Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 Draft (9/87-9/88).		Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 1 Phase II Conformation/Quantification Final Report.		Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 Draft Remedial Investigation Report for the Flightline Area.	5/01/91	Radian Corporation	
IRP Stage 2 Draft Feasibility Study for the Flightline Area.	5/01/91	Radian Corporation	
IRP Stage 2 Draft CAFB Remedial Investigation Report for the Flightline	5/01/91	Radian Corporation	
Area (App. H).			
IRP Stage 2 Draft CAFB Remedial Investigation for the East Area.	4/01/91	Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 Draft Feasiblity Study for the East Area.	5/01/91	Radian Corporation	Yes
* IRP Stage 2 Final Report CAFB App. H Remedial Investigation Report for	10/01/91	Radian Corporation	
the Flightline Area.			
* IRP Stage 2 CAFB Final Report Remedial Investigation Report for the	10/01/91	Radian Corporation	
East Area.			
* IRP Stage 2 CAFB Final Report Remedial Investigation for the Flightline	10/01/91	Radian Corporation	
Area.	10/01/06	Dedia Governatia	
* IRP Phase II - Conformation/Quantification Stage 1. App. A.		Radian Corporation	
* IRP Phase II - Conformation/Quantification Stage 1. App. B-L.		Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 1 Draft Report Weapons Storage Area Site WSA-1.		Radian Corporation Radian Corporation	
* Integrated IRP Phase II - Conformation/Quantification Stage 2 - Draft Work Plan.	11/01/6/	Radian Corporation	
* Integrated IRP Phase II - Conformation/Quantification Stage 2 - Quality Assurance Project Plan.	1/01/88	Radian Corporation	
* IRP Phase II - Conformation/Quantification Stage 2 CAFB Health and Safety Plan.	10/01/87	Radian Corporation	
* Integrated IRP Phase II - Conformation/Quantification Stage 2 Work Plan.	1/01/88	Radian Corporation	
* IRP Phase II - Conformation/Quantification Stage 2. Work Plan Addendum.	3/01/90	Radian Corporation	
\star IRP Stage 2 Site Characterization Report for the Flightline Area. Draft.	11/01/90	Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 CAFB Final Report. Feasibility Study for the East Area.	10/01/91	Radian Corporation	
* IRP Stage 2 CAFB Final Report. Feasibility Study for the Flightline Area	.10/01/91	Radian Corporation	Yes
* IRP RI/FS Site 13 Draft Decision Paper.	10/01/88	Radian Corporation	
* Environmental Compliance Assessment and Management Program. Draft Final	4/01/90	Science & Engineering Assoc.	
Environmental Evaluation Report.		- 13 T T T	
* An Inventory of the Woody Plants at CAFB.	* *** ***	David L. Morgan, Phd	
* Preliminary Report. Environmental Compliance Assessment and Management	6/05/92	Argonne National Laboratories	
Program. * Sample Results (From various CAFB sites and sources).	1/01/92	Compiled by Carswell	
•	1/01/92	Compiled by Carswell	
* Sample results from Spills (From various CAFB sites and sources). * Final. RCRA Permit, Part B Permit Application DRMO - Carswell. I through VIII and App. A - K.		Hazardous Materials Tech. Center	:
* Final. RCRA Permit, Part B Permit Application DRMO - Carswell. App. L-M.	8/14/87	Hazardous Materials Tech. Center	
* CAFB RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. Work Plan SWMU No.62 Landfill No. 6.	4/07/92	USACE Ft. Worth Dist.	
* CAFB RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. Investigation/Remediation Plans.	1/31/91	USACE Ft. Worth Dist.	Yes
SWMU# 16, 32, 35, 36, 61.	_,,		
* CAFB RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. Preliminary Remedial Action Plans. SWMUs 16, 22, 23, 24, 32, 35, 36, 61, 68.	9/09/91	USACE Ft. Worth Dist.	Yes
* CAFB RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. Work Plan. SWMU No. 62. Landfill No. * CAFB RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. Work Plan. SWMU No. 64. French	610/07/91 10/07/91		
Underdrain System. SWMU No. 67. Bldg. 1340 - Oil Water Seperator. * CAFB RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. Request for Dismissal. SWMU No. 18,	7/25/91	USACE Ft. Worth Dist.	
Fire Department Training Area No.1 SWMU No. 63, Entomology Dry Well. * CAFB RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. Draft Investigation/Remediation Report. Removal of Buried Drums and UST. SWMU No. 24, Waste Burial Area.	1/31/91	USACE Ft. Worth Dist.	Yes
* CAFB RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. RCRA Facility. Investigation/ Remediation Plan. Removal of Buried Drums and UST. SWMU No. 24, Waste	5/07/91	USACE Ft. Worth Dist.	
Burial Area. * CAFB RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. RFI Work Plans. East area remedial	5/07/91	Radian Corporation	
investigation. Weapons Storage Area. Other (Non-IRP) Site Investigations. * CAFB RCRA Permit, Part B # HW50289. RFI Work Plans. Flightline Area Site Characterization. Flightline Area Feasibility Study.		Radian Corporation	
characterization. Trightrine Area readibility Study.			

Table 2.0-4. Reports Considered Relevant to CAFB (Continued, Page 2 of 2)

Page 2 of 2

Title	Date	Author	ESE Reference
* IRP Final Report. Weapons Storage Area, Site WSA-1.	5/01/89	Radian Corporation	
IRP RI/FS Study. Draft Decision Paper.	10/05/89	Radian Corporation	
DPM and IRP Guidance. (DPM Scoring for IRP Sites at CAFB).		•	
* Comprehensive Plan. CAFB Final Submittal.	5/01/86	Pierce Goodwin Alexander	
Air Combat Command. Environmental Symposium. Administrative Record. Resource Materials 1-5. Seminal/Class Handout for Administrative Record.	5/05/93	Labat-Anderson, Inc.	
Programming Documents. IRP (Planning, Programming, Budget Plans by Site.)	7/08/92		
Air Force Disposal Agency. Basic Closure Account. Environmental Programming and Funds Management Guidance.	1/01/93		
* IRP Management Book. (IRP Guidance Document, DERA Eligibility).	7/01/88		
Programming Guidance, IRP Cost Est., IRP Project Managers Guide. (Draft)	,,01,00		
Revised Hazard Ranking Sytem. (Cross Reference to Fed. Reg. Vol. 55).	1/14/92		
* Test Plan and Technical Protocol for a Field Treatability Test for	5/01/92	Env. Service Off. AF Center	
Bioventing.	0,02,02	and believed the in deniete	
* USAF IRP Project Team Training Guide. Job Requirements, Recommended Curricula, and availiable Resources. (Draft)	2/01/93		
USAF IRP NFRAP Guide. Making, Documenting, and Evaluating No Further Response Action Planned Decisions. Final Draft.	2/01/93		
Remedial Technology Design Performance and Cost Study. (Assembly of design cost, and performance info. for 8 frequently applied remedial technologies - air stripping, bioremediation, etc).	7/01/92	Env. Service Off. AF Center	
* BioRemediation Fundamentals and Effective Applications Proceedings. 3rd annual Symposium. Gulf Coast Hazardous Substance Research Center.	2/22/92		
IRP Remedial Project Managers Guide. Air Combat Command. Environmental Quality 1993.	11/01/92		
* USAF Environmental Restoration. Contracting Strategies Analysis.	1/01/92		
(Compendium of contracting strategies).	1/01/32		
Subsurface Contamination Assessment. White House Communications Building 1337.	4/18/90	Maxim Engineers, Inc.	
IRP Records Search for CAFB.	2/01/94	CH2M Hill, Gainesville, FL	
RCRA Facility Assessment. PR VSI Report. CAFB EPA I.D. TXD571924042. Well Completion 1990 (Compilation of Monitoring Well/Boring Logs).	3/01/89	A.T. Kerney, Inc.	
* IRP Site 12 FinalReport. 90% Plans & Specifications for the Remediation of the Fire Department Training Area 2, IRP Site 12.	6/01/91	Radian Corporation	Yes
* IRP Site 13 Draft Report-May 91. 90% Plans & Specifications for the Remediation of the Flightline Drainage Ditch. IRP Site 13.	5/01/91	Radian Corporation	
POL Tank Farm. 9 Pt. Letter (Info. sent to TWC regarding POL tank farm). Decision Documents and No Further Action. (Compilation of IRP RI/FS Decision Papers) Site13, Flightline DitchDP, WSA, Base Service Sta., Site 12, Site 11, Ent., etc.		Radian Corporation	Yes
RFI Work Plan.	3/07/91	CAFB	
Phase II Report. Groundwater Sampling & Subsurface Soil Delineation.	12/01/93		
POTW Discharge Permit.	10/93	International Technology Corp.	Yes
Management Action Plan.	3/93	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	Yes
90% Design Cost Estimates - Site SD10.	6/91	Radian Corporation	Yes
90% Plans and Specifications - Site SD10.	6/91	Radian Corporation	Yes
90% Design Cost Estimate - Site 12.	6/91	Radian Corporation	Yes
Summary of Permit Sites.	5/91	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	Yes

Source: ESE, 1994

3.0 SUMMARY OF REMEDIATION PROJECTS

The literature review revealed a total of 16 remediation projects either completed, in the remedial action phase, or in advanced phases of planning or design. Ten of these projects are located at AFP4 and are listed in the following:

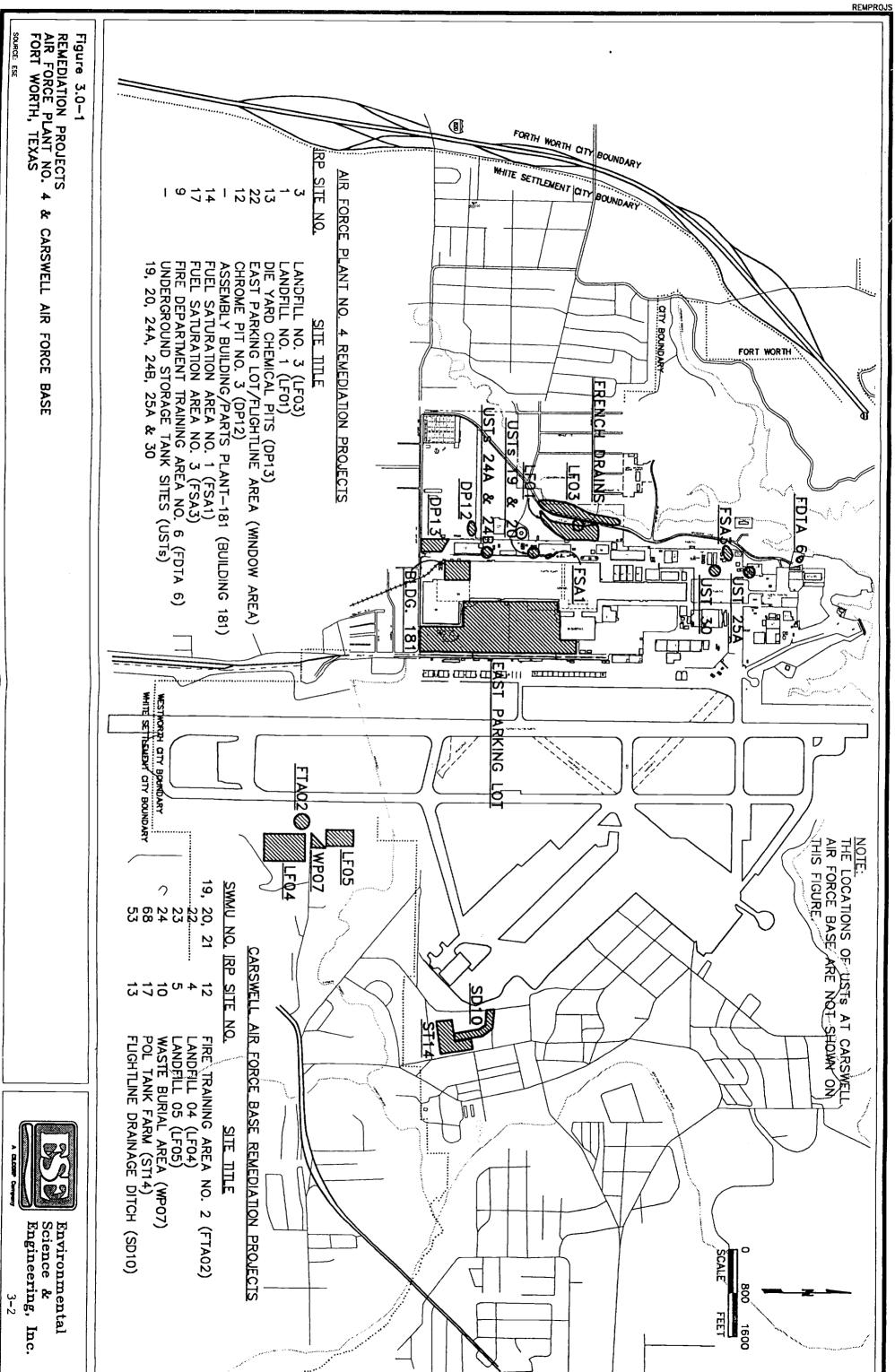
- 1. Landfill No. 1,
- 2. Fire Department Training Area No. 6,
- 3. Chrome Pit No. 3,
- 4. Die Yard Chemical Pits,
- 5. Fuel Saturation Area No. 1,
- 6. Fuel Saturation Area No. 3,
- 7. Landfill No. 3,
- 8. East Parking Lot Plume (Window Area), and
- 9. Assembly Building/Parts Plant 181, and
- 10. USTs.

The remaining six projects are located at CAFB:

- 1. Landfills No. 4 and 5,
- 2. Waste Burial Area,
- 3. POL Tank Farm.
- 4. Flightline Drainage Ditch,
- 5. Fire Training Area No. 2, and
- 6. USTs.

The location of each remediation project is depicted in Figure 3.0-1; project descriptions are presented in the following sections.

The following sections are formatted to briefly describe the remediation site and project, summarize all reports deemed pertinent to the Task 2 objectives, and address the requirements for the Task 2 SOW.



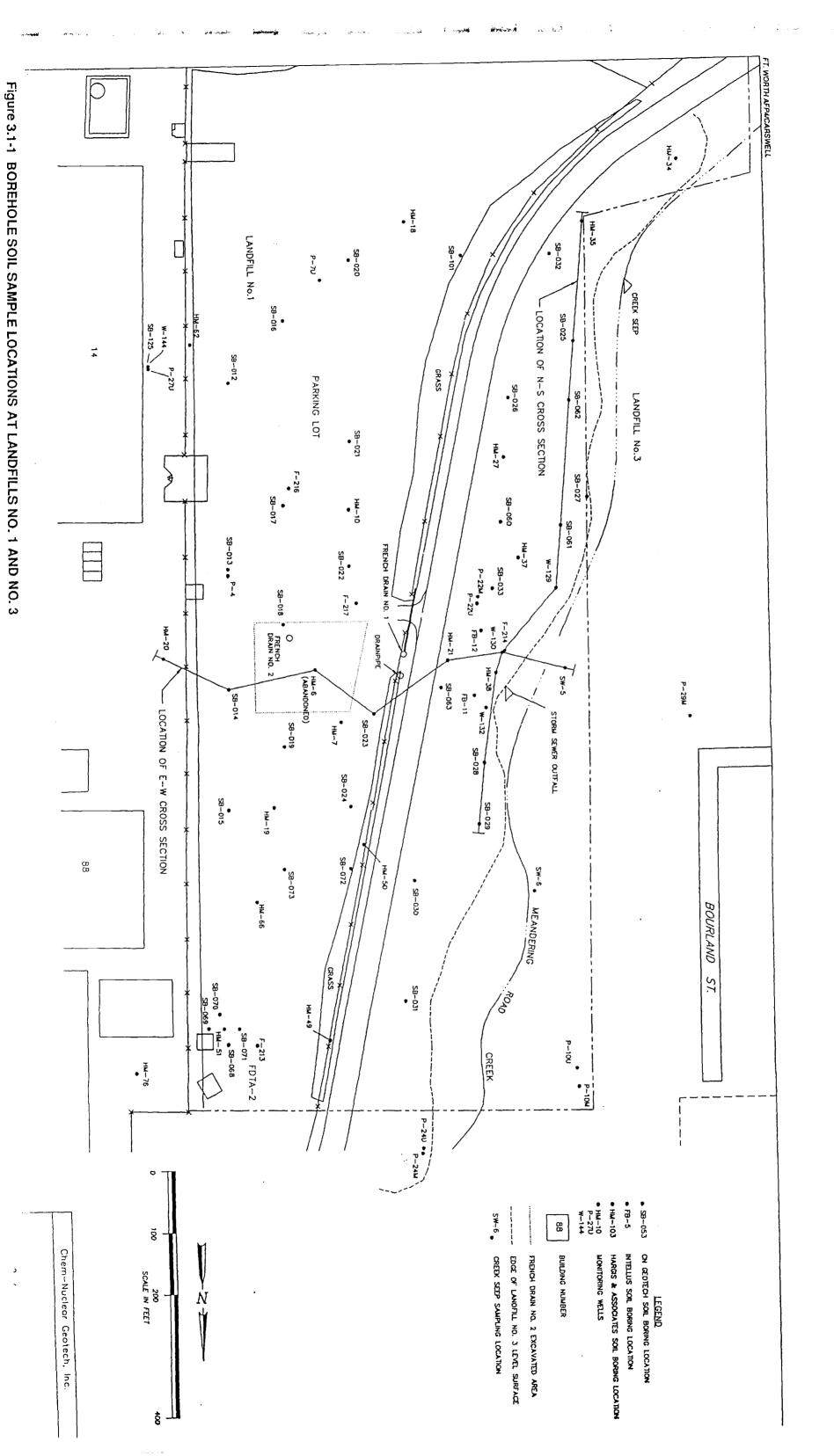
3.1 LF01

LF01 (Figure 3.1-1) was used for disposal of much of the facility's wastes from 1942 until about 1966. Materials disposed of at LF01 include drums of unspecified liquid wastes, solvents, thinners, paint wastes, burned oils and fuels, rubble, plaster, and lumber. Suspected waste includes magnesium waste, chromate sludges, and cyanide. The primary site in this area is referred to as the waste oil pits.

In September 1982, the Fort Worth Water Department was anonymously notified of odors coming from a stormwater outfall adjacent to the west property boundary of AFP4. Groundwater was apparently seeping into the joints of a buried 36-inch stormwater drainage pipe that connected two stormwater inlets and ultimately discharged into Meandering Road Creek. This buried pipe, which has been referred to as the Stormwater No. 5 (St. 5) outfall, runs parallel to the western boundary of the parking lot, between the lot and Meandering Road (CH2M Hill, 1984). Analyses of water samples subsequently collected from the outfall identified several contaminants, the most prevalent of which was TCE. GD personnel concluded that the immediate suspected contamination source was infiltration from beneath the West Parking Lot.

To prevent further infiltration into the St. 5 outfall system, GD installed a french drain system (French Drain No. 1) in November 1982. The system consists of a 90-foot (ft) length of perforated 4-inch drain pipe placed on bedrock east of the St. 5 outfall. During excavation, two 6-inch perforated pipes were also uncovered. These pipes were apparently installed in 1967 before the parking lot was graded for paving. The 6-inch pipes were also connected to the system.

In 1983, additional remedial actions were conducted near the site of French Drain No. 1, within the area of LF01. Because the main source of residual contamination was suspected to be the former waste oil pits, an area beneath the West Parking Lot was excavated to bedrock. Six 24-inch drainlines (French



Drain No. 2) were placed in the bottom of this pit and connected to a collector box (CH2M Hill, 1984). Prior to December 1984, French Drain No. 1 was evacuated daily using a vacuum truck to reduce the amount of groundwater infiltration into the St. 5 outfall. Evacuated water was initially deep well injected, then incinerated.

A submersible electric pump in French Drain No. 2 was activated on December 20, 1984, and diversion of groundwater to the cooling tower and sanitary sewer was begun. In May 1990, the disposal options for groundwater collected in French Drains No. 1 and No. 2 were no longer available. The drains remained inactive until October 1992, at which time recovered groundwater treatment was resumed at FSA-1. Water from the underdrain systems continues to be treated at FSA-1.

3.1.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR LF01

The following four reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. Final Feasibility Study (RUST Geotech, 1993);
- 2. Specifications for Waste Disposal--West Parking Lot (GD, 1983);
- Assessment of French Drain Pumpage (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1985); and
- 4. Engineering Report, Remedial Action for Fuel Saturation Areas No. 1 and 3 and Treating Leachate from French Drain No. 1 (HDR, 1988).

Detailed summaries of each of these reports, as they pertain to LF01, are presented in Appendix A. The following is a brief description of the reports.

Specifications for Waste Disposal--West Parking Lot (GD, 1983)

This report is a bid document that details the formal bid process pertaining to the excavation and offsite disposal of the contaminated soil from the West Parking Lot and specifically addresses job description, quality assurance, job conditions, and earthwork.

The report also specifies the following qualifications for the contractors: the contractor shall be a specialist in the field of contaminated waste handling and disposal and shall have the personnel, skill, and organization to provide efficient and effective completion of the work. Also, the contractor's responsibility shall include scheduling and coordinating all work with a minimum of delay. The specified work to be done consists of the furnishing of all labor, supervision, materials (unless specified as owner-furnished), equipment, tools, appliances, and services necessary for the work.

Assessment of French Drain Pumpage (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1985)

In this report, changes in the groundwater chemical quality in response to groundwater pumpage from the french drains was assessed in the vicinity of West Parking Lot. Changes in groundwater chemical quality were detected as a result of groundwater pumpage from the french drains. In general, the concentrations of TCE and 1,2-dichloroethene (1,2-DCE) have decreased due to groundwater pumpage. However, no clear relationship was established between groundwater pumpage and the groundwater chemical quality.

Engineering Report, Remedial Action for Fuel Saturation Areas No. 1 and 3 and Treating Leachate from French Drain No. 1 (HDR, 1988)

An engineering report was prepared and interim remedial actions were developed for FSA-1, FSA-3, and French Drain No. 1. The remedial actions were divided into recovery and treatment systems, and five alternatives were evaluated for technical feasibility and cost effectiveness for each system. Because the only portion of the report pertinent to LF01 is treatment of water from French Drain No. 1, only those alternatives considered for water treatment will be discussed here. A more complete report description can be found in Appendix A.

The alternatives evaluated for the treatment system include the following:

- 1. Alternative 1A--centralized treatment system using air stripping followed by liquid and vapor-phase granular activated carbon (GAC);
- 2. Alternative 1B--centralized treatment system using liquid-phase carbon;
- 3. Alternative 2--trucking versus pumping of groundwater to the centralized treatment system;
- 4. Alternative 3--localized treatment systems at FSA-1 (for groundwater from FSA-1 and French Drain No. 1) and FSA-3; and
- 5. Alternative 4--option 1B, including onsite regeneration of activated carbon.

Alternative 1B was selected for the treatment system alternative evaluation.

Alternative 1B consisted of the following treatment components:

- 1. Gravity separators to separate the recovered free-product from groundwater at FSA-1, FSA-3, and French Drain No. 1;
- 2. Equalization tanks to store the recovered free-product and the separated groundwater; and
- 3. Two 10,000-pound (lb) GAC units to treat the separated groundwater.

The treatment system was designed based on a 20 gallons per minute (gpm) influent rate at a cost of \$1,360,000 for a total of 3 years. The process and instrumentation diagram for the treatment system is presented in Figure 3.1-2.

Final Feasibility Study (RUST Geotech, 1993)

An FS was prepared in 1993 for sites at AFP4. In the FS, remedial response objectives were identified for each contaminated site (by media). Technologies were identified and screened, assembled into remediation alternatives, and evaluated against seven criteria.

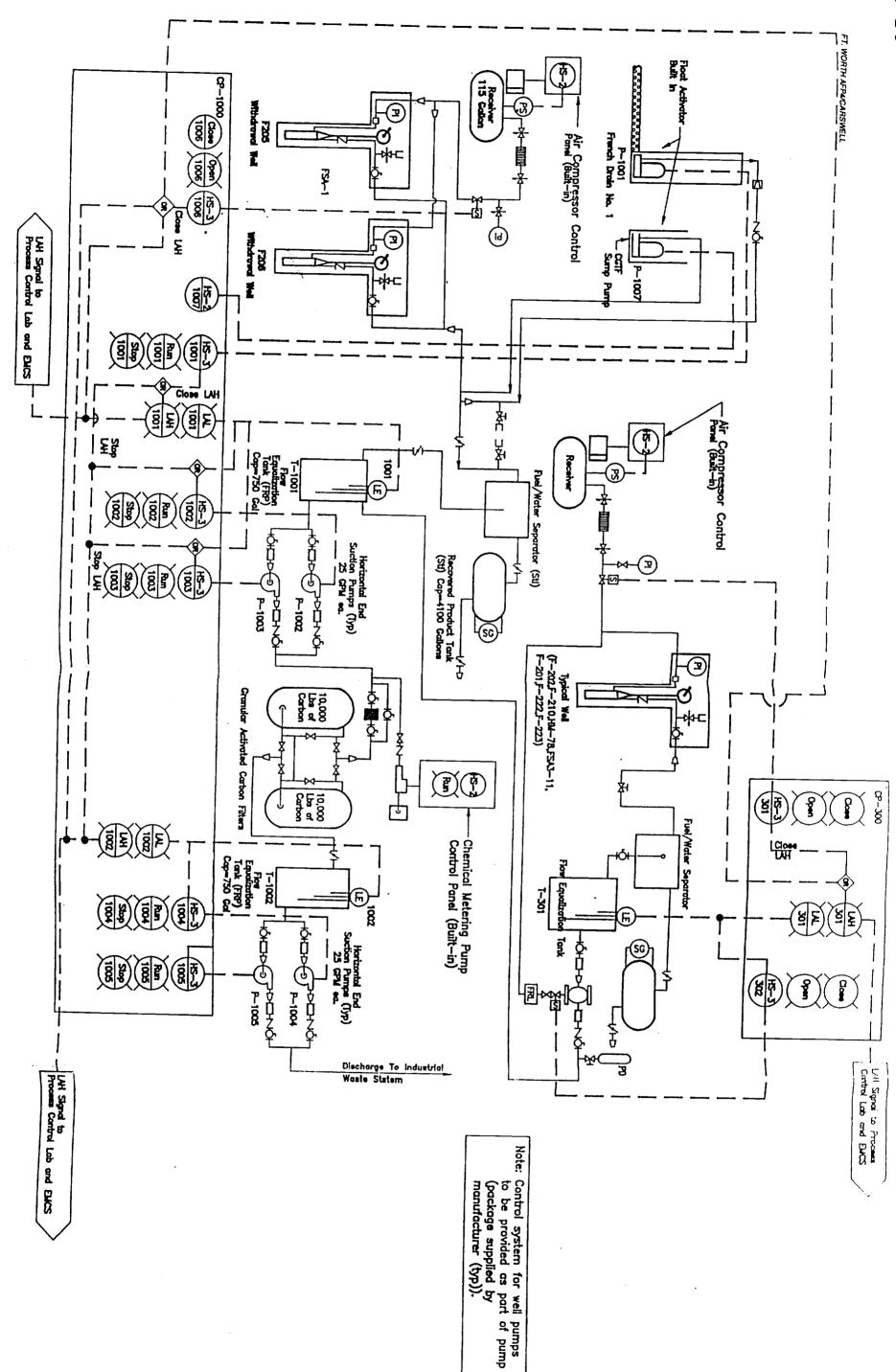


Figure 3.1-2 PROCESS AND INSTRUMENTATION DIAGRAM

The remedial response objective for contaminated groundwater is to prevent human exposure to TCE and dichloroethene (DCE) in concentrations exceeding preliminary remedial goals (PRGs). Soil remediation is not recommended at this site.

Applicable remedial technologies for groundwater were identified and screened based on technical implementability and effectiveness. Effectiveness was based on (1) the potential effectiveness of process options in handling the estimated volumes of media and satisfying the identified remedial action objectives, and (2) the proven reliability of the process with respect to the contaminants at AFP4.

The following four alternatives were developed for groundwater:

- 1. No action,
- 2. Physical treatment (air stripping),
- 3. Chemical treatment [ultraviolet (UV) light and oxidation], and
- 4. Biological treatment (aboveground bioreactors).

The assembled alternatives were then evaluated in detail against the following nine evaluation criteria:

- Overall protection of human health and the environment;
- Compliance with applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements (ARARs);
- Long-term effectiveness;
- Reduction of toxicity, mobility, and volume (TMV);
- Implementability;
- Short-term effectiveness;
- Cost;
- State acceptance; and
- Community acceptance.

Final recommendations for a preferred alternative were not presented in the report.

3.1.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The objective of the interim remedial actions was to excavate and remove approximately 10,700 yd³ of Class I Hazardous Industrial Waste from the West Parking Lot of AFP4. The objective of the installation of French Drain Nos. 1 and 2 was to collect leachate from the West Parking Lot area. The long-term remedial action objectives for LF01 are to remediate contaminated soils and groundwater to levels below PRGs.

3.1.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

Approximately 11,000 yd³ of contaminated soils were removed from the West Parking Lot and transported to an offsite disposal facility in 1983 as part of an interim remedial action. No information pertaining to actual remedial activities conducted was identified in the records reviewed.

Two french drains were installed in the excavation created as part of the waste disposal project. French Drain Nos. 1 and 2 were placed to a depth of approximately 5 ft and 30 ft, respectively. Water is being successfully collected from these drains. The water collected by French Drain Nos. 1 and 2 is being treated at the groundwater treatment system for FSA-1. The system consists of an oil/water separator, a low-profile air stripper, and two 10,000-lb carbon adsorption units.

Flow records maintained since 1988 estimate approximately 376,000 gallons (gal) of water have been collected from French Drain No. 1. An estimated 31,700,000 gal of water have been recovered from French Drain No. 2 since 1984 (Lockheed, 1994).

The literature review indicated that no remedial efforts beyond those summarized from the FS in Section 3.1.1 have been conducted.

3.1.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

No data were developed as a result of the excavation and removal of contaminated soils to an offsite disposal facility. Remedial alternatives were identified and evaluated as part of the FS.

The changes in groundwater quality due to pumpage from the french drains at the West Parking Lot were assessed.

3.1.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

No information pertaining to recommendations for additional studies or remediation was identified during the records review.

3.1.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

Based on review of the file material, no additional projects resulted from this project.

3.1.7 PROJECT STATUS

The interim remedial action was completed in 1983. No further soil remediation has been performed at the site. Alternatives described in the 1993 FS for LF01 have not been implemented to date.

The french drains are currently in operation. The water collected by French Drain Nos. 1 and 2 is being treated at the groundwater treatment system for FSA-1. The design capacity for FSA-1, which also treats groundwater from two groundwater extraction wells at FSA-1, is 70 gpm. Lockheed is planning to install flow measurement devices to accurately monitor flow from the french drains.

3.1.8 SCHEDULE

The Management Action Plan (MAP) projects that a Proposed Plan for this site will be completed in November 1993 and a Record of Decision (ROD) will be completed in June 1994. No information updating the schedule for the 1992 MAP was present in the project files.

3.1.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS No data from this project are in IRPIMS.

3.1.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS None were observed.

3.2 FDTA 6

FDTA 6 was the primary fire department training area at AFP4 from the late 1950s to 1980 (CH2M Hill, 1984). It was located on the northwestern side of AFP4 adjacent to Meandering Road and Lake Worth (Figure 3.2-1). FDTA 6 consisted of a 50-ft-diameter gravel-lined ring that was approximately 2 ft deep and surrounded by an earthen berm (Hargis & Montgomery, 1983). The training area was used from the late 1950s to 1980 for periodic training exercises that used approximately 250 gal of waste fuels and oils per exercise. Before 1970, training exercises were conducted twice a year; after 1970, exercises were conducted at monthly intervals (Radian, 1987). The IRP Phase I investigations (CH2M Hill, 1984) indicated that unknown quantities of fuels and oils were likely deposited in FDTA 6 between training exercises.

Interim remedial action was performed at FDTA 6 in 1982 and 1983 when oiland fuel-contaminated soils were removed and hauled to an approved hazardous waste landfill. Although most of the contamination may have been removed, there were insufficient data to verify that remaining contaminants did not pose a potential risk to the environment or human health.

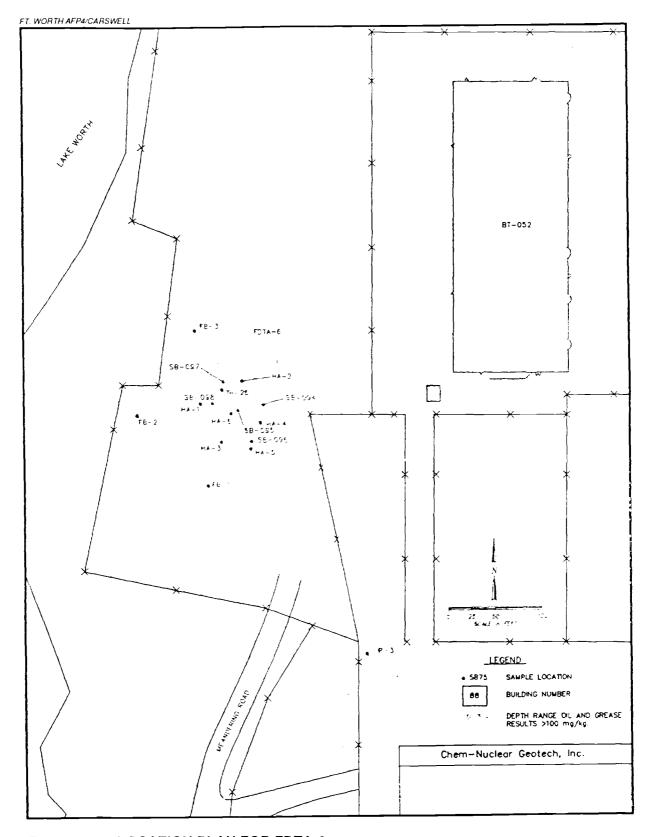


Figure 3.2-1 LOCATION PLAN FOR FDTA-6

Analytical results of previous investigations indicate that the soils around FDTA 6 are contaminated with VOCs, semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), fuel hydrocarbons, and oil and grease.

3.2.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR FDTA 6

Two reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. MAP for AFP4, 1992; and
- 2. Final Feasibility Study (RUST Geotech, 1993).

Detailed summaries of each of these reports are presented in Appendix A. The following is a brief description of the reports, as they pertain to FDTA 6.

MAP 1993

This report notes that an interim removal of an unknown volume of soils was completed in 1982 and 1983. This action removed only a portion of the potential source. No reports were identified which detail the remedial effort.

Final Feasibility Study (RUST Geotech, 1993)

This report states that site remediation would require removing an estimated 170 yd³ of contaminated material. The volume of soils to be remediated is based on Figure 3.2-2.

3.2.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The objective of the interim removal action conducted in 1982 and 1983 was to eliminate the contaminant source. The objective of the pending remediation to be performed in the area is to remove an additional 170 yd³ of contaminated soils.

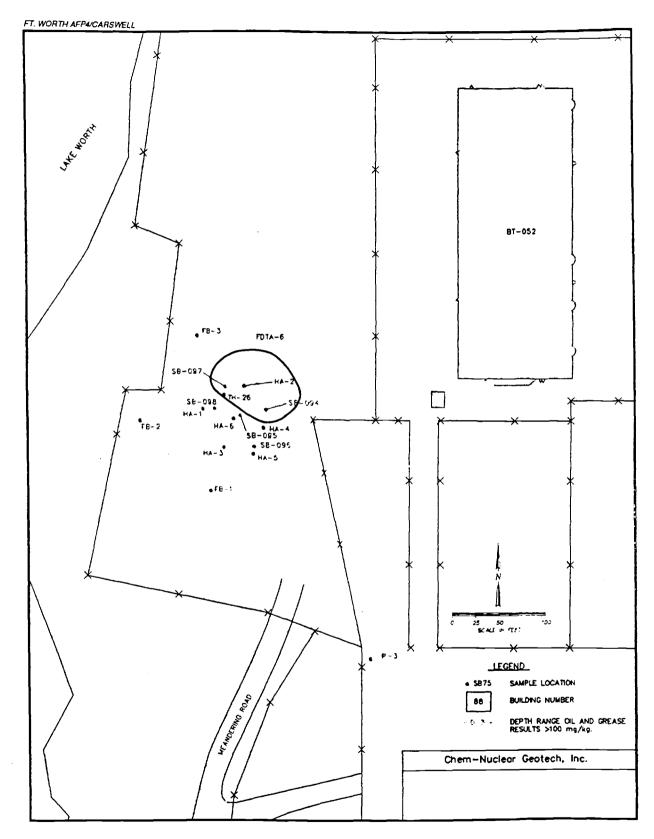


Figure 3.2-2 EXTENT OF TOLUENE AND OIL AND GREASE DETECTED AT FDTA-6

3.2.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

An unspecified volume of soils was removed in 1982 and 1983. The removal action did not remove all contaminated soils at the area.

3.2.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

Investigative activities following completion of the interim remedial actions indicated that removing an additional 170 yd³ of contaminated soils is necessary.

3.2.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

An additional 170 yd³ of contaminated soils still need to be remediated at FDTA 6.

3.2.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

A project involving removal of approximately 170 yd³ of soils is specified.

3.2.7 PROJECT STATUS

The interim remedial action is complete. No information pertaining to the status of the future remedial action at the site was available in the file material.

3.2.8 SCHEDULE

The interim remedial actions were completed in 1983. The schedule of further remediation at FDTA 6 is unknown. The MAP projects that a ROD for the site will be completed in June 1994; no schedule for the Proposed Plan is identified in the MAP. Information updating the schedule for the 1992 MAP was not present in the project files.

3.2.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this project are in IRPIMS.

3.2.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

The May 1993 FS for AFP4 specifies that remediation of an estimated 170 yd³ of contaminated soils from FDTA 6 is required. However, the FS did not recommend remedial actions for soils at this site.

3.3 CHROME PIT NO. 3 (DP12)

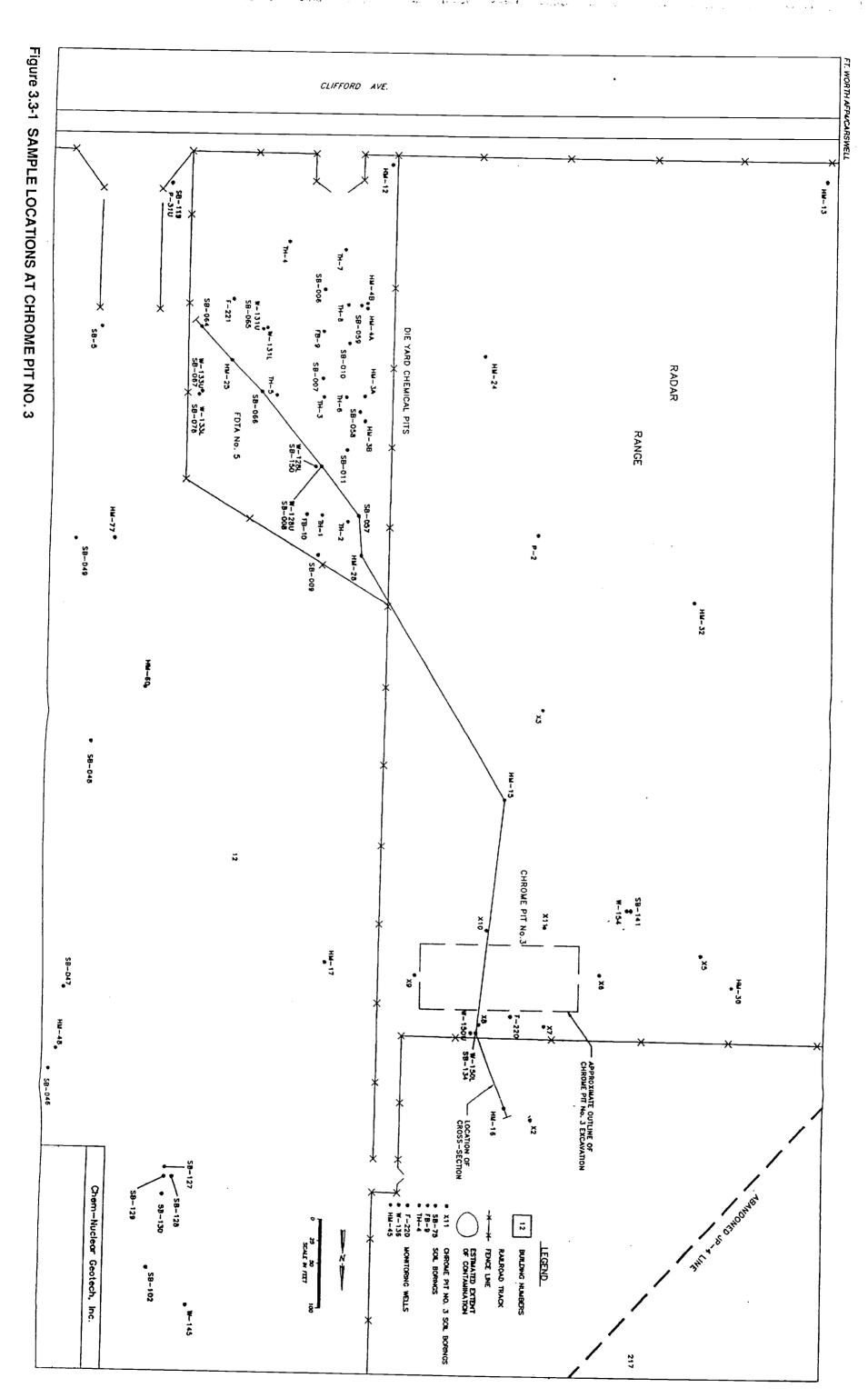
DP12, located on the Radar Range west of Facilities Building No. 12 (Figure 3.3-1), was used for the disposal of chromate, barium-chromate sludge, dilute metal solutions, and drums of unidentified liquids from 1957 to 1973. The pit measured 66 by 165 by 15 ft deep (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1985). From December 1983 through January 1984, approximately 8,900 yd³ of contaminated soils were excavated and removed from the chrome pit as an interim remedial action. The approximate outline of the excavation is illustrated in Figure 3.3-1. Analytical results of samples collected during the excavation indicated that the greatest concentrations of contaminants were removed (CH2M Hill, 1984). However, some contaminants may remain in the soils and groundwater adjacent to the excavated portion of the pit. Additional soil sampling below the excavation is necessary to determine if contamination is still present.

3.3.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR DP12

Two reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. MAP for AFP4 1992; and
- 2. Final Feasibility Study (RUST Geotech, 1993).

Detailed summaries of each of these reports are presented in Appendix A. The following is a brief description of the reports, as they pertain to DP12:



MAP 1993

The MAP specifies that an interim soils removal action involving 8,900 yd³ of contaminated soil was performed in 1983 and 1984 to eliminate a contaminant source. Additional sampling below the excavation is necessary to verify if additional contamination is present.

Final Feasibility Study (RUST Geotech, 1993)

The 1993 FS summarizes contamination at DP12 and recommends additional sampling below the excavation to determine if contamination is present. DP12 was not considered a site which warranted remedial action. No constituents present at DP13 exceeded PRG levels defined in the risk assessment (RA).

3.3.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The objective of the interim soils removal action in 1983 and 1984 was to eliminate a contamination source.

3.3.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

The interim removal action performed in 1983 and 1984 removed contaminated soils to levels below those which would warrant remedial action.

3.3.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

No data were developed as a result of the interim remedial action.

3.3.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

The 1993 FS recommends additional soil sampling be performed below the 1983 and 1984 excavation to determine if contamination is present.

3.3.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

No additional projects have resulted from the interim remedial action conducted in 1983 and 1984 or the 1993 FS.

3.3.7 PROJECT STATUS

The 1983 and 1984 interim remedial action has been completed. The status of further sampling at DP12 was not documented in the project files.

3.3.8 SCHEDULE

The 1983 and 1984 interim remedial action has been completed. The schedule of further sampling at DP12 is unknown. The MAP projects that a Proposed Plan for this site will be completed in November 1993 and a ROD will be completed in June 1994. No information which updated the schedule for the 1992 MAP was present in the project files. Because DP12 was not a site which was considered to warrant remedial action, decision documents for this site may not be necessary.

3.3.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS No data from this project are in IRPIMS.

3.3.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS
None observed.

3.4 <u>DP13 (THE DIE YARD ZONE)</u>

DP13 is the concrete paved area located south of Warehouse No. 1 and north of Clifford Avenue. The area has most recently been used for storage of casting molds. Two specific contamination sources, DP13 and the Fire Department Training Area No. 5 (FDTA 5), are located in the Die Yard Zone. Figure 3.4-1 shows the Die Yard Zone Location Plan. Tables 3.4-1 and 3.4-2 present the contamination in soils and groundwater, respectively, at the Die Yard Zone. Soil and groundwater alternatives were defined and evaluated to relate the respective solutions for soil and groundwater management.

18 may 18 may 19 may 19

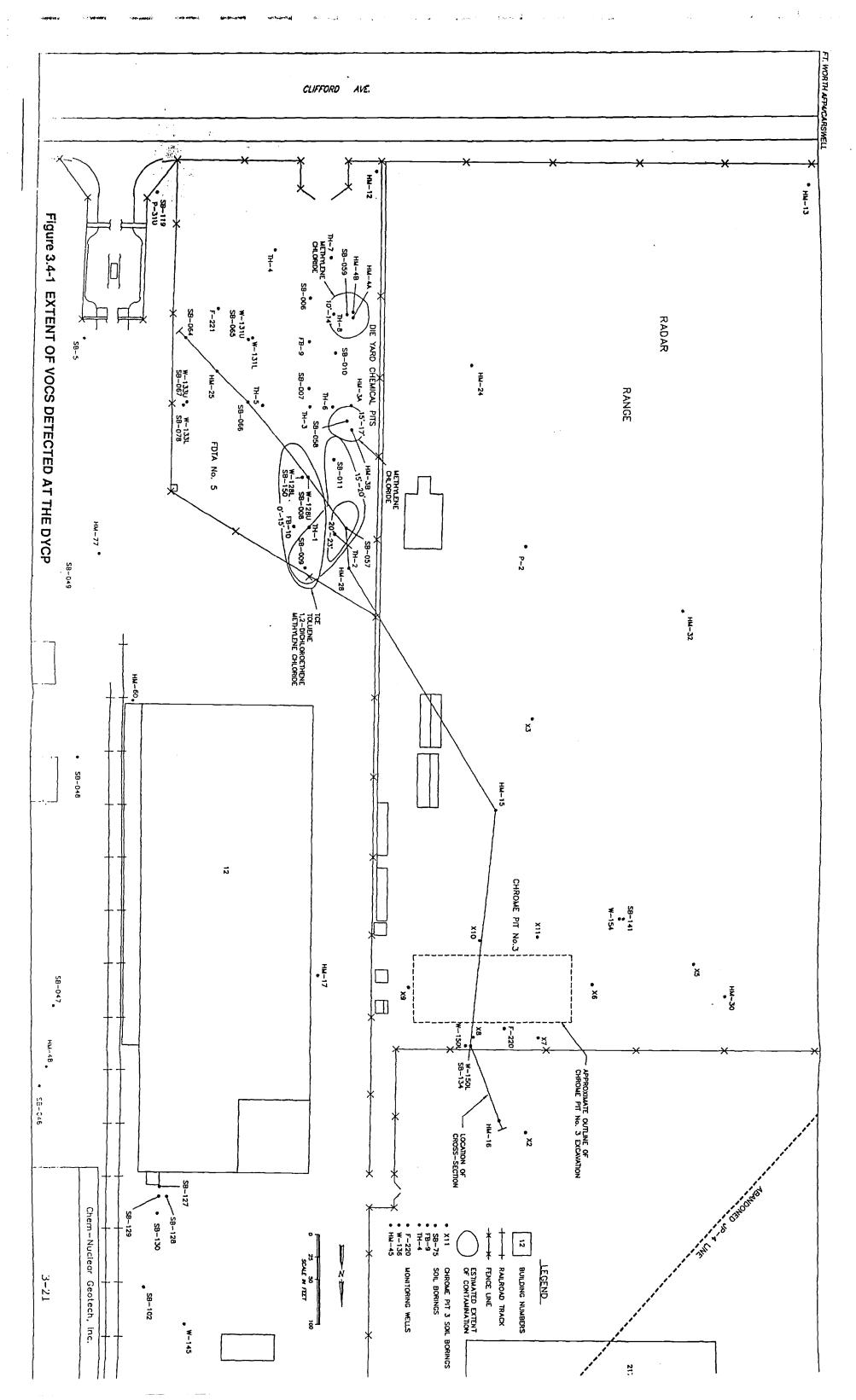


Table 3.4-1. Summary Chemical Analyses of Soil Samples for Metals

	DIE YARD PITS	PITS	DIE YARD PITS	PITS	FDTA 5		BACKGROUND LEVELS
Metal Con- stituents (ppb)	Sample Number: FB-9 FB- 7-7.5' 13-	mber: FB-9 13-13.5'	Sample Nu FB-10 8-8.5'	Number: FB-10 11-11.5'	Sample Nu F-221 3-3.5'	Number: F-221 7-7.5'	(wdd)
Alumium Antimony Arsenic Barium Cadmium Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Iron Lead Magnesium Manganese Molybdenum Nickel Potassium Selenium Silica Silica Silver Sodium	8000 ND ND 48 ND 260000 8.0 ND 9700 ND 2500 2500 2500 14 7.4 880 ND 160 ND	11000 ND A9 ND 140000 8.5 ND 9500 ND 240 22 8.0 1300 ND 220 ND 220 ND 240 220 ND 240 220 ND 270 ND	13000 ND ND 39 ND ND 240000 11 ND ND ND 11000 ND 3500 210 25 9.7 1800 ND 370 ND 370 ND	15000 ND %7 ND 200000 12 ND 13000 13000 13000 13000 13000 13000 13000 13000 13000 13000 13000	13000 ND ND 58 ND 180000 10000 ND ND 2300 23 8.6 1400 ND 470 ND	14000 ND A6 ND 46 ND 190000 9.9 ND 2600 1500 ND 260 1500 ND 260 88	Common 0.25-0.6 ppm 0.1-69 ppm 20-3,000 ppm 1-15 ppm 0.0-3.0 ppm Common 5-1,000 ppm 1-1,000 ppm 1-1,000 ppm 2-200 ppm Common 7-3,000 ppm Common 7-3,000 ppm Common 0.8-30 ppm Common 0.9-0.09 ppm Common 1-3,500 ppm Common 1-3,500 ppm
Vanadium Zinc	22 15	16 18	22 21	23 29	20	21	

ND = Not Detected

Sources: Intellus, 1987; ESE.

Table 3.4-2. Variation of Volatile Organic Compound Concentrations in Groundwater Over Time at Monitor Wells HM-24, HM-25, and HM-28

Figure No.	Compound	Monitoring Well No.
A.1	Chloroform	HM-24
A.2	Dichloropropane	HM-24
A.3	Methylene Chloride	HM-24
A.4	Trichloroethylene	HM-24
A.5	Benzene	HM-25
A.6	Chlorobenzene	HM-25
A.7	Ethyl-Benzene	HM-25
8.A	Toulene	HM-25
A.9	1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene	HM-25
A.10	Chloroform	HM-28
A.11	1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene	HM-28
A.12	Trichloroethylene	HM-28

Sources: Intellus, 1987; ESE.

3.4.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR DP13

Three reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. MAP for AFP4 1992,
- 2. Draft Construction Site Assessment Report for the Die Yard Zone (Intellus, 1987), and
- 3. Final Feasibility Study (RUST Geotech, 1993).

Summaries of each of these reports are presented in Appendix A. The following is a brief description of the reports, as they pertain to DP13.

MAP, 1992

This report states that an interim soils removal action was performed at DP13 in 1984. The purpose of the action was to eliminate a contaminant source. The interim remedial action involved removal of 1,100 yd³ of contaminated soils. An additional 4,990 yd³ of contaminated soils are specified for removal.

Draft Construction Site Assessment Report for the Die Yard Zone (Intellus, 1987)
The purpose of this report was to propose a comprehensive solution for groundwater and soil management at the Die Yard Zone during the Waste
Treatment Facility and Hazardous Material Storage Building construction at
AFP4. The report addressed the following project objectives:

- Evaluate the potential impact of construction on the Die Yard Zone
 Terrace Deposits groundwater movement and propose control
 measures, as necessary, to mediate potential undesirable impacts;
- 2. Evaluate the potential need for construction dewatering and propose control measures, as necessary, to accomplish this task and determine methods, as necessary, to treat the potentially contaminated groundwater;
- 3. Evaluate the potential impacts associated with the excavation and handling of potentially contaminated soil and propose control

- measures, as necessary, to mediate potential undesirable impacts; and
- 4. Assess the potential impact construction may have on future remediation activities.

Several alternatives were evaluated for groundwater and soils management at the Die Yard Zone based on cost and efficiency. Alternative W-1 was selected from the following comprehensive list of alternatives:

- 1. Alternative W-1, Groundwater Collection and Treatment--eight dewatering wells will be installed outside and surrounding the proposed excavation. The collected groundwater will be filtered using a dual bag-type filter to remove the suspended solids. Effluent from the filter will be treated using GAC to remove the organic contaminants. The treated effluent from the activated carbon will be discharged to the AFP4 Industrial Wastewater Treatment Facility. The proposed Equalization Basin excavation can be constructed in-the-dry using the dewatering and water treatment alternative. In the dewatering and water treatment alternative, eight dewatering wells will be installed outside the proposed excavation area. The collected water will then be treated using GAC.
- 2. Alternative W-2, Groundwater Diversion Using Slurry Walls--the
 Terrace Deposits groundwater flow will be diverted around the
 proposed Equalization Basins excavation via a slurry wall. The
 slurry wall would be constructed exterior to the proposed excavation
 area perimeter. The wall will be approximately 24 inches wide.
- 3. Alternative W-3, Groundwater Diversion Using Concrete Diaphragm Walls--a concrete diaphragm wall system will be designed and used as the permanent perimeter retaining wall for the proposed Equalization Basins. The diaphragm walls, keyed into the bedrock, will divert the Terrace Deposits groundwater around the Equalization Basins excavation.

4. Alternative W-4, No action.

The following two alternatives were developed for soils at the Die Yard Zone. Alternative S-1 was selected.

In Alternative S-1 (soil segregation and onsite aeration), soils above the capillary zone will be sampled and segregated as necessary, into uncontaminated and contaminated waste piles using an organic vapor analyzer (OVA). Soils containing the organic contaminants will be aerated, and the remaining clean soils will be used as fill or disposed of.

In Alternative S-2 (disposal of soils in a hazardous waste landfill), the operation will include segregation of soils, as previously described in Alternative S-1. All soils having a TCE concentration greater than a previously negotiated limit (the limit was not defined in the report) will be disposed of in a hazardous waste landfill.

Final Feasibility Study (RUST Geotech, 1993)

The 1993 FS specifies that approximately 4,750 yd³ of soil contaminated with TCE and an unknown amount of overlying cleanup require removal. An additional 360 yd³ of methylene chloride-contaminated soils were identified.

3.4.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The objective of the interim remedial action was to eliminate a contaminant source. The objective of future remedial efforts will be to remediate contaminated groundwater and soils to levels below PRGs.

3.4.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

Approximately 1,100 yd³ of soils were removed as part of the interim remedial action. However, the action did not succeed in removal of all contaminated soils. An estimated 4,990 yd³ of contaminated soils are specified for removal.

3.4.4 PROJECT ACCOMPLISHMENTS

A total of 1,100 yd3 of contaminated soils were removed.

3.4.5 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT No data were developed as part of the interim remedial action conducted in

3.4.6 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES OR PROJECTS

The 1993 FS concluded that an additional volume of contaminated soils require removal from the site.

3.4.7 PROJECT STATUS

1984.

The interim remedial action was completed in 1984. The status of the specified removal action for 4,990 yd³ of contaminated soils was not identified in the literature review. The status of the implementation of the selected alternatives described in Section 3.4.1 is not documented in the file material.

3.4.8 SCHEDULE

The interim remedial action was completed in 1984. The MAP projects that a Proposed Plan for DP13 and FDTA 5 will be completed in November 1993 and a ROD will be completed in June 1994. No information updating the schedule for the 1992 MAP was present in the project files. Because DP13 and FDTA 5 were not considered to warrant remedial action, decision documents for these sites may not be necessary.

3.4.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this project are in IRPIMS.

3.4.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

The MAP specifies that 4,990 yd³ of contaminated soils need to be removed. The FS references a volume of 4,750 yd³. Furthermore, the FS does not evaluate

alternatives for DP13 soils. The FS specifies that 360 yd³ of methylene chloride-contaminated soils exist, yet no PRG was reported in the FS for methylene chloride. Therefore, it is unknown if the methylene chloride-contaminated soils will need remediation. Alternatives for methylene chloride-contaminated soils were not evaluated in the FS.

3.5 <u>FSA-1 AND FSA-3</u>

Although the remedial actions performed at FSA-1 and FSA-3 are separate actions, they are both reported in this section because of contaminant and treatment similarities and because pertinent reports for these sites addressed the sites similarly.

FSA-1

FSA-1 is located south and east of Facilities Building 14 (Figure 3.5-1). Groundwater in this area reportedly became contaminated by fuels leaking from the underground distribution system from the mid-1970s to the early 1980s. The piping, consisting of 4-inch-diameter JP-4 lines, was abandoned in 1988. In addition, a fuel pumping station and two 12,000-gal-capacity USTs, Nos. 19 and 20, were removed prior to December 22, 1988, which was the effective date of Federal Subtitle I regulations. Vadose and saturated zone soils samples collected in the vicinity of the former USTs indicate the presence of 2-butanone, toluene, chloroform, ethylbenzene, xylene, and bromodichloromethane.

A groundwater treatment system is in place at FSA-1. The system has a design capacity of 70 gpm and consists of an oil/water separator, air stripper, and two 10,000-lb carbon adsorption units. This treatment system also treats water collected at French Drain Nos. 1 and 2. Two groundwater extraction wells, which were formerly monitor wells, are recovering groundwater at FSA-1. The feasibility of using vacuum extraction to recover VOCs was evaluated. No specific plans for vacuum extraction system installation are currently formulated.

Figure 3.5-1 FSA 1 AND FSA 3 LOCATION PLAN

FSA-3

FSA-3, located immediately east of Meandering Road between Facilities Buildings 157 and 142 (Figure 3.5-1), is contaminated by fuels from buried pipelines that leaked during the 1970s and early 1980s. The FSA-3 area has numerous underground utilities and several UST sites. Estimates of the plume of contaminated material in the vadose zone have been calculated to be 5,200 yd³ of soils contaminated with JP-4. An additional 1,200 yd³ of soils contaminated with JP-4 are also located here.

A groundwater treatment system, with a design capacity of 20 gpm and consisting of an oil/water separator and a low-profile air stripper is currently in operation at FSA-3. Eight groundwater extraction wells have been installed at FSA-3 to recover groundwater. All but one of these extraction wells is a converted monitor well. An interim vapor extraction system was put into operation in June 1992 and taken offline in November 1992. The objective of this interim action was to recover and destroy fuel vapors in soil until the groundwater pump and treat at FSA-3 was operational. The feasibility of using vacuum extraction to recover VOCs was evaluated. No specific plans for vacuum extraction system installation are currently formulated.

3.5.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR FSA-1 AND FSA-3

Five reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- Draft Remedial Action Plan and Conceptual Documents for Fuel
 Saturation Areas No. 1 and 3 (Intellus, 1986);
- 2. Three-Site Remedial Action Plan (RAP) Review Action Items, Attachments A, B, and C (Intellus, 1986);
- Evaluation of Condenser Water Pipeline and Interim Remedial Measures, Fuel Saturation Area No. 3 (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1988);

- 4. Engineering Report, Remedial Action for Fuel Saturation Areas No. 1 and 3 and Treating Leachate from French Drain No. 1 (HDR, 1988); and
- 5. MAP for AFP 4, 1993.

Detailed summaries of each of these reports are presented in Appendix A. The following paragraphs include a brief description of the reports, as they pertain to FSA-1 and FSA-3.

Draft Remedial Action Plan and Conceptual Documents for Fuel Saturation Areas No. 1 and 3 (Intellus, 1986)

The IRP Phase IV work effort was divided into two stages, Phase IV-A and IV-B. This report was limited to the Phase IV-A work effort at FSA-1 and FSA-3. Phase IV-A work for groundwater remediation was conducted in four stages: Stage 1--screen control measures, Stage 2--develop and evaluate detailed alternatives, Stage 3--select preferred alternatives, and Stage 4--describe preferred alternative.

In Stage 1, the control measures were screened to address the fuel floating on the shallow groundwater and the dissolved organic constituents in the Terrace Deposits aquifer. The primary criteria used to evaluate the control measures were technical feasibility, cost, environmental impact, public health risk, and regulatory compliance.

Stage 2 work was conducted to develop and evaluate the alternatives that passed the initial level of screening. The four alternatives retained from preliminary screening were evaluated in detail for engineering feasibility, cost analysis, public health analysis, and environmental assessment and regulatory requirements. A narrative matrix for the alternatives is presented in Table 3.5-1.

Table 3.5-1. Evaluation of Potential Remedial Action Alternatives at FSA 1 and FSA 3

<u> </u>	ernal	tive	Cost	Technical Feasibility	Environmental Impact	Public Health Risk		Engineering Judgement	Retain Option
1.	No A	Action - Monitoring Site Maintenance	1	1	5	5	5	17 ⁽¹⁾	Yes
2.		situ bioreclamation of l and water	3	4	2	2	2	13	Yes
	Α.	French drain/wells for contaminated groundwater collection							
	В.	Gravity separation of fuel and water							
	С.	Reinject water with microbes and nutrients, etc.							
	D.	Dispose of or reclaim fuel							
3.	Onsi trea	te contaminated groundwater ntment/soil leaching	2	2	3	3	2	12	Yes
	۸.	Use French drains/well for contaminated groundwater collection							
	В.	Gravity separation of fuel and water							
	С.	Treat water using air strip- ping and/or activated carbon							
	D.	Dispose of or reclaim fuel							
4.		site treatment of contam- ted groundwater and no action soil	4	1	4	4	3	16	No
	Α.	Use French drains/wells for contaminated groundwater collection							
	В.	Transport contaminated water offsite to a com-mercial treatment and disposal facility							
5.	onsi	situ soil bioreclamation and te contaminated groundwater atment	4	3	2	2	2	13	Yes
	Α.	Use French drains/wells for contaminated groundwater collection							
	В.	In-situ soil bioreclamation							
	С.	Physical treatment of water using:							
		 Gravity separation Air stripping and/or activated carbon 							
	D.	Reuse of treated water by AFP No. 4		,					
	Ε.	Dispose of or reclaim fuel							
6.	Onsi inci	ite soil and groundwater incration	5	4	2	2	2	15(2)	No
	Α.	Excavate soil and incinerate							
	В.	Collect contaminated ground- water with French drains/ wells and incinerate							

Notes:

Sources: Intellus, 1986; ESE.

Questionable regulatory approval for contaminant migration. Lowest cost option.
 Difficult and costly to excavate soil from under buildings. Incineration is costly and permitting will take a great deal of time.

- 1. The efficiency is extremely high in a variety of influent conditions and is not susceptible to toxics;
- 2. Various units can be added to the treatment system, as needed;
- 3. The alternative will allow AFP4 to reduce its demand for city-supplied water; and
- 4. The reclaimed jet fuel may be used onsite as a supplemental energy source.

Three-Site RAP Review Action Items, Attachments A, B, and C (Intellus, 1986); In this report, responses to the comments were presented on the draft RAP completed under the Phase IV-A investigation. The report included a cover letter and the following four attachments (Attachments A, B, C, and D):

- 1. Calculations and design basis for selected conceptual design (Attachment A);
- 2. Capital cost estimates for Alternatives 2, 3, and 4 (Attachment B);
- 3. Present-worth analysis for Alternatives 1, 2, 3, and 4
 (Attachment C): and
- 4. Response to unresolved comments on the draft RAP (Attachment D).

Evaluation of Condenser Water Pipeline and Interim Remedial Measures, Fuel Saturation Area No. 3 (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1988)

A summary of the previous investigations at FSA-3 was presented in this report (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1985; Intellus, 1986; and Radian Corporation, 1987). Due to insufficient data from the previous studies, further investigation was conducted to define the hydrological conditions at FSA-3. The investigation involved drilling two soil borings (FSA3-5 and FSA3-9) and 11 monitor wells (FSA3-1, FSA3-2, FSA3-3, FSA3-4, FSA3-5, FSA3-6, FSA3-7, FSA3-8, FSA3-9, FSA3-11, and FSA3-12) at FSA-3. The following conclusions were made, based on the investigation results:

- 1. Existing buried pipelines below the groundwater table are potential conduits for the migration of contaminated groundwater in the vicinity of FSA-3.
- 2. The proposed pipeline excavation will encounter groundwater and free product from approximately 60 ft west of soil boring FSB-1 to 50 ft east of monitor well FSA3-1.
- 3. An interceptor trench could be installed in the same trench as the pipeline, but the location of the proposed pipeline is not the optimum location for recovery of free-product and contaminated groundwater.

It was recommended that the interceptor trench not be installed in the same trench as the pipeline and additional data be collected to delineate the distribution of free-product so that an optimum location for an interceptor trench can be determined.

Engineering Report, Remedial Action for Fuel Saturation Areas Nos. 1 and 3 and Treating Leachate from French Drain No. 1 (HDR, 1988)

An engineering report was prepared and intermediate remedial actions were developed for groundwater at FSA-1, FSA-3, and FD-1. The remedial actions were divided into recovery and treatment systems. Five recovery and five

treatment alternatives were evaluated for technical feasibility and cost effectiveness.

The alternatives evaluated for the recovery system include the following:

- 1. Extraction of groundwater using the existing two wells at FSA-1,
- 2. Extraction of groundwater using eight new wells at FSA-3,
- 3. Extraction of groundwater using the existing eight wells at FSA-3,
- 4. Extraction of groundwater using the existing seven wells and one new well at FSA-3, and
- 5. Extraction of groundwater using the existing seven wells and two new wells at FSA-3.

The alternatives evaluated for the treatment system include the following:

- Alternative 1A--centralized treatment system using air stripping followed by liquid and vapor-phase GAC;
- 2. Alternative 1B--centralized treatment system using liquid-phase carbon;
- 3. Alternative 2--trucking versus pumping of groundwater to the centralized treatment system;
- 4. Alternative 3--localized treatment systems at FSA-1 (for groundwater from FSA-1 and FD-1) and FSA-3; and
- 5. Alternative 4--option 1B, including onsite regeneration of activated carbon.

Groundwater extraction using the seven existing wells and one new well was selected under the recovery system evaluation of alternatives. Alternative 1B was selected for the treatment system alternative evaluation. Alternative 1B consists of the following treatment components:

1. Gravity separators to separate the recovered free-product from groundwater at FSA-1, FSA-3, and FD-1;

- 2. Equalization tanks to store the recovered free-product and the separated groundwater; and
- 3. Two 10,000-lb GAC units to treat the separated groundwater.

The treatment system was designed based on a 20-gpm influent rate at a cost of \$1,360,000 for a total of 3 years. The process and instrumentation diagram for the treatment system is presented in Figure 3.1-2.

MAP for AFP4, 1992

An interim vapor extraction system was put into operation in June 1992 and taken offline in November 1992. The objective of this interim action was to recover and destroy fuel vapors in soil until the groundwater pump and treat at FSA-3 was operational.

3.5.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES FOR FSA-1 AND FSA-3

The objectives of interim groundwater treatment at FSA-1 and FSA-3 are to remediate contaminated groundwater.

3.5.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

The interim groundwater treatment systems at FSA-1 and FSA-3 are currently offline and require upgrades and modifications to return to full operation.

3.5.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

A performance evaluation for the soil treatment systems at FSA-1 and FSA-3 was performed in October 1993. Data from this pertinent evaluation study is currently not available (Lockheed, 1994).

3.5.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

Lockheed is currently preparing a bid package for a performance evaluation contract so that a contractor can periodically evaluate the performance of the

FSA-1 and FSA-3 groundwater extraction and treatment systems. Additionally, Lockheed expects to perform groundwater pump tests in January 1994. Information from the performance test will help to fine-tune the treatment systems.

3.5.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM PROJECT

No additional projects, resulting from remediation of FSA-1 and FSA-3, were identified in the literature reviewed.

3.5.7 PROJECT STATUS

The operation of the groundwater treatment systems at FSA-1 and FSA-3 was initiated in October 1992 and are expected to operate indefinitely. Initial estimates of the required remediation time for FSA-1 and FSA-3 were less than 1 year. These initial estimates were inaccurate. Lockheed will optimize the interim groundwater treatment systems based on data collected through the performance evaluation contract (Lockheed, 1994). No plans pertaining to installation of vacuum extraction systems at FSA-1 or FSA-3 have been formulated.

3.5.8 SCHEDULE

Operation of the interim soil vapor extraction system ceased in November 1992. The permanent groundwater and soil treatment systems at FSA-1 and FSA-3 will continue to operate indefinitely.

The MAP projects that a Proposed Plan for this site will be completed in November 1993 and a ROD will be completed in June 1994. Although decision documents for both sites are planned for submittal at the same time, FSA-1 is part of OU 1 and FSA-3 is part of OU 3, and the sites will therefore be addressed by two different decision documents. No information updating the schedule for the 1992 MAP was present in the project files.

3.5.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this project are in IRPIMS.

3.5.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

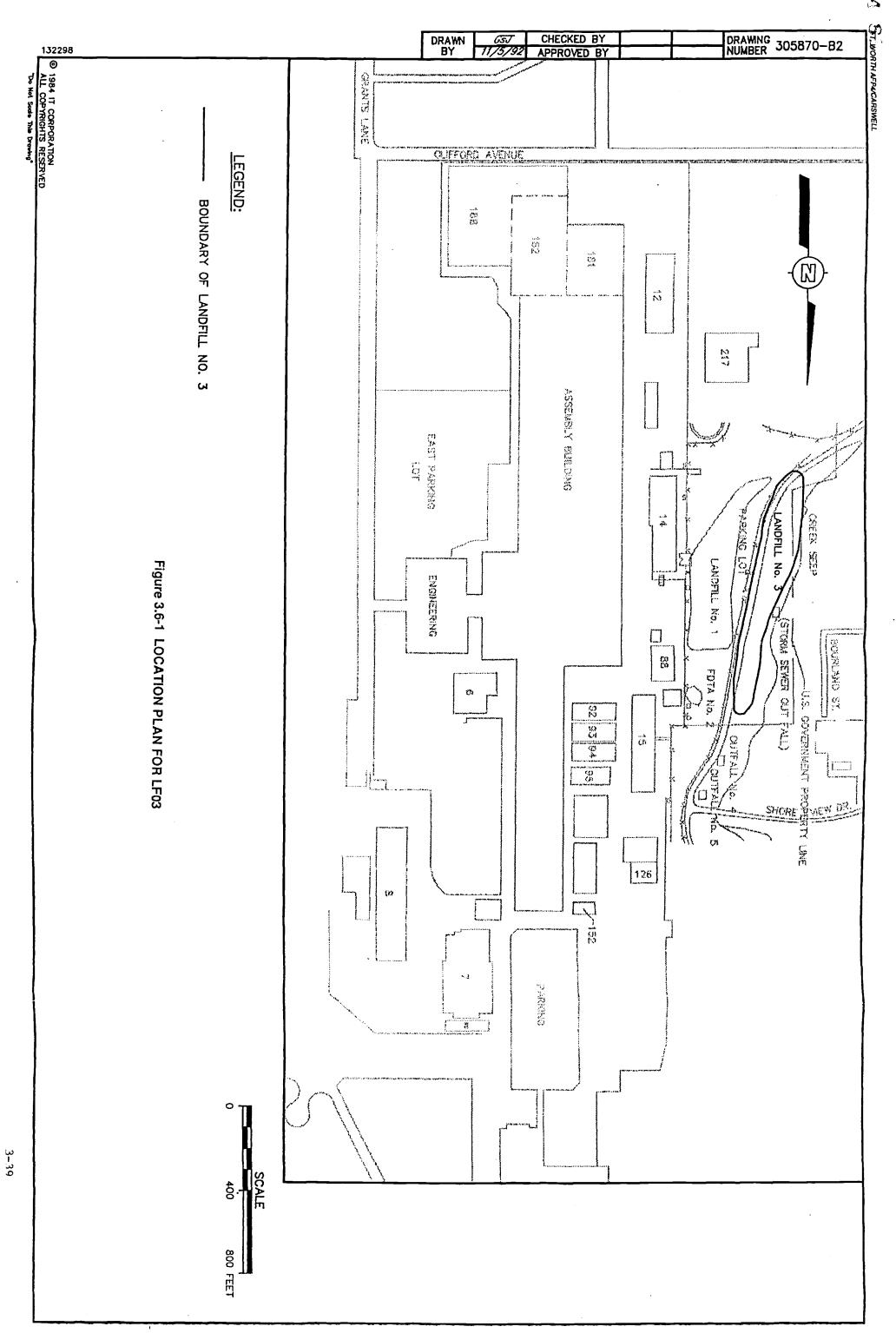
Remediation of contaminated soils and groundwater at this site was not addressed in the 1993 FS.

3.6 LANDFILL NO. 3

LF03 (depicted in Figure 3.6-1) was used to discard a variety of waste, including hazardous waste, consisting of mixed oils and solvents from 1942 to 1945. The landfill material is primarily soil fill of variable nature, with clay, silt, sand, and gravel all being reported from drilling logs. Some plant material and trash are reported but do not appear to be major components. Asphalt and concrete rubble also occur but apparently only as smaller fragments that are not large enough to stop drilling. Large blocks of broken concrete are visible on the steep western slope of the landfill, apparently placed there to prevent erosion.

Contamination was first detected at LF03 in 1982 after a local citizen detected odors at a 36-inch storm drain that passed through the landfill and drained into Meandering Creek Road. Subsequent analysis of water samples collected from the outfall identified several contaminants, the most prevalent of which was TCE (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1985a). Remedial action resulted in the lining of the storm drain where it passed between LF01 and LF03 in late 1983 and excavation of the former Waste Oil Pits (located in LF01) in 1983.

Soil and groundwater media are contaminated with fuels, solvent-related compounds, and traces of metals. Based on the available information at the site, the Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence (AFCEE) envisioned an impermeable subsurface barrier system with a groundwater extraction system as the conceptual solution for groundwater remediation at LF03.



An interim recovery well was installed at the site in October 1992 to recover free product (DNAPL) in groundwater to be disposed of offsite.

3.6.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR LF03

Three reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. Design Plan for Subsurface Barrier Wall at Landfill No. 3 (IT, 1993);
- 2. Final Feasibility Study for AFP4 (RUST Geotech, 1993);
- 3. MAP for AFP4, 1993; and
- 4. Pre-construction Field Test Results VEP Well Field (IT, 1994).

Detailed summaries of each of these reports are presented in Appendix A. The following is a brief description of the reports, as they pertain to LF03:

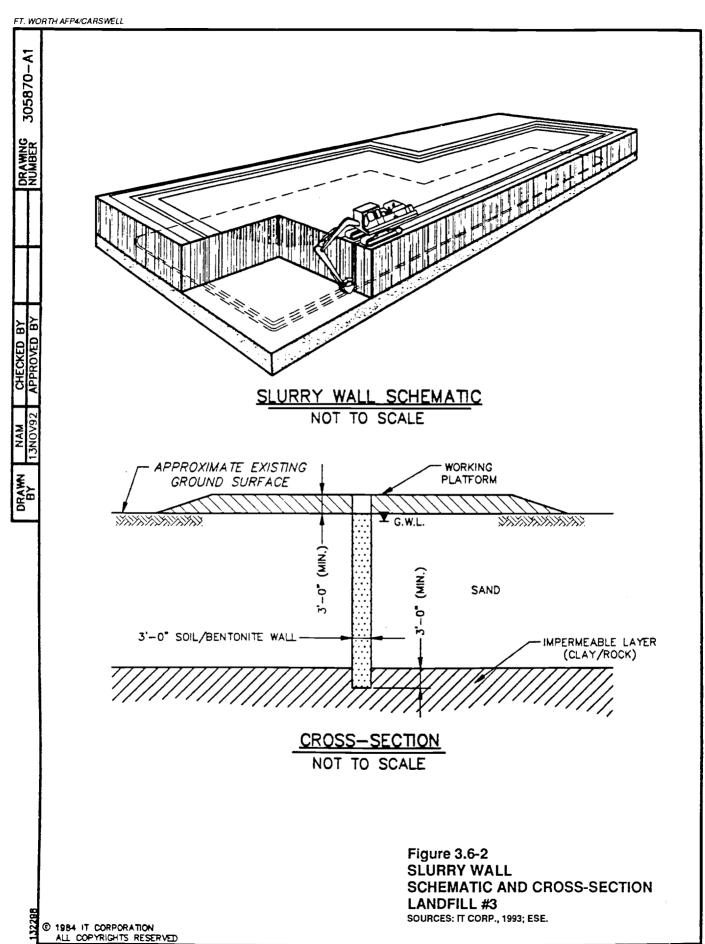
Design Plan for Subsurface Barrier Wall at Landfill No. 3 (IT, 1993)

A preliminary design strategy for groundwater remediation at LF03 was presented in this report. Under this strategy, the following alternatives were considered for the control of offsite migration of groundwater at LF03:

- 1. Slurry wall (Figure 3.6-2),
- 2. High-density polyethylene (HDPE) wall (Figure 3.6-3),
- 3. Groundwater extraction system (Figure 3.6-4), and
- 4. Leachate collection trench (Figure 3.6-5).

These alternatives were evaluated based on the following seven criteria:

- 1. Overall protection of human health and the environment,
- 2. Compliance with ARARs,
- 3. Long-term effectiveness and permanence,
- 4. Reduction of TMV,
- 5. Short-term effectiveness,
- 6. Implementability, and
- 7. Cost.



"Do Not Sodie This Drawing"

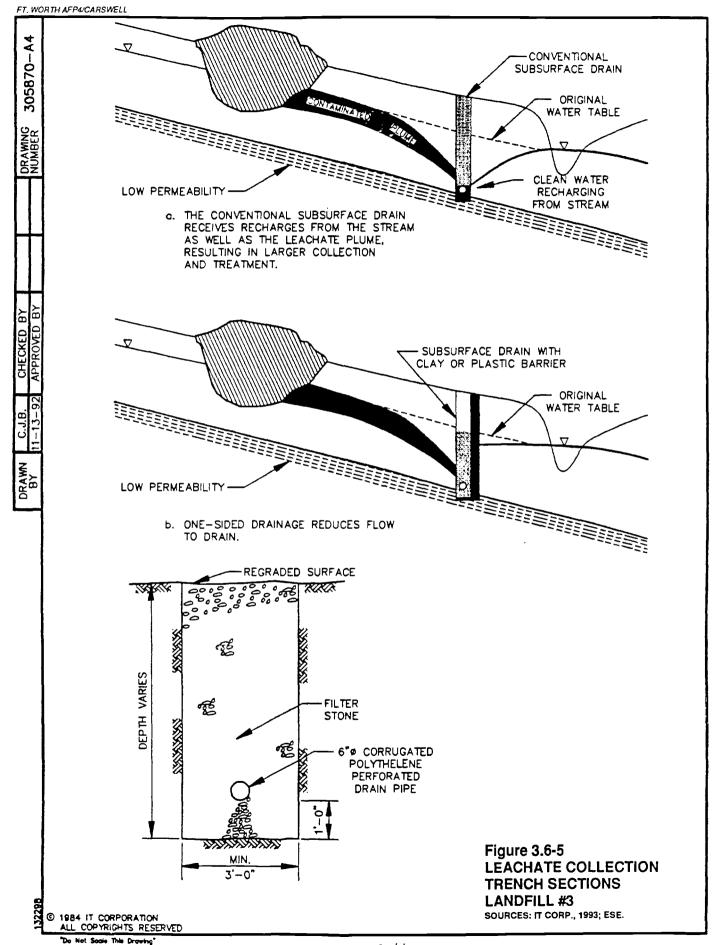
© 1984 IT CORPORATION ALL COPYRIGHTS RESERVED

& INTERLOCK LANDFILL #3

SOURCES: IT CORP., 1993; ESE.

305870-A2 IMPERMEABLE BARRIER EXTRACTION WELLS WITH RADIUS OF INFLUENCES PLAN MEW NOT TO SCALE IMPERMEABLE TO TREATMENT BARRIER CONTAMINATED CREEK IMPERMEABLE BEDROCK CROSS-SECTION NOT TO SCALE Figure 3.6-4 **EXTRACTION WELLS** AND IMPERMEABLE BARRIER **PLAN VIEW AND CROSS-SECTION** LANDFILL #3 © 1984 IT CORPORATION ALL COPYRIGHTS RESERVED SOURCES: IT CORP., 1993; ESE.

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No recommendations were made for the selected alternative in this report. However, it was stated that a recommendation will be submitted to AFCEE in the form of a report titled Confirmation of Design Strategy. The implementation of the conceptual design (Phase 1-B) would then be undertaken following the approval of the design by AFCEE.

Final Feasibility Study for AFP4 (RUST Geotech, 1993)

An FS was prepared in 1993 for sites at AFP4. No remediation was recommended for soils media at LF03. However, the report states that approximately 16,000 yd³ of contaminated soils are present. At total of 15,900 yd³ of material is contaminated with organics, and 3,800 yd³ of soils are estimated to be contaminated with inorganics.

The remedial response objective for contaminated groundwater is to prevent human exposure to TCE and DCE in concentrations exceeding PRGs.

Applicable remedial technologies for soil and groundwater were identified and screened based on technical implementability and effectiveness. Effectiveness was based on (1) the potential effectiveness of process options in handling the estimated volumes of media and satisfying the identified remedial action objectives, and (2) the proven reliability of the process with respect to the contaminants at AFP4.

The following four alternatives were developed for groundwater:

- 1. No action.
- 2. Physical treatment (air stripping),
- 3. Chemical treatment (UV light and oxidation), and
- 4. Biological treatment (aboveground bioreactors).

The assembled alternatives were then evaluated in detail against the following nine evaluation criteria: (1) overall protection of human health and the

environment, (2) compliance with ARARs, (3) long-term effectiveness, (4) reduction of TMV, (5) implementability, (6) short-term effectiveness, (7) cost, (8) state acceptance, and (9) community acceptance. No final

recommendations for a preferred alternative were presented in the report.

MAP for AFP4, 1993

The 1993 MAP reported that an interim DNAPL recovery well was installed at LF03 to recover free product. Recovered product will be disposed of offsite. The MAP also reported that a slurry wall would be in the design/installation phase in 1993.

A pre-construction field test using a VEP system was conducted for groundwater remediation at the site. The test demonstrated that VEP wells were able to capture and contain groundwater present within the landfill. DNAPL movement and volatilization was also observed during the test. TCE and cis-1,2-dichloroethene were detected in the air (Table 3.6-1) and groundwater (Table 3.6-2) samples taken from the VEP well discharges during the tests. In addition, a decline in DNAPL level was measured in some wells.

3.6.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The objective of the interim DNAPL recovery well is to recover free product from the groundwater. A containment technology is currently being evaluated for the landfill, for the purposes of containing the contaminant plume.

3.6.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

The DNAPL recovery well recovered approximately 1 gal of DNAPL over a 1-year period. Due to the poor performance of the system, the DNAPL recovery well was taken out of service (Lockheed, 1994).

Table 3.6-1. Landfill 3 PCF Tests Results of Air Sampling^a

Semple 1.D./	VEP 1-1	VEP 1-2	VEP 1-3	VEP 1-4	VEP 2-1	VEP 2-2	VEP 2-3	VEP 2-4	VEP 2-A	VEP 3 & 4-1	VEP 3 & 4-2	VEP 3 & 4-3	VEP 3 & 4-4
(10)	5	ę	ā	91	12	8	20	જ	20	12	18	19	20
Oxygen (A vo.)	2 6	: [2	22	78	7.4	7.4	75	73	78	72	72	72
Nitrogen (% Vol.)	2,	9 9	2 3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Methane (% vol.)	,	2,0	200	2.8	1	2	0.3	0.5	2	5.1	2.1	1.3	0.8
Vand offerdage (% VOI.)	30.000	j 8	2	2	85	2	72	490	2	þ	430	170	140
1 1. Dichlomothene	28.000	2	5	2	240	2	55	200	2	2	17	7.1	2
Methylene chloride	2	2	2	5	33	2	pu	P	Þ	2	2	2	P
1.1-Dichloroethane	2	2	5	5	9	2	9.6	28	2	5	٦	2	2
de-1.2-Dichloroethene	58,000	11,000	7,500	17,000	8	pu	006	2,100	12	6,200	1,500	1,200	970
1.1.Techlomethana	2	2	2	2	0	2	2	7.7	PC	2	Þ	5	pu
Benyana	2	2	2	2	32	2	91	10	2	12	Ð	2	Ę
Trichlomathere	79.000	25.000	19,000	35,000	620	2	160	460	2	Ð	1,400	1.100	830
Tolingo	2	2	2	2	2,500	25	10	8.8	10	Ð	45	15	8.3
Teteroffmelione	2	2	2	2	240	5	18	21	2	2	130	110	88
Chlorobenzene	2	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	P	Ð	27	13	7.0
Ethylbenzene	2	5	2	2	11	2	P	þu	2	2	2	2	Pu
m/p-Xvlene	2	5	2	2	24	PL	рu	nd	2	2	25	pu	2
o-Xviene	2	5	2	2	6.9	2	2	2	2	25	2	ď	pu
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	2	2	2	2	pu	P	2	2	2	2	33	=	2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	2	2	5	5	2	2	2	nd	2	5	33	=	2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	2	2	2	2	2	2	ри	2	2	25	170	26	22

"Results presented in ppb (V/V). b"nd" = not detected.

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Landfill 3 PCF Tests Results of Groundwater Sampling^a Table 3.6-2.

Sample I.D./ Compound	VEP 1-1	VEP 1-2	VEP 1-3	VEP 1-4	VEP 2-1	VEP 3 & 4-1	VEP 3 & 4-2	VEP 3 & 4-3	VEP 3 & 4-4
Vinyl chloride	14	_a pu	ри	pu	pu	pu	рu	P	рu
Acetone	ы	ри	ри	pu	pu	230	pu	pu	рu
1,1-Dichloroethylene	16	ри	рu	pu	nď	pu	рu	ъ	pu
cis-1,2- Dichloroethylene	140	56	22	31	9.1	71	Ð	pu	рu
Chloroform	7.8	pu	рц	ъ	Þ	рu	pu	pu	pu
2-Butanone	95	рu	рu	рu	520°	21,000	pu	100	pu
Trichloroethylene	130	23	23	29	9.7	8.8	рu	pu	pu
Tetrahydrofuran	рu	рц	рu	pu	1,200 ^d	11,000	49 ^d	pu	pu
bis(2- Ethylhexyllohthalate	ри	ри	pu	рu	pu	р	þ	41	55
-unguicos) igniciana									

⁸Results presented in ug/L. b"nd" = not detected.

^c2-Butanone result reported from a 5X dilution.

^dTetrahydrofuran was quantitated using historical RF and the result should be regarded as estimated.

3.6.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

In a 1993 report (IT), several alternatives were evaluated to control the offsite migration of groundwater at LF03 (Section 3.7.1 for details of the alternatives). The 1993 FS addressed only the groundwater contamination at LF03. Four groundwater alternatives were evaluated. No recommendation of a preferred alternative has been made.

3.6.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

A combination of a slurry wall and groundwater extraction is being considered (MAP, 1992). Another alternative being considered involves performing vacuum extraction and groundwater extraction at the landfill, without the aid of a slurry wall. Containment of the entire site with a slurry wall may be technically infeasible due to slope stability limitations at the steep slope portion of the site. IT is recommending additional extraction wells and a vacuum extraction system, with product recovery wells, to be used in conjunction or instead of a slurry wall. The landfill essentially consists of three separate zones. IT is proposing to test each of the three zones using a total of four extraction wells and 20 monitor wells. Results from this testing, along with corresponding recommendations, are anticipated to be available in early spring 1994. There is some speculation that the plume may not be entirely from the landfill. No further efforts for further extent of contamination definition are known of at this time (IT, 1994).

3.6.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

No remedial projects are known to have occurred in response to the operation of the interim remedial action involving DNAPL recovery. A system for mitigating contaminated groundwater at the site is in the advanced phases of planning.

3.6.7 PROJECT STATUS

The DNAPL recovery well was taken out of service. The implementation of the remedial action involving containment, and/or the use of groundwater and vacuum extraction wells is still in the planning phase.

3.6.8 SCHEDULE

No file information pertaining to the schedule of the DNAPL well (removed from service) was available. Field studies were conducted during first quarter of 1994 (IT, 1994). Further scheduling of remedial activities was not available in the records reviewed.

3.6.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this project are in IRPIMS.

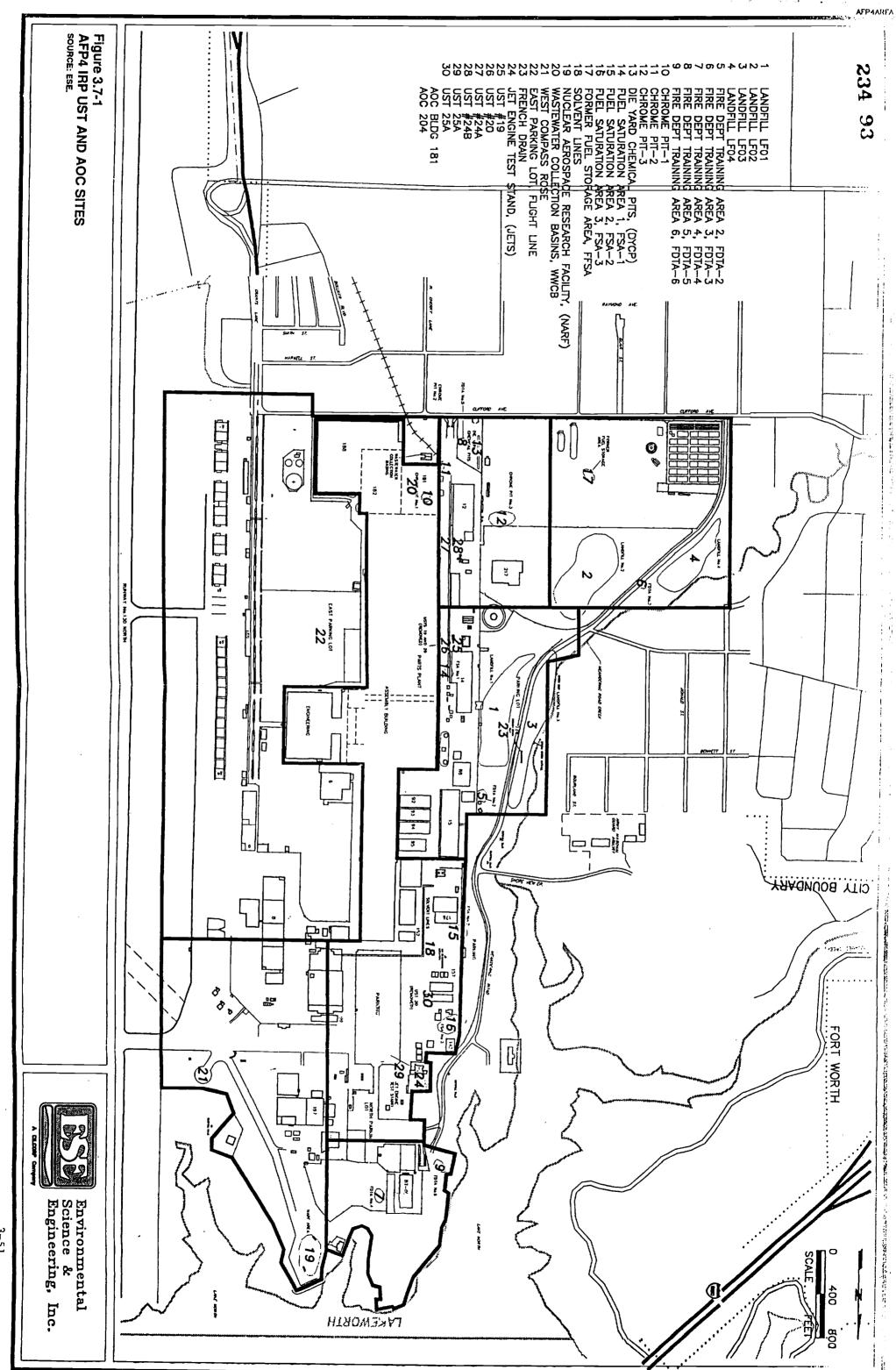
3.6.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

The 1993 FS did not address any of the remedial strategies being contemplated at LF03.

3.7 EAST PARKING LOT PLUME

The records search to locate the potential environmental problems associated with waste disposal practices during the Phase I investigation was completed in 1984 (CH2M Hill, 1984). The results of the Phase I investigation identified 21 sites as the sources of contamination due to past waste disposal practices. The East Parking Lot is one of the 21 sites identified for remediation under the IRP. Figure 3.7-1 shows the location of the East Parking Lot at AFP4.

During the Phase II investigation, the extent and degree of contamination at the identified sites was completed (Radian, 1987). Groundwater samples were collected and analyzed from both the shallow aquifer and the Paluxy aquifer. A total of 47 groundwater monitor wells were sampled and analyzed for the following constituents:



3-51

- 1. VOCs,
- 2. Base/neutral organic compounds (BNAs),
- 3. Organic compounds,
- 4. Trace metals,
- 5. Oil/grease and total fuel hydrocarbons, and
- 6. Common ion constituents.

Results of the groundwater investigation have confirmed the presence of TCE, DCE, and chromium at the East Parking Lot. Tables 3.7-1, 3.7-2, and 3.7-3 present the chemical analyses of the contaminants present in the plumes at the East Parking Lot and the Paluxy aquifer. The distribution of TCE contamination at the East Parking Lot is shown in Figure 3.7-2.

A groundwater treatment system, consisting of eight extraction wells and an air stripper, has been constructed and is operational at the East Parking Lot. A low profile air stripper has been installed inside the assembly building (Building 181) to treat groundwater that seeps into an existing pit.

3.7.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR EAST PARKING LOT PLUME

Six reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. Alternatives for East Plume Groundwater Remediation (Tyndall AFB, 1991);
- 2. Draft Contract Quality Control Plan Addendum, Groundwater Remediation of Window Area (IT, 1992);
- 3. Groundwater Remediation of Window Area--50% Design Package (IT, 1993);
- 4. Final Feasibility Study for AFP4 (RUST Geotech, 1993);
- East Parking Lot, Installation of Groundwater System (IT, 1993);
 and

Table 3.7-1. Terrace Deposits Monitor Wells Within the East Parking Lot Plume at Which TCE Concentrations Exceeded the Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL)

Size ID	Sample ID	Sample Date	Result (µg/L)
F-218	NAA157	27-Apr-90	3,000
F-219	NAA158	26-Apr-90	67
P-219	NAA260	26-Apr-90	71
HM-029	NAA162	27-Apr-90	1,400
HD4-031	NAA163	27-Apr-90	920
HM-047	NAA164	27-Apr-90	4,400
HM-047	NAA269	27-Apr-90	7,100
HM-056	NAA168	28-Apr-90	150
HM-060	NAA169	27-Apr-90	170
HDM-071	NAA172	28-Apr-90	420
HM-046	NAA173	28-Apr-90	250
HM-087	NAA174	29-Apr-90	350
HDM-088	NAA175	01-May-90	6,700
HM-088	NAA271	01-May-90	6,000
HM-089	NAA176	01-May-90	4,500
HM-089	NAA261	01-May-90	4,800
HM-089	NAA272	01-May-90	3,600
HM-094	NAA180	29-Apr-90	19,000
HM-095	NAA181	25-Apr-90	1,900
HM-096	NAA182	25-Apr-90	1,200
HM-097	NAA183	25-Apr-90	440
HM-099	HM-99	25-Oct-91	720
HM-099	NAA185	25-Apr-90	2,100
HM-099	QM-006	14-Mar-91	1,200
HM-099	WQM004	05-Dec-90	2,300
HM-103	NAA186	01-May-90	1,900
HM-110	NAA188	01-May-90	23
HM-111	NAA189	30-Apr-90	410
HM-111	NAA273	30-Apr-90	420
HM-112	NAA190	30-Apr-90	3,700
HM-112	NAA274	30-Apr-90	3,400
HM-113	NAA191	50-Apr-90	380
HM-115	NAA192	01-May-90	110
HM-115	QM-008DL	18-Mar-91	240
HM-115	WQM010	07-Dec-90	320
HM-116	NAA193	01-May-90	860
HM-117	NAA194	01-May-90	640
HM-118	NAA195	01-May-90	180
HM-119	NAA196	01-May-90	25
HM-119	QM-009	18-Mar-91	62
HD4-119	WQM007	06-Dec-90	66
HD4-121 -	QM-010DL	19-Mar-91	450
HD4-121	WQM009	06-Dec-90	500
HM-122	QM-011DL	19-Mar-91	870

Table 3.7-1. Terrace Deposits Monitor Wells Within the East Parking Lot Plume at Which TCE Concentrations Exceeded the Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL) (Continued, Page 2 of 2)

Sine ID	Sample ID	Sample Date	Result (ug/L)
HM-122	WQM022	10-Dec-90	890
HM-123	HM-123	25-Oct-91	2,000
HM-123	QM-012	19-Mar-91	120
HM-123	QM-012DL	19-Mar-91	1,900
HD4-123	WQM011	07-Dec-90	2,100
HM-125	QM-013	18-Mar-91	66
HM-125	WQM024	10-Dec-90	36
HM-126	NAA203	01-May-90	2,600
HM-127	NAA204	01-May-90	55
LP04-02	LP04-02	27-Oct-91	3,800
LP04-04	LF04-04	27-Oct-91	1,800
LP05-01	LF05-01	28 -Oct-91	880
LF0S-SA	LF05-5A	27-Oct-91	1,600
W-128L	W-128L-01	12-Sep-91	19
W-128L	W-128L-11	19-Oct-91	19
W-131L	W-131L-01	11-Sep-91	6
W-131U	W-131U-11	24-Oct-91	21
W-131U	W-131U-11EB	24-Oct-91	11
W-131U	W-131U-12	24-Oct-91	20
W-137	W-137-01	. 16-Sep-91	76
W-137	W-137-11	24-Oct-91	56
W-145	W-145-01	15-Sep-91	8
W-149	W-149-01	18-Sep-91	20,000
W-149	W-149-11	17-Oct-91	21,000
W-150L	W-150-11D	20-Oa-91	4,100
W-150L	W-150L-01DL	14-Sep-91	4,900
W-151	W-151-01DL	13-Sep-91	510
W-151	W-151-11D	21-Oct-91	520
W-153	W-153-01	18-Sep-91	1500
W-153	W-153-02	18-Sep-91	1,300
W-153	W-153-11D	23-0a-91	1,000
W-153	W-153-12D	23-Oct-91	1,000
W-154	W-154-01DL	14-Sep-91	2,800
W-154	W-154-02DL	14-Sep-91	2,700
W-154	W-154-11D	21-Oct-91	2,500
W-156	W-156-01DL	17-Sep-91	3,900
W-156	W-156-11D	22-Oct-91	3,600
W-158	W-158-01DL	14-Sep-91	15,000
W-158	W-158-11D	20-Oct-91	13,000
W-159	W-159-01DL	14-Sep-91	15,000
W-159	W-159-11D	20-Oct-91	31,000
W-160	W-160-01DL	14-Sep-91	480
W-160	W-160-11D	23-Oct-91	400
WP-07-10A	WP07-10A	27-Oct-91	1,300

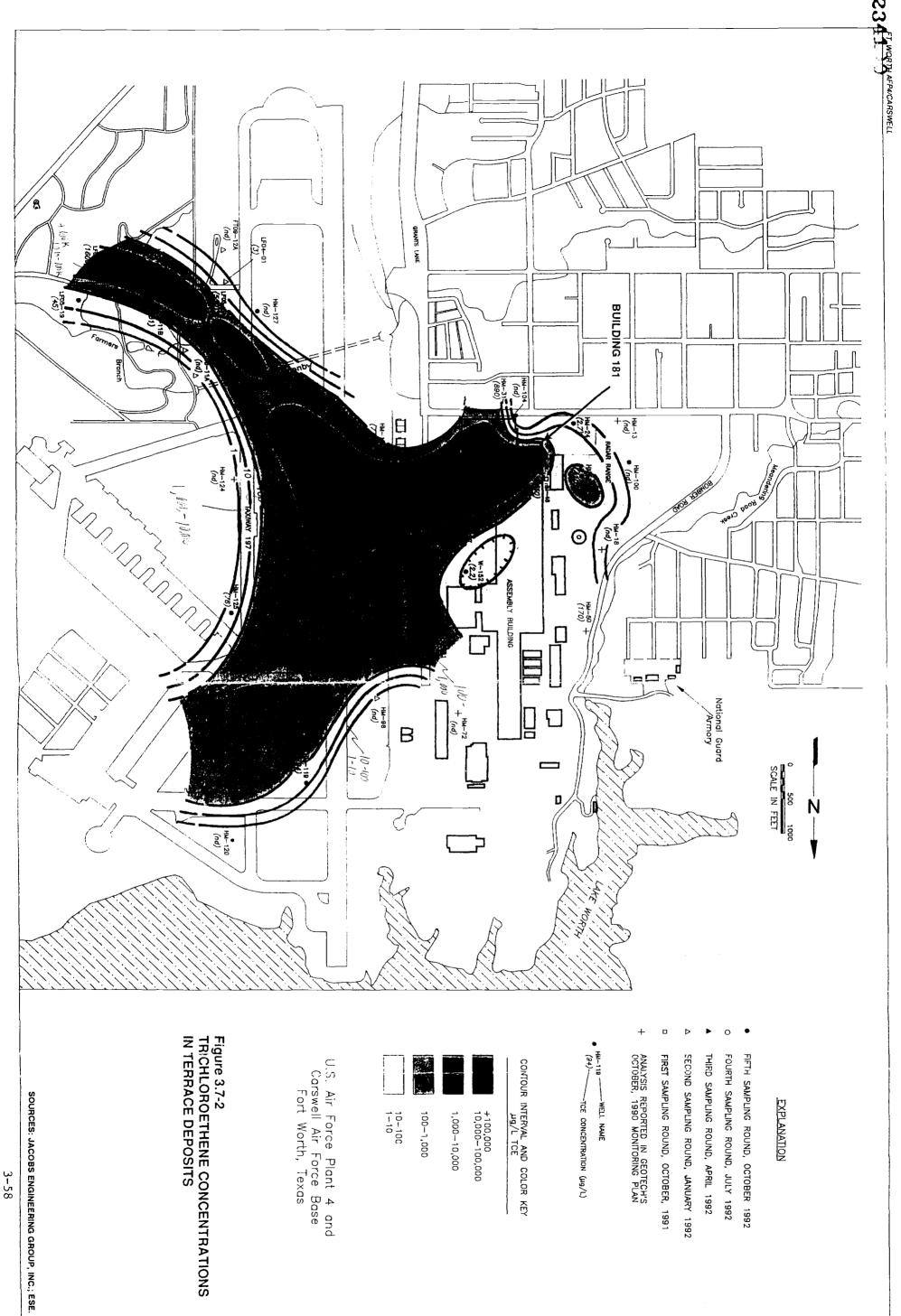
Table 3.7-2. Terrace Deposits Monitor Wells Within the East Parking Lot Plume at Which TCE Degradation Product Concentrations Exceeded the Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL)

Chemical Name	Sile ID	Sample ID	Sample Date	Result (µg/L)
1,1-Dichloroethene	LP04-02	LP04-02	27-Oct-91	2
1,1-Dichloroethene	LP04-04	LP04-04	27-Oct-91	2
1,1-Dichloroethene	LP05-01	LP05-01	28-Oct-91	2
1,1-Dichloroethene	LPOS-SA	LPOS-SA	27-Oct-91	3
1,1-Dichloroethene	WP07-10A	WP07-10A	27-Oct-91	2
1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-099	QM-006	14-Mar-91	250
1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-099	WQM004	05-Dec-90	1,100
1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-115	QM1-008	18-Mar-91	28
1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-115	WQM 010	07-D∞-90	9
1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-121	QM-010	19-Mar-91	13
1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-121	WQM009	06-D∞-9 0	9
1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-122	QM-011DL	19-Mar-91	3800
1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-122	WQM022	10-D∞-90	290
1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-123	QM-012DL	19-Mar-91	1000
1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-123	WQM011	07-D∞-90	670
cis-1,2-Dichloroethese	HM-099	HM-99	25-Oct-91	440
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-123	HM-123	25-Oct-91	230
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	LP04-02	LF04-02	27-Oct-91	390
cir-1,2-Dichloroethene	LP04-04	LP04-04	27-Oct-91	350
cir-1,2-Dichloroethene	LP05-01	LF05-01	28-Oct-91	110
cir-1,2-Dichloroethene	LP05-5A	LP05-5A	27-Oct-91	600
cir-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-131L	W-131L-01	11-Sep-91	7
cir-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-137	W-137-01	16-Sep-91	16
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-137	W-137-11	24-Oct-91	29
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-139L	W-139L-01	16-Sep-91	11
cir-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-139L	W-139L-11	19-Oct-91	9
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-149	W-149-01	18-Sep-91	1,500
cir-1,2-Dichloroothene	W-149	W-149-11	17-Oct-91	1,500
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-150L	W-150-11	20-Oct-91	19
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-150L	W-150L-01	14-Sep-91	34
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-151	W-151-01	13-Sep-91	28
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-151	W-151-01DL	13-Sep-91	25
cir-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-151	W-151-11	21-Oct-91	23
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-151	W-151-11D	21-Oct-91	37
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-153	W-153-01	18-Sep-91	130
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-153	W-153-02	18-Sep-91	120
cir-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-153	W-153-11	23-Oct-91	110
cir-1,2-Dichloroothene	W-153	W-153-11D	23-Oct-91	87
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-153	W-153-12	23-Oct-91	110
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-153	W-153-12D	23-Oct-91	100
cis-1,2-Dichlorocthene	W-156	W-156-01	17-Sep-91	170
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-156	W-156-01DL	17-Sep-91	170
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-156	W-156-11	22-Oct-91	170

Table 3.7-2. Terrace Deposits Monitor Wells Within the East Parking Lot Plume at Which TCE Degradation Product Concentrations Exceeded the Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL) (Continued, Page 2 of 2)

Chemical Name	Şile ID	Sample ID	Sample Date	Result (pg/L)
cir 1,2-Dichlorochene	W-158	W-158-01	14-Sep-91	18
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-158	W-158-11	20-Oct-91	19
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-159	W-159-01	14-Sep-91	20
cir-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-159	W-159-11	20-Oct-91	20
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-160	W-160-01	14-Sep-91	170
cis-1,2-Dichloroethese	W-160	W-160-01DL	14-Sep-91	180
cis-1,2-Dichloroothese	W-160	W-160-11	23-Oct-91	120
cir-1,2-Dichloroothese	W-160	W-160-11D	23-Oct-91	110
cir-1,2-Dichloroethese	WP07-10A	WP07-10A	27-Oct-91	440
traru-1,2-Dichloroethene	HM-099	HM-99	25-Oct-91	2
traru-1,2-Dichloroetheac	HM-123	HM-123	25-Oct-91	13
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	LP04-02	LP04-02	27-Oct-91	15
traru-1,2-Dichloroethene	LP04-04	LP04-04	27-Oct-91	11
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	LP05-01	LP05-01	28-Oct-91	10
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	LP05-5A	LP05-5A	27-Oct-91	16
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	W-150L	W-150L-01	14-Sep-91	22
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	₩-160	W-160-01	14-Sep-91	5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	₩P07-10A	WP07-10A	27-Oct-91	13
Vinyl Chloride	HM-122	QM-011	19-Mar-91	14
Vistyl Chloride	HM-123	HM-123	25-Oct-91	7
Vizyl Chloride	HM-123	QM-012	19-Mar-91	27
Visyl Chloride	LF04-02	LP04-02	27-Oct-91	3
Vinyl Chloride	LP04-04	LP04-04	27-Oct-91	3
Vinyl Chloride	LF05-01	LP05-01	28-Oct-91	15
Visyl Chloride	LP05-5A	LP05-5A	27-Oct-91	7
Visyl Caloride	W-160	W-160-01	14-Scp-91	98
Visyl Caloride	W-160	W-160-01DL	14-Scp-91	91
Visyl Caloride	W-160	W-160-11	23-Oct-91	86
Visyl Caloride	W-160	W-160-11D	23-Oct-91	78
Visyl Chloride	WP07-10A	WP07-10A	27-Oct-91	4

Well ID	Sample ID	Semple Date	TCE (ag/L)
P-05M	NAA206	28-Apr-90	14
P-08UN	NAA266	28-Apr-90	22
P-08UN	P-SUN	19-Oct-91	30
P-08US	NAA213	29-Арг-90	550
P-09US	NAA215	29-Apr-90	4,300
P-09US	QM-014	13-Mar-91	980
P-09US	WQM005	05-Dec-90	1,900
P-10M	NAA217	30-Apr-9 0	13
P-12M	AFR-005	12-Jun-91	3
P-12M	NAA221	29-Apr-90	7
P-14US	NAA225	02-May-90	320
P-15US	NAA226	02-May-90	40
P-16US	NAA228	02-May-90	860
P-16US	P-16US	26-Oct-91	510
P-16US	QM-016	13-Mar-91	78 0
P-16US	WQM021	09-Dec-90	900
P-22M	NAA275	01-May-90	10
P-22M	P-22M	22-Oct-91	2
P-22M	WQM015	. 08-Dec-90	7
P-22U	NAA230	01-May-90	90
P-22U	NAA264	01-May-90	69
P-22U	P-22UPPER	27-Jan-90	100
P-22U	WQM017	08-Dec-90	48
P-24M	NAA233	30-Apr-90	8
P-27U	P27U-11	18-Oct-91	69
P-27U	P27U-11D	18-Oct-91	74



6. Groundwater Remediation of Window Area--100% Design Package (IT, 1993).

Detailed summaries of each of these reports are presented in Appendix A. A brief description of the reports, as they pertain to the East Parking Lot plume, is presented in the following paragraphs.

Alternatives for East Plume Groundwater Remediation (Tyndall AFB, 1991)

This report was prepared for Headquarters, USAF by the Air Force Civil Engineering Support Agency, Research Development and Acquisition Directorates. A pump-and-treat alternative was recommended earlier. However, it was not advocated as a final remediation technology but rather as an interim measure to control the further spread of the plume. In this report, applicable and emerging technologies are evaluated for groundwater remediation at the East Parking Lot; the following technologies were considered:

- 1. Containment technologies,
- 2. Source removal technologies, and
- 3. <u>In situ plume management technologies.</u>

Hydraulic and physical containment technologies were considered in this report. The hydraulic containment technology consists of pumping and treating the highly contaminated groundwater immediately downgradient of the source areas. This technology was considered applicable for the remediation of the contaminant plumes at AFP4. The physical containment technology consists of using a sealable joint sheet piling to isolate the source areas. This technology was not considered practical at the site due to the presence of underground utilities and the permeable gravel above the Walnut Formation.

Soil venting and soil washing were the two source removal technologies considered in this report. The soil venting technology was considered applicable at the site. However, the soil washing technology was viewed as too exploratory

and risky because the surface tension reduction of TCE by the surfactants can cause a pure TCE phase to migrate further downward.

The <u>in situ</u> plume management technologies are still emerging technologies. These include methanotrophic microbial degradation (MMD), constitutive aerobic microbia degradation (CAMD), and the permeable dehalogenation wall (PDW). With the MMD technology, methane and oxygen are dissolved in water and introduced into the aquifer. The microbes co-metabolize the TCE with the methane. The MMD technology was considered innovative and holds promise for application at the site. This technology was in the field demonstration stage at the time of this report and has met with limited success. In the CAMD technology, specific microbes containing enzyme systems, activated by a nontoxic substrate, are added to the groundwater for the destruction of TCE. Field studies are yet to be conducted on this technology.

The PDW technology is applied by emplacing a permeable reaction zone containing iron grindings into the aquifer. This technology is in the field demonstration stage and considered applicable for the Terrace Deposits aquifer at the East Parking Lot.

Based on the technology review, interim and long-term recommendations were made for the remediation of the contaminated plume at the East Parking Lot. Also, a cost analysis system, Remedial Action Cost Estimating and Requirements (RACER) system, is proposed for use in the technology evaluation at AFP4.

The following interim and long-term recommendations were made to limit further escalation of the plume:

- 1. Interim Measures:
 - a. Collect data (e.g., concentrations, hydraulic heads, and conductivity) using the existing wells to define the hot-spot

- dimensions and hydraulic characteristics. Also, additional characterization of the downgradient plume would be needed.
- b. Install an extraction well for pilot-scale pumping test to determine the time series concentration data and the radius of influence.
- c. Complete design and installation of remedial well fields downgradient of the hot spots. This would include customization of a numerical or analytical model of the pumping situation. Also, an aboveground treatment system would be required to treat the contaminated water.
- d. Install a soil vapor extraction system on the west side of the Assembly Building and conduct soil sampling in other suspected hot spots.
- e. Install free-product recovery systems.

Other interim measures suggested to further limit the plume spread include the following:

- f. Install a soil vapor extraction system near the new spill on the west side of the Assembly Building.
- 2. Long-term measures:
 - a. Pump-and-treat for the dilute and predominant portion of the plume using state-of-the-art pump and treat optimization processes. Obtain regulatory approval for placement of extraction wells at an isoconcentration contour commensurate with a level of risk in the Terrace Deposits Aquifer.
 - Consider soil venting operations for long-term remediation if warranted because of significant vadose zone contamination.
 Alternatively, consider using cometabolism bioventing.
 - c. Consider other areas of plume management [i.e., application of in situ technologies (soil venting, MMD, and PMW)] for the concentrated portion of the plume.

Draft Contract Quality Control Plan Addendum, Groundwater Remediation of Window Area (IT, 1992)

The Contract Quality Control Plan (CQCP) was prepared as an addendum to the Quality Assurance Management Plan (QAMP). It focused on specific procedures, data quality objectives, and verification activities for the groundwater remediation project at the Window Area. The specific operations addressed in this CQCP include the following:

- 1. Chemical testing and quality control (QC),
- 2. Verification of chemical data,
- 3. Preventive maintenance, and
- 4. Construction verification and QC.

Chemical Testing and QC--The specific QC requirements for the groundwater chemical analysis samples collected during the aquifer pumping tests are presented in this section. It also specified the requirements for onsite field testing and offsite analytical laboratory QC.

Verification of Chemical Data--A summary of the groundwater chemical data verification requirements is presented along with the required level of review for each activity was also presented in this section.

Preventive Maintenance--The information on the preventive maintenance requirements for the field equipment and the laboratory instruments was discussed. The degree and frequency of maintenance was established according to the frequency of use and the sensitivity of the equipment to environmental conditions.

The schedule of preventive maintenance was presented in the field sampling, analysis, and testing plan (FSATP). A routine preventive maintenance program was conducted by an offsite laboratory team from IT to minimize the occurrence of instrument and system malfunctions.

Construction Verification and QC--The verification inspections and testing activities required for the aquifer pumping test system installation and start-up were discussed. They included the inspection requirements upon receiving the field equipment, inspection of the system installation continually during construction, and the requirements for the pumping test.

Groundwater Remediation of Window Area--50% Design Package (IT, 1993)

This report developed a 50-percent design package for groundwater remediation at the Window Area. It consisted of the specifications and drawings for the air stripping treatment system and the associated equipment.

Final Feasibility Study for AFP4 (RUST Geotech, 1993)

An FS was prepared for the remediation of sites at AFP4. The FS was divided into the following three sections: (1) development and screening of technologies, (2) assembly of screened technologies into alternatives, and (3) evaluation of alternatives.

The applicable remedial technologies for soil and groundwater are identified and screened based on technical implementability and effectiveness. The effectiveness was based on (1) the potential effectiveness of process options in handling the estimated volumes of media and satisfying the identified remedial action objectives, and (2) the proven reliability of the process with respect to the contaminants at AFP4.

The screened technologies were then assembled into alternatives. The following four alternatives were developed for soils at LF01, LF04, and FDTA 2:

- 1. No action,
- 2. Containment (capping),
- 3. Chemical treatment (in situ stabilization), and
- 4. Removal/disposal.

The following four alternatives were developed for groundwater:

- 1. No action,
- 2. Physical treatment (air stripping),
- 3. Chemical treatment (UV light and oxidation), and
- 4. Biological treatment (aboveground bioreactors).

The assembled alternatives were then evaluated in detail for the following criteria: (1) overall protection of human health and the environment, (2) compliance with ARARs, (3) long-term effectiveness, (4) reduction of TMV, (5) implementability, (6) short-term effectiveness, (7) cost, (8) state acceptance, and (9) community acceptance. Tables 3.7-4 and 3.7-5 present the comparison of detailed analysis for remediation of groundwater and soils. No final recommendations are made in this FS for the selected alternative.

East Parking Lot, Installation of Groundwater System (IT, 1993)

This report was prepared to inform Lockheed of the construction plans of the groundwater treatment system. This report includes a cover letter and the following schematics of the treatment system: (1) groundwater recovery system details, (2) groundwater recovery system plan, and (3) concrete containment plan and details.

Groundwater Remediation of Window Area--100% Design Package (IT, 1993)

As a result of this project, a 100-percent draft design package was developed for the groundwater treatment facility at the Window Area. The package includes the following:

- 1. Equipment sizing calculations,
- 2. Trenching specifications,
- 3. Concrete specifications,
- 4. Equipment specifications,
- 5. Mechanical specifications,
- 6. Electrical specifications,

Table 3.7-4. Comparative Analysis of Groundwater Alternatives

Criteria	Alternative 1 No Action	Alternative 2 Physical Treatment	Atternative 3 Chemical Treatment	Alternative 4 Biological Treatment
Overali Protectiveness	Contaminants unmitigated, may impact White Settlement production wells in time	Protection of human health and environment through removing metals and dissolved organic contaminants through air stripping	Protection of human health and the environ- ment through removing metals and destroying dissolved organic con- taminants through UV/oxidation, respectively	Protection of human health and the environ- ment through destroying dissolved organic con- taminants above ground bioreactors
Compliance with ARARs	Would not comply with ARARs	Would comply with ARARs	Would comply with ARARs	Would comply with ARARs
Long-Term Effectiveness and Permanence	No long term effectiveness or permanence	Effective in removing volatiles from the ground water, a permanent solution	Effective in destroying volatiles in the ground water, a permanent solution	Effective in destroying volatiles in the ground water, a permanent solution
Reduction of Toxicity, Mobility, or Volume Through Treatment	Reduction in exicity and volume over time, no change to mobility	Reduces mobility and volume through ground water well pumping, reduces toxicity through treatment with air stripping	Reduces mobility and volume through ground water well pumping, reduces toxicity by destroying dissolved organic contamination through UV/oxidation.	Reduces mobility and volume through ground water well pumping and destroying dissolved organic contamination through above ground reactors.
Short-Term Effectiveness	Not applicable	Safety requirements for system installation. No expected impacts to workers or nearby communities. Expected project life is 12 years.	Safety requirements for system installation. No expected impacts to workers or nearby communities. Expected project life is 12 years.	Safety requirements for system installation. No expected impacts to workers or nearby communities. Expected project life is 12 years.
Implementability	No action to implement	Straight forward construction and operation. Services, vendors, and technology are readily available. Water quality parameters and updated dissolved contaminants concentrations needed.	Straight forward construction and operation. Services, vendors, and technology available. Water quality parameters and updated dissolved contaminant concentrations required. Pre-treatment of water may be required depending upon water quality. Treatability testing may be required.	Straight forward construction and operation. Services, vendors, and technology available. Water quality parameters and updated dissolved contaminant concentrations required. Pre-treatment of water may be required depending upon water quality. Treatability testing required.
Cost	No cost	\$18,250,000	\$22,825,000	\$23,303,000

Sources: RUST Geotech, 1993; ESE.

Table 3.7-5. Comparative Analysis of Soil Alternatives

Criteria	Alternative 1 No Action	Alternative 2 Containment (Capping)	Alternative 3 Chemical Treatment (Stabilization)	Alternative 4 Removal/Disposal
Overall Protection of Human Health and the Environment	May be protective of Human Health; Protective of Environment	Protective of Human Health; Protective of Environment	Protective of Human Health: Protective of Environment	Protective of Human Health; Protective of Environment
Compliance with ARARs	Would Comply with ARARs	Would Comply with ARARs	Would Comply with ARARs	Would Comply with ARARs
Long-Term Effectiveness and Permanence	No changes in BRA condition expected	Long-term risks reduced, periodic maintenance required.	Long-term risk reduced, No maintenance required.	Long-term, risks reduced at Plant 4. No maintenance necessary. Long-term liabilities at final disposal site may exist.
Reduction of Toxicity, Mobility, or Volume Through Treatment	No reductions in toxicity, mobility, or volume	Mobility reduced. No change in toxicity or volume.	Mobility reduced. Toxicity probably not reduced. Slight increase in volume.	Mobility reduced. Toxicity and volume removed from Plant 4 but still exists at disposal site.
Short-Term Effectiveness	No short-term risks	Small risk expected during construction activities. Small risk of wetlands impact.	Some risks during construction, probably greater risk than Alternatives 2 and 4 due to types of equipment utilized. Small risk of wetlands impact.	Small risk expected during construction activities. Small risk of wetlands impact. Transportation related risks.
Implementability	May be difficult to obtain acceptance of no-action	Easy to implement	Treatability testing required. Administrative issues to be resolved. Services available, although not as available as those for Alternative 2.	Transportation issues to be resolved. Services available, although not as available as those for Alternative 2.
Cost	No Cost	\$266,000	\$15,000,000	\$40,000,000

Sources: RUST Geotech, 1993; ESE.

- 7. Equipment shop drawings, and
- 8. Construction drawings.

3.7.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The remediation objective of this project is to extract TCE-contaminated groundwater from the shallow zone, using eight groundwater extraction wells, and treat with air stripping and carbon adsorption. The system also has the objective of preventing the transmission of groundwater from the upper aquifer to the Paluxy aquifer. A low profile air stripper was installed inside the assembly building to treat water which seeps through a pit wall.

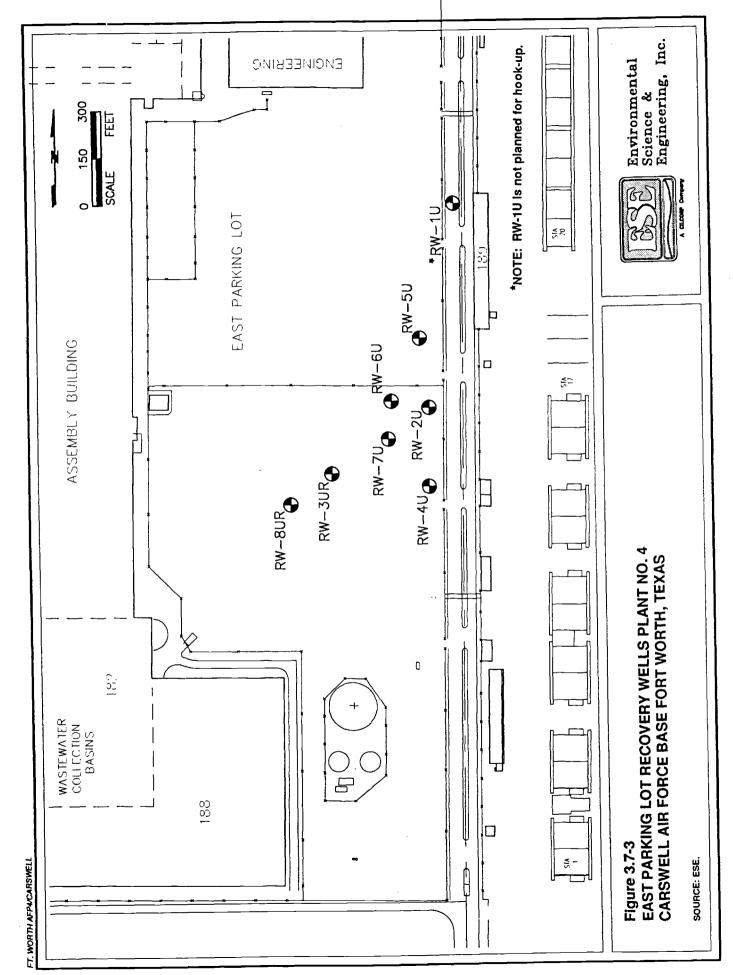
3.7.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

As of May 1994, the Window Area groundwater system is operational. The locations of groundwater extraction wells are depicted in Figure 3.7-3.

The air stripper located inside the Assembly Building is referred to as the Taper Edge Treatment System. The system is located near a pit which was used for dipping large parts. The pit was excavated to bedrock. Due to cracks present in the walls of the pit, groundwater seepage has been penetrating the pit wall. In April 1992, a low profile air stripper was installed at the site to treat water that was pumped from the pit. The system initially used a vapor-phase carbon adsorption system for air stripper emissions. However, this emission control system was determined to be unnecessary. To date, the Taper Edge Treatment System has treated approximately 1,240,000 gal of water.

3.7.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

In 1991, Tyndall AFB developed remediation alternatives for the treatment of contaminated groundwater at the East Parking Lot. IT developed a CQCP in 1992 and a 50-percent design package in 1993 for the Window Area groundwater remediation. An FS was developed for the remediation of sites at



AFP4, including the East Parking Lot Plume (RUST Geotech, 1993). The 100-percent design package was then published in September 1993.

No data are available for the Taper Edge Treatment System.

3.7.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

Recommendations for additional studies and/or remediation were not made in the file reports. However, in a conversation with Mr. Victor Dozzi, project manager for the construction contractor (IT) additional wells may need to be installed on the east side of the road, although this recommendation can not be finalized until the system has started up (IT, 1994). An underground walkway beneath the road may facilitate the installation of utilities to expand the system to the east side of the road.

3.7.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

No projects were identified to result from this project, based on review of the file material.

3.7.7 PROJECT STATUS

The Window Area remediation project is currently operational. Water from extraction wells is pumped to an equalization basin, then through a bag filter system prior to treatment in an air stripper and carbon adsorber. Treated water is discharged to the Lockheed wastewater treatment system (IT, 1994).

Information pertaining to the status of the Taper Edge Treatment System was not available.

3.7.8 SCHEDULE

The Window Area groundwater remediation system is scheduled for start-up. Schedule information pertaining to the Taper Edge Treatment System was not available.

3.7.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this remediation project are in IRPIMS.

3.7.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

Figure 4-2 of the December 1992 MAP projects that the IRA for this site will start in July 1995. Table 4-1 of this same report projects an IRA startup date of March 1993.

3.8 **BUILDING 181**

In 1991, operators of the chemical process area in Building 181 noted that unusually large quantities of TCE were required to refill one of two degreaser tanks located within the building. Later, TCE was observed leaking from the tank. In 1991, both degreaser tanks were removed from the building. Past spills of TCE have reportedly occurred within the Chemical Process Facility of the Assembly Building/Parts Plant. Trenches, sumps, floor drains, and buried pipelines are also present throughout the manufacturing facility. These are all potential source areas for soil contamination resulting from spills and leaks. Widespread TCE contamination in the groundwater was identified by previous investigators in the area east of the Assembly Building/Parts Plant. Building 181 is thought to be a contributor to this contamination. The location of the building is depicted in Figure 3.7-2. A pilot study involving the investigation of soil vacuum extraction is currently being conducted at this site.

3.8.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR BUILDING 181

Four reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. Soil and Groundwater Assessment, Building 181, U.S. Air Force Plant No. 4 (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1992);
- 2. Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Plant Installation Description, AFP4, Building 181 (ESE, 1993a);
- Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Plant Operation and Maintenance;
 Sampling, and Test Manual, AFP4, Building 181 (ESE, 1993b); and
- 4. Draft Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Plant Study, AFP4, Building 181 (ESE, 1994).

Detailed summaries of each of these reports are presented in Appendix A. The following paragraphs are a brief description of the reports, as they pertain to Building 181.

Soil and Groundwater Assessment, Building 181, U.S. Air Force Plant No. 4 (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1992)

In 1992, an assessment of the chemical quality of soil and groundwater at Building 181 was completed. The chemical analysis of the soils (Table 3.8-1) and groundwater (Table 3.8-2) indicated that TCE was present in both soils [maximum 1,100 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)] and groundwater [maximum 1,100 milligrams per liter (mg/L)].

A treatability study was conducted to evaluate the performance of a vapor extraction system for the remediation of soils and groundwater at Building 181. Based on the treatability study results, recommendations were made for a remedial action plan to be implemented at the site using a vapor extraction system.

Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Plant Installation Description, AFP4, Building 181 (ESE, 1993a)

This report references a pilot-scale soil remediation effort was initiated at Building 181 for the cleanup of contaminated soils by vapor extraction technique.

Table 3.8-1. Summary of Trichloroethene Concentrations Detected in Soil Samples

SOIL BORING	SOIL SAMPLE IDENTIFIER	SAMPLE DATE	SAMPLE DEPTH _(feet_bls)	TCE CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)
MW-4	MW-4-1.0	02/24/92	1.0	200
MW-4	MW-4-10.0	02/24/92	10.0	46
MW-4	MW-4-20.0	02/25/92	20.0	49
MW-5	MW-5-1.0	02/26/92	1.0	4.7
MW-5	MW-5-10.0	02/26/92	10.0	30
MW-6	MW-6-1.0	02/27/92	1.0	0.041
MW-6	MW-6-10.0	02/27/92	10.0	31
MW-6	MW-6-15.0	02/27/92	15.0	41
MW-6	MW-6-30.0(a)	02/27/92	30.0	0.020
MW-7	MW-7-1.0	02/29/92	1.0	<0.005
MW-7	MW-7-10.0	02/29/92	10.0	<0.005
MW-7	MW-7-20.0	02/29/92	20.0	<0.005
VW-2	VW-2	02/25/92	0.0 - 4.0	1,100

TCE = Trichloroethene
bls = Below land surface
mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

⁽a) Saturated sample, not used for interpretation of soil sample analytical data

Table 3.8-2. Analytical Results for Volatile Organic Compounds Detected in Groundwater Samples Collected From Perched Zone Monitor Wells

Styrene. <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10			Well ID and Sa	mpling Date	
Acrolein			_		
Acrolein	Acetone	<100	<100	<100	<100
Acrylonitrile		<500			
Senzene					
Promodich Prom			• • •		• • •
Stromoform				• -	• • •
Stromomethane				• •	
Carbon Tetrachloride				• •	• •
Chlorobenzene					• -
Chloroethane					
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether					• •
Chloroform					
Chloromethane					-
Dibromochloromethane				• •	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene					
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		•-		• • •	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene.					
1.1-Dichloroethane	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
1.2-Oichloroethane			= =		= =
cis 1.2-Dichloroethene <10					
1.1-Dichloroethene.	• = -				
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene <10	,				
1,2-0ichloropropane					
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene <10					
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene <10			• •		
Ethylbenzene <10			_		
Freon 113. <10	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		~ -		
2-Hexanone. <50	Ethylbenzene	<10	• •		
Methylene Chloride. <10	Freon 113	<10			<10
Methyl Ethyl Ketone. <50		<50	<50 -	<50	<50
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone <50	Methylene Chloride	<10	<10	<10	<10
Styrene. <10		<50	56	<50	<50
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane <10	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	<50	<50	<50	<50
Tetrachloroethylene <10	Styrene	<10	<10	<10	<10
1.1.1-Trichloroethane <10	1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	<10	<10	<10	<10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane <10	Tetrachloroethylene	<10	<10	<10	<10
1.1,2-TrichToroethane <10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<10	<10	<10	<10
Trichloroethene 900 1,000 850 1,100 Toluene <10		<10	<10	<10	<10
Toluene. <10				850	1.100
Trichlorof luoromethane <10			- •		
Total Xylenes. <10			_		
Vinyl Acetate <100					
Vinyl Chloride <10					
QUALITY ASSURANCE CODE ORG ORG ORG		=		•	
		-10	-10	-10	-10
	QUALITY ASSURANCE CODE	ORG	ORG	ORG	ORG
tra method number	EPA Method Number	8240	8240	8240	8240

^{(&}lt;) = Less than; numerical value is the Limit of Detection for that compound

ORG = Original sample EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

A plan was made for the installation and operation of a soil vapor extraction pilot plant (SVEPP).

This report presented the soil vapor extraction process description and the plan for the installation and operation of SVEPP. The process flow schematic is depicted in Figure 3.8-1. The locations of the pilot system extraction wells are depicted in Figure 3.8-2.

Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Plant Operation and Maintenance, Sampling, and Test Manual, AFP4, Building 181 (ESE, 1993b)

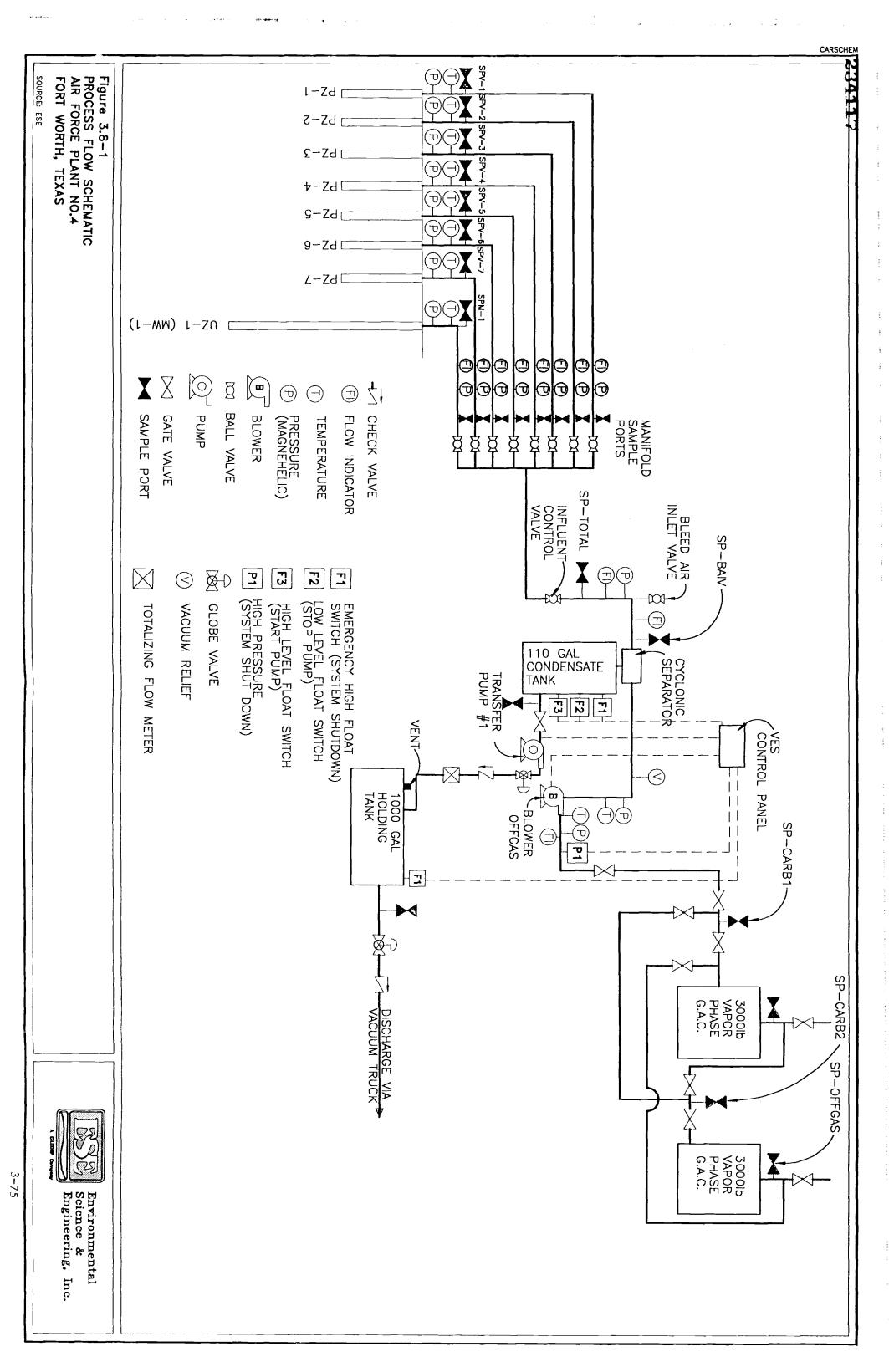
This report presented the O&M requirements for SVEPP. A description of vapor extraction technology, SVEPP objectives, overview of SVEPP tests and data evaluation were presented.

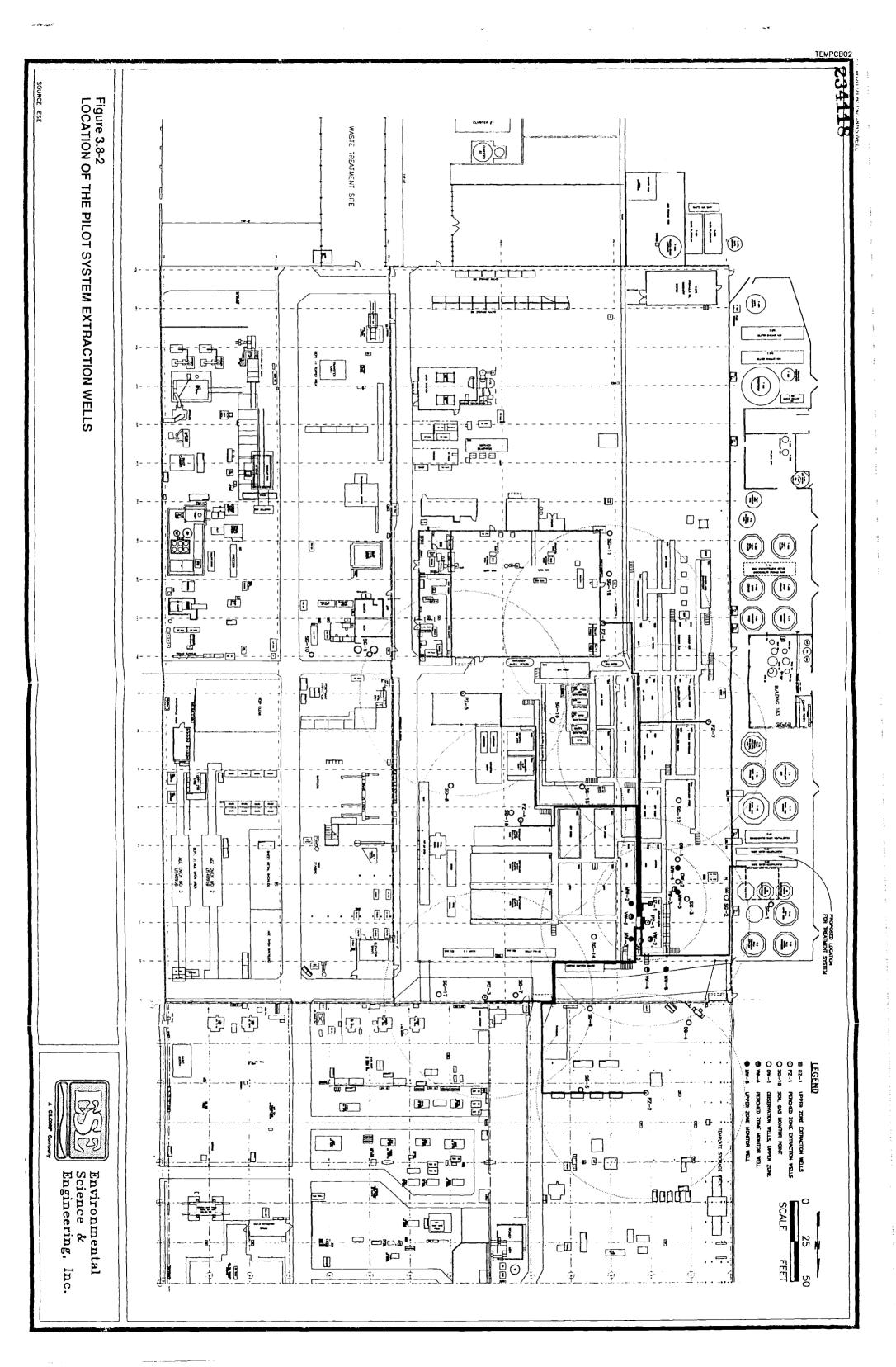
Draft Soil Extraction Pilot Plant Study, AFP4, Building 181 (ESE, 1994)
This project presented the results achieved from the soil vapor extraction pilot plant operation at Building 181 for the cleanup of contaminated soils.
Figures 3.8-3 and 3.8-4 present the Perched Zone and Terrace Deposits contaminant removal rates of TCE.

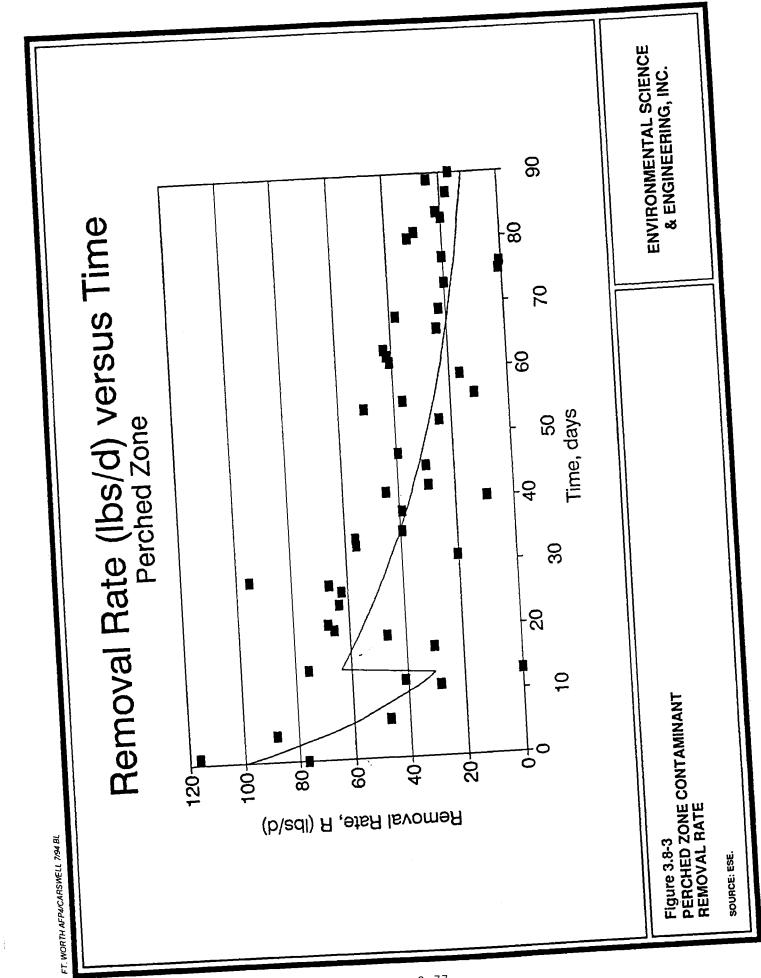
3.8.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

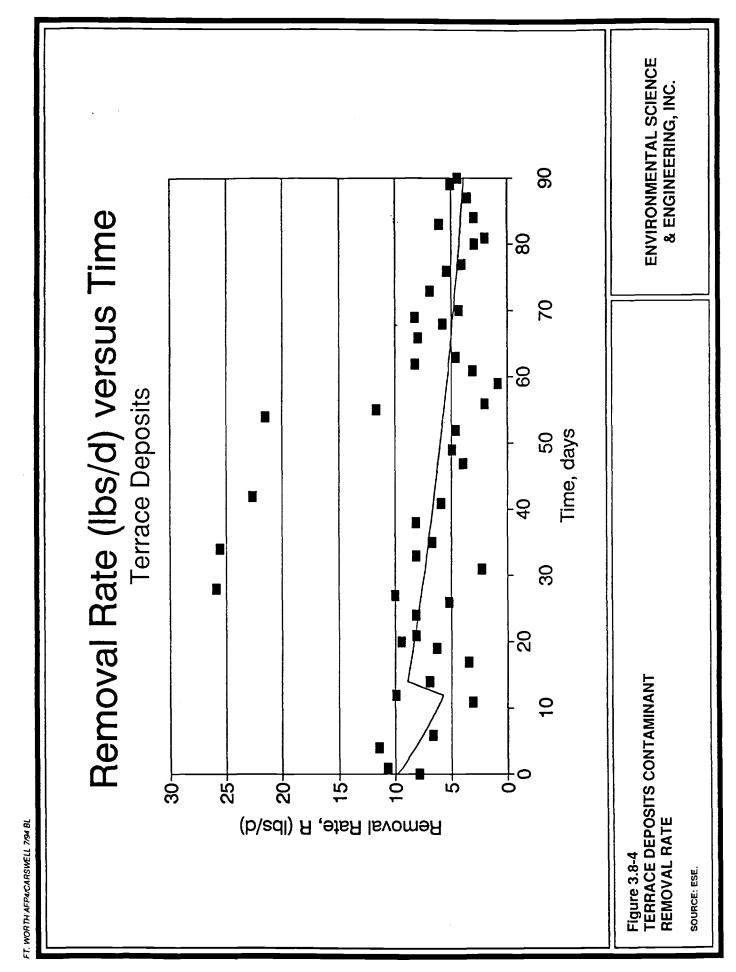
The current remediation project being conducted at Building 181 is a pilot study. The objectives for conducting the 90-day vapor extraction pilot study on TCE-contaminated soils of the perched and Terrace Depositss underlying Building 181 are to:

- 1. Remove as much contaminant from the subsurface soils, particularly in the perched zone, as possible during the pilot study;
- 2. Develop the following pilot test parameters which are necessary to evaluate the applicability of vapor extraction and allow for design of a full-scale soil vapor extraction remedial system:









- a. The radius of influence (R_I) for varying vacuums and flowrates,
- b. The soil's permeability to airflow (k), and
- c. Contaminant removal rates (m).
- 3. Determine if vapor extraction of upper-zone soils is effective, implementable, and cost efficient.

ESE is also investigating other characteristics, such as vacuum distribution, subsurface channeling and obstructions, contaminant mobility, and air flow pathways, all of which must be considered when properly designing a vapor extraction system. Finally, operation of the SVEPP system will allow an accurate assessment of O&M costs associated with continued operation of the pilot-scale system or operation of a full-scale system (ESE, 1994).

3.8.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

Seven perched zone wells [screened from 1.0 to approximately 4.0 feet below land surface (ft-bls)] were specified and installed for vapor extraction from the perched zone. The location of each perched zone well was based on information presented in the short-term treatability study (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1992), which was used to derive the estimated radius of influence (R_I), flowrate, and vacuum achievable.

A network of 19 permanently installed soil gas probes (SG-1 through SG-19) is being used to observe vacuum propagation in the perched zone. In addition to monitoring vacuum propagation, the soil gas probes are being used to observe the effectiveness of SVEPP remediation by monitoring soil gas concentrations during the 90-day SVEPP test. Soil gas concentrations are monitored by shutting down the SVEPP system, allowing the soil gas concentrations to equilibrate, and measuring the soil gas concentrations at each soil gas probe.

Vapor extraction of the Terrace Deposits is considered to be secondary in importance to vapor extraction of the perched zone because of the following:

- 1. The short-term treatability study results show poor vapor propagation in the Terrace Deposits, primarily due to the clayey nature of the Terrace Deposits soils and weathered limestone of the Goodland Limestone formation.
- 2. The observed vacuum responses in MW-2 and MW-3 during the treatability study may indicate channelization within the Terrace Deposits because MW-4 and MW-5 (both within the predicted 35 ft R_I) demonstrated no vacuum response.
- 3. An extremely low flowrate (1 cfm) was encountered during the treatability study. A higher flowrate would be expected for radial flow path propagation over a 35 ft R_i.
- 4. Clayey soils are difficult to remediate by vapor extraction.
- 5. Additional information is required to design a pilot- or full-scale vapor extraction system for the Terrace Deposits.

Additional information, obtained during operation of the SVEPP system, will be useful in evaluating the effectiveness and implementability of vapor extraction of the Terrace Deposits soils. One upper-zone well (UZ-1--existing MW-1, screened from 11 to 25 ft-bls) will be used for vapor extraction from the Terrace Deposits.

The SVEPP system consists of a Roots positive displacement blower, model 47 Universal RAI with a 7.5-horsepower (hp) motor. A cyclonic condensate separator and condensate tank provide condensate removal from the air stream. Two 3,000-lb vapor-phase carbon vessels have been installed for offgas treatment for the removal of contaminants from the air stream prior to discharge to the atmosphere.

Installation of the SVEPP extraction wells, extraction well piping, soil gas probes, piping manifold, SVEPP equipment, and carbon vessels was initiated on

October 18, 1993, and completed on November 4, 1993. System proving and step testing of the extraction wells was conducted from November 4 to 8, 1993. The 90-day pilot-scale test started on January 7, 1994, and ended on March 24, 1994.

3.8.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

A total of 2,700 lb of TCE was removed from the Perched Zone and 475 lb of TCE was removed from the Terrace Deposits. Data were developed for the continued and expanded operation.

3.8.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

A continued and expanded operation of the pilot-scale system was recommended.

3.8.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

None were identified.

3.8.7 PROJECT STATUS

The SVEPP system was started on December 2, 1993. A total flowrate of approximately 200 cfm was achieved from all extraction wells. The vacuum applied to each well head is approximately 2.0 inches mercury. Carbon breakthrough of the first 3,000-lb vessel was noted on December 6, 1993 (4 days after system startup). After carbon change out on December 9, 1993, the SVEPP was restarted. Breakthrough of the second 3,000-lb vessel was noted on December 15, 1993. Based on daily photoionization detector (PID) analysis of the offgas from the system, ESE estimates approximately 800 lb of TCE were removed during the 12 days from December 2 to December 15, 1993. Due to low ambient temperatures, condensation of water and product in the vessels has affected the efficiency of the removal process. Winterization of the SVEPP system has been implemented to optimize removal efficiencies. Winterization included insulation of the carbon vessels, carbon vessel manifold and piping, and

blower discharge piping. In addition, the carbon vessel manifold piping has been heat traced. The SVEPP system was returned to operation on January 7, 1994 (ESE, 1994). The system was operated until March 24, 1994.

3.8.8 SCHEDULE

The operation of the SVEPP was completed on March 24, 1994. A draft pilot study report was sent to USAED, Fort Worth, in April 1994.

3.8.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this remediation project are in IRPIMS.

3.8.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

No discrepancies were identified during the review of file material for Building 181.

3.9 <u>USTs</u>

Prior to 1988, 14 USTs were removed from AFP4. Twelve of these contained petroleum products and two contained hazardous substances (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1989a). Following removal of USTs, analyses of soil samples collected from the excavations indicated that six of the UST locations (USTs 19, 20, 24A, 24B, 25A, and 30) have contaminants. After removal of USTs, the excavations were backfilled and paved; however, no further remedial action was performed.

3.9.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR USTs

Two reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. MAP for AFP4, 1992, and
- 2. Draft-Final FS for AFP4 (RUST Geotech, 1993).

Detailed summaries of each of these reports are presented in Appendix A. A brief description of the reports, as they pertain to the USTs, is presented in the following paragraphs.

MAP 1992

This report states that 51 USTs have been tested, investigated, and/or mitigated at AFP4. A total of 17 was noted to be in use; 15 were to be addressed with an existing contract; and 19 were removed or abandoned in place.

Final FS for AFP4 (RUST Geotech, 1993)

This report gives the status of several USTs at AFP4.

USTs 19 and 20--The former locations of USTs 19 and 20 are shown in Figure 3.9-1. These USTs (12,000-gal capacity each) were reported to contain 2-butanone (UST 19) and xylene (UST 20). During excavation, contaminants detected in soil included 2-butanone, xylene, and ethylbenzene.

During a 1992 investigation, further sampling was conducted for VOCs, SVOCs, and priority pollutant metals at the site. VOCs, including total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) (maximum 8,781 mg/kg), 2-butanone (1,800 mg/kg), toluene (12,000 mg/kg), chloroform (1,900 mg/kg), and bromodichloromethane (600 mg/kg) were detected in significant concentrations.

SVOCs, including 2-methylnaphthalene (50 mg/kg) and benzofluranthene (11 mg/kg) were detected in significant concentrations. No priority pollutant metals were detected in significant concentrations. It was estimated that approximately 240 yd³ of soil was contaminated at the site.

USTs 24A and 24B--The former locations of the USTs 24A and 24B are shown in Figure 3.9-2. These USTs (8,000-gal capacity each) were reported to contain gasoline. Contaminants detected in soil during excavation included

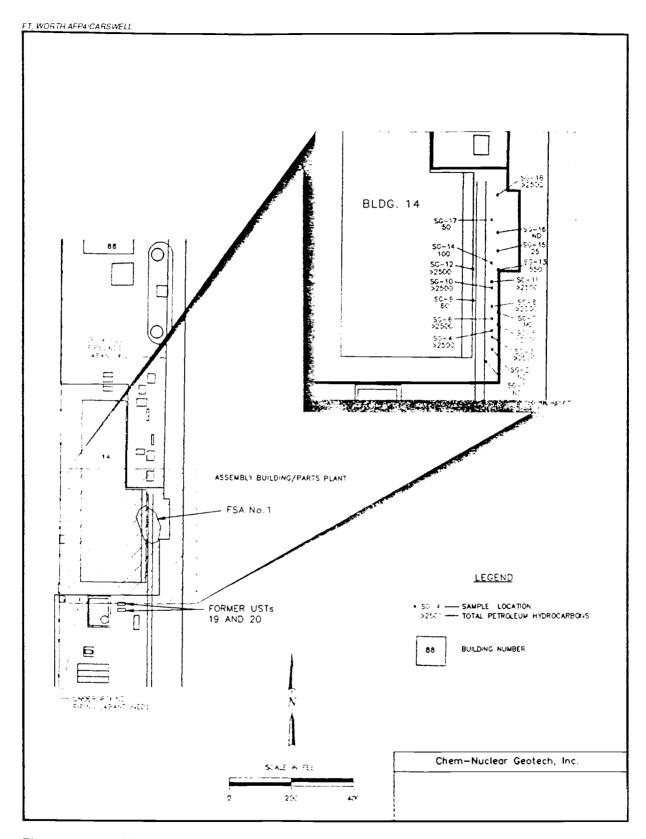


Figure 3.9-1 LOCATION OF USTS 19 AND 20 (REMOVED)

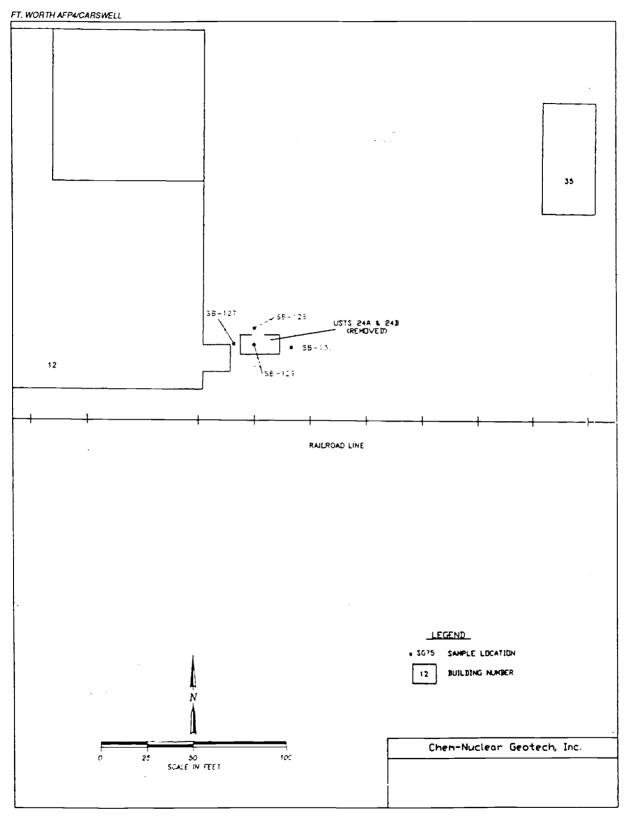


Figure 3.9-2 LOCATION OF USTs 24A AND 24B (REMOVED)

1,1,1,1-tetrachloroethene [8 micrograms per kilogram (μ g/kg)]; trans-1,2-dichloroethene (15 μ g/kg); tetrachloroethene (270 μ g/kg); ethylbenzene (11 μ g/kg); methylene chloride (11 μ g/kg); toluene (67 μ g/kg); trichloroethene (8 μ g/kg); and total xylenes (160 μ g/kg) (Hargis & Associates, Inc., 1989a).

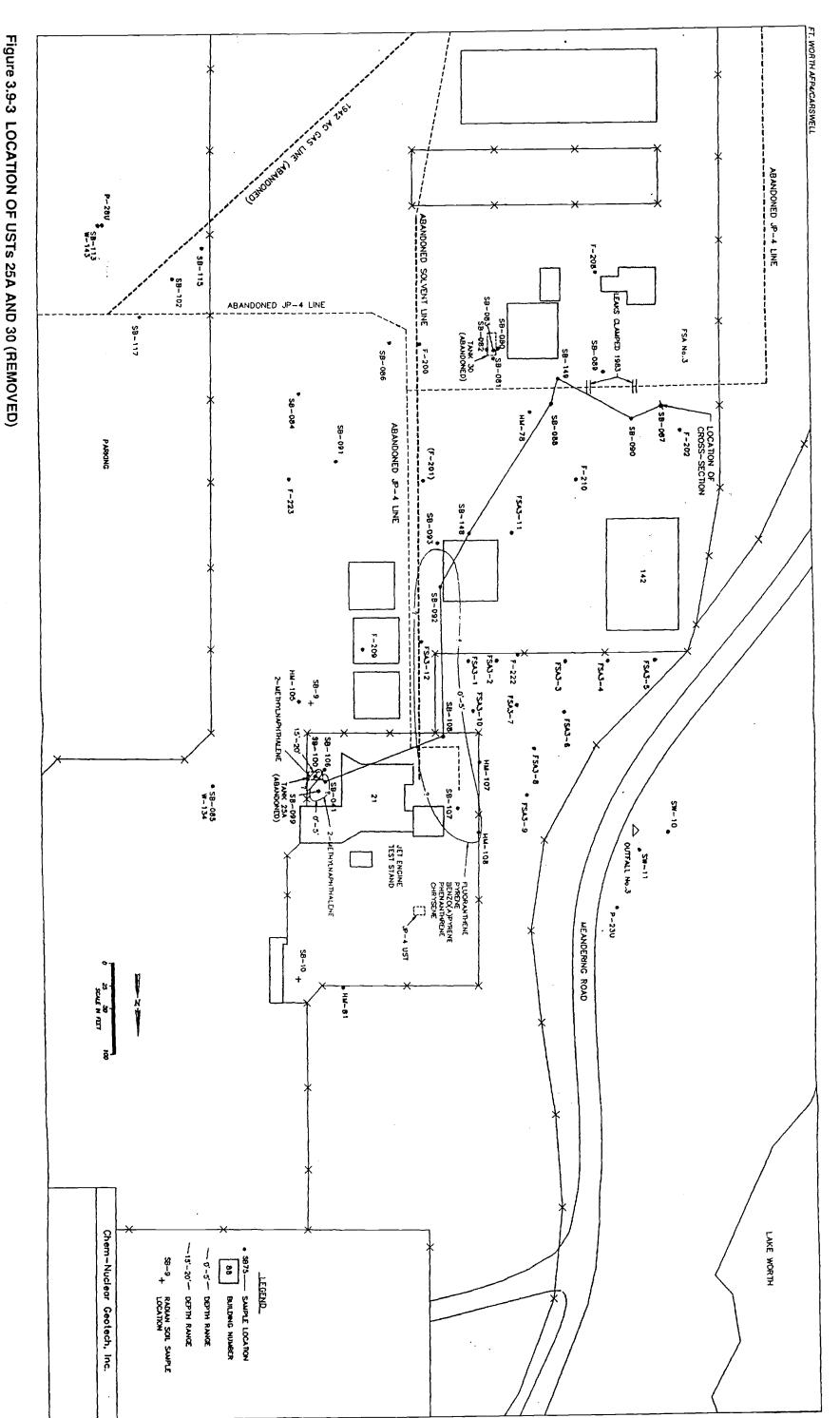
During a 1992 investigation, further sampling was conducted at the site. TPH were detected (maximum 76 mg/kg) and were considered to be the only significant contaminant present at the site. It was estimated that approximately 240 yd³ of soil were contaminated at the site.

UST 25A--The former location of UST 25A is shown in Figure 3.9-3. The UST was reported to contain fuel hydrocarbons. Contaminants detected in soil during excavation included benzene, toluene, and xylene. The concentration of hydrocarbon fuels was reported at 1,700 mg/kg.

During a 1992 investigation, further sampling was conducted for VOCs, SVOCs, and priority pollutant metals at the site. TPH (maximum 975 mg/kg), fluroethane (5.1 mg/kg), phenanthrene (5 mg/kg), and chromium (180 mg/kg) were detected in significant concentrations.

UST 30--The former location of UST 30 is also shown in Figure 3.9-3. The UST was reported to contain fuel hydrocarbons. Contaminants detected in soil during excavation included benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene (BTEX).

During a 1992 investigation, further sampling was conducted for VOCs, SVOCs, and priority pollutant metals at the site. The compounds 2-methylnaphthalene (maximum 5,900 μ g/kg) and naphthalene (maximum 2,700 μ g/kg) were detected in significant concentrations.



3-87

3.9.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The objective of the completed remedial activities was to remove USTs 19, 20, 24a, 24b, 25a, and 30. The objective of the remedial actions required to remove the contaminated soils was not specified in the file material. The remedial actions for the UST sites are governed by the Texas UST Program.

3.9.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

USTs 19, 20, 24a, 24b, 25a, and 30 were removed in December 1988. The accomplishments/results of the remedial actions pertaining to contaminated soils at these sites is not documented in the file material.

3.9.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

No data/information developed for the referenced sites were identified during the records review.

3.9.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

No recommendations for additional studies for the referenced sites were identified during the records review.

3.9.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

No projects resulting from this project were identified during the records review.

3.9.7 PROJECT STATUS

The removal of the USTs was completed in December 1988. The status of the removal of contaminated soils from the UST sites is not documented in the file material.

3.9.8 SCHEDULE

The removal of the USTs was completed in December 1988. The schedule of the removal of contaminated soils from the UST sites is not documented in the file material.

3.9.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this remediation project is in IRPIMS.

3.9.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

No discrepancies were observed.

3.10 LF04 AND LF05

LF04 and LF05 are two separate sites located on CAFB, as depicted in Figure 3.10-1. The following paragraphs provide a brief summary for each site.

LF04 (SWMU No. 22)

LF04 consists of 10 acres of land located east of the runway and is currently the location of the radar site. The site was used as a landfill from 1956 to 1975. Various materials suspected of being hazardous (waste paints, thinners, and strippers) were reportedly disposed of at the site. Soil and groundwater samples were collected and analyzed for metals, VOCs, and SVOCs.

The soil samples indicated that only silver (1.9 mg/kg) was present in two borings. In Round 1 groundwater sampling, lead, chromium, barium, and cadmium exceeded the maximum contaminant levels (MCLs). TCE was detected (4,200 μ g/L); benzene exceeded MCLs in Round 1 but was not detected in the Round 2 sampling effort.

USACE identified a TCE plume in the upper-zone groundwater during Round 2 sampling in the area of SWMUs 22, 23 (LF05), and 24 (Waste Burial Area). Further investigation was proposed to determine the extent of groundwater

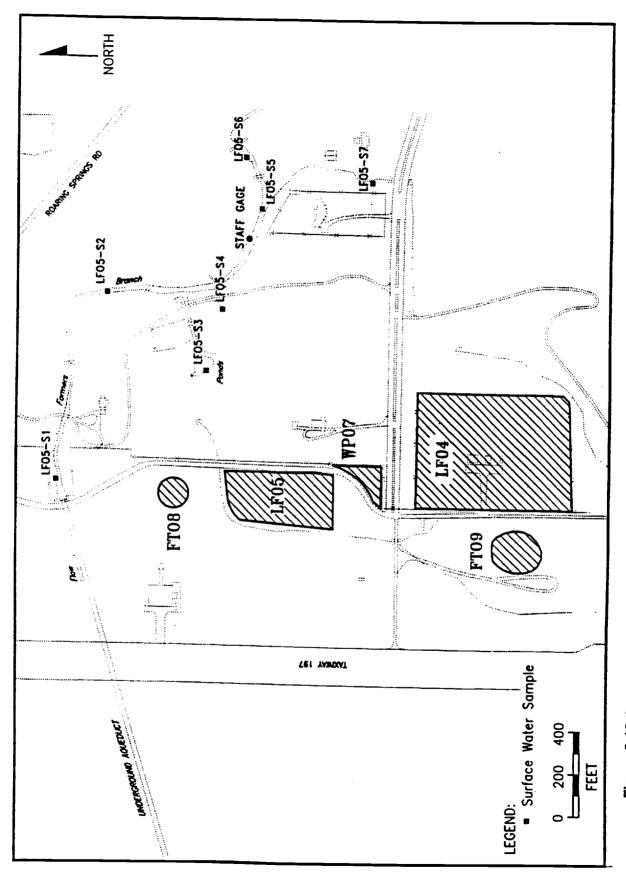


Figure 3.10-1 Location of Surface Water Sampling Points, Flightline Area, Carswell AFB, Texas (Spring, 1990) sources: Radian, 1991; ESE.

contamination at this site. USACE later submitted a preliminary RAP, which recommended installation of a slurry wall, multimedia cap, and a groundwater treatment system.

LF05 (SWMU No. 23)

LF05 was used as a landfill and reportedly received all types of flightline wastes and refuse that were regularly burned prior to covering. Silver (1.8 mg/kg), arsenic (13 mg/kg), TCE (22 μ g/kg), toluene (31 μ g/kg), and phthalates (maximum 800 μ g/kg) were detected in the soil samples. TCE (maximum 3,800 μ g/L); 1,1,1-trichloroethane (67 μ g/L); vinyl chloride; and trans-1,2-dichloroethene were detected in the groundwater samples. USACE later submitted a preliminary RAP, which recommended installation of a slurry wall, multimedia cap, and a groundwater treatment system.

A groundwater pump and treat system has been installed to remediate contaminated groundwater at LF04 and LF05.

3.10.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR LF04 AND LF05

The following five reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. Summary of Permit Sites (USACE, 1991);
- Preliminary Remedial Action Plans--SWMUs 16, 22, 23, 24, 32, 35,
 and 68 (USACE, 1991);
- 3. Final Feasibility Study for the Flightline Area (Radian, 1991);
- 4. MAP, 1993; and
- 5. Pubicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) Discharge Permit (IT, 1993).

Detailed summaries of each of these reports, as they pertain to LF04 and LF05, are presented in Appendix B. The following is a brief description of the reports.

Summary of Permit Sites (USACE, 1991)

This report summarized information of sites located at CAFB. The summary includes history, investigations, findings, and recommendations.

Preliminary Remedial Action Plans--SWMUs 16, 22, 23, 24, 32, 35, 61, and 68 (USACE, 1991)

This report addresses SWMUs 22, 23, and 24, which were proposed for consideration as a combined site in dealing with the problem of TCE in groundwater. Additional sampling was proposed in the area to determine the extent of groundwater contamination.

Installing a slurry wall to prevent the migration of contamination, placing a multimedia cap to prevent infiltration, and treating the groundwater by air stripping were recommended as remedial actions at the site.

Final Feasibility Study for the Flightline Area (Radian, 1991)

This FS was prepared for the Flightline Area sites LF04, LF05, and WP07. The report was divided into the following three sections: (1) screening of remedial technologies, (2) development of remedial alternatives, and (3) detailed evaluation of alternatives.

In Section 1.0, technologies were screened for (1) performance and effectiveness, (2) constructibility and implementability, and (3) cost. Then the potentially applicable technologies were combined into seven remedial alternatives (Table 3.10-1) that were developed and screened against the broad criteria of effectiveness, implementability, and cost. The alternatives were later evaluated in detail based on the following criteria:

- 1. Overall protection of human health and the environment,
- 2. Compliance with ARARs,
- 3. Long-term effectiveness and permanence,
- 4. Reduction of TMV,

Table 3.10-1 PRELIMINARY REMEDIAL ACTION ALTERNATIVES

1 able 3.					EMEDIA							
					A.	ltern	native	<u> </u>			T	
	1	2A	2B	3A	ЗВ	4A	4B	5A	5B	6A	6B	7*
Waste Containment	74.00 E											
Cap Existing Landfills	NA	•	•	•	• .					•	•	
Slurry Wall Placed Around Perimeter of Landfill	NA	•	=					•	•			
Ground-Water Extraction Wells Placed on Perimeter of Landfill	NA			•		•	•					
Ground Water												
Monitoring	NA	•	■	•				•		•		
Extraction Well System	NA	•		•	•	•	•	=	3	•		•
On-Site Air Stripping	NA	•		•	\$80 G.S	•	*******		•	•		
<u>Disposal</u>											·	
Discharge Treated Effluent into Farmers Branch Creek	NA	•		•		•		•		•		
Discharge Treated Effluent into POTW	NA						•					
Seasonal Irrigation of Base Golf Course	NA			•				•	•			

NA - No Action

^{*}Alternative 7 utilizes any of the waste containment options listed in Alternatives 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.

- 5. Short-term effectiveness,
- 6. Implementability, and
- 7. Cost.

The comparative evaluation matrix for the seven alternatives is presented in Table 3.10-2. Based on this evaluation, Alternative 4B (air stripping and disposal of effluent to a POTW sewerline) was selected as the preferred alternative for the groundwater remediation at the Flightline Area.

MAP, 1993

The MAP reported that the remediation design for LF04 and LF05 was cancelled in December 1991.

POTW Discharge Permit (IT, 1993)

The purpose of this permit was to request permission from the City of Fort Worth to discharge retreated groundwater from the groundwater treatment system at LF04 and LF05 to the POTW.

Under the proposed system, groundwater containing TCE (2.34 mg/L) and 1,2 DCE (0.39 mg/L) will be extracted from seven wells at approximately 135 gpm. The extracted groundwater will be treated to less than 0.005 mg/L each for TCE and DCE before discharging to the city sewer. The groundwater treatment system consists of five skid units, each with a dual tray; low-profile air stripper; two blowers; sump; transfer pump; bag filter; and a 1,000-lb carbon canister.

An estimate of the influent concentrations to the pretreatment system from the seven extraction wells was determined, and the pretreatment system operating conditions are presented in Table 3.10-2.

Table 3.10-2 RESULTS OF REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES COMPARATIVE EVALUATION

Primery Alternetives	Cap- ftal (* 8)	₩. 8.	NPV SE	Tech- nology Status	Compli- ance with ARARs	Con- struct- ability	Off- Site Impacts	Need for Further Study	impacts to Base Opera- tion	Products Gener- ated	Relia- bility	Regula- tory Accep- tance	Permit- ting Re- quire- ments	Effec- tive- ness Total	Effec- tive- ness Total/ Cost Total
Weighting Factors	-	-	-	4	7	7	3	2	m	m	m	N.	N.	. 1	(
2A: Cap/- Slurry Wall/- Treatment/ Farmers Branch	5.546	1.833	7.380	м	м	-	2	~	-	~	m	~		ξ	80 (6)
28: Cap/- Slurry Wall/- Treatment/POTW	5.329	1.833	7.366	m	м	-	2	2	-	~	m	m (~	5 5	o
3A: Cap/GW Ex/Treatment/ Farmers Branch	4.427	1.941	6.368	4	m	2	2	2	8	m [`]	m	N		£ :	13.6
38: Cap/GV Ex/Treatment/ POTV	4.424	1.941	6.365	4	m	2	2	2	~	m	m	m	~	8	5.2
4A: GW Ex/ Treatment/ Formers Branch	0.850	1.941	2.791	4	2	м	м	2	m	m		~	-	25	32.5
48: GW Ex/ Treatment/ POTU	0.847	1.941	2.788	4	2	м	m	2	m	m	8	m (N -	88 j	7, 7,
5A: Slurry Wall/ Treatment/ Farmers Branch	1.970	1.833	3.803	м	м	u n.	N	7		~	m	N	-	ς ;	
58: Slurry Wall/ Treatment/ POTW	1.956	1.833	3.789	m	м	-	2	2	-	2	m	m	2	18	21.4
Los and Maintenance Cost	bon colta	Maintena	nce Cost												

O&M = Ammual Operation and Maintenance Cost

NPV = Net Present Value

3.10.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The remedial action objectives for these sites, as defined by the final FS for the Flightline Area are to:

- 1. Reduce or eliminate potential future impacts to human health and the environment;
- 2. Reduce or eliminate the potential for future contaminant migration in the groundwater; and
- Reduce or eliminate the potential for continuing mobilization of metals and/or organic contaminants in near-surface soil (Terrace Deposits deposits) or residual wastes as leachate.

The constructed groundwater treatment system is working toward addressing response objectives 1 and 2 by extracting contaminated groundwater via eight extraction wells, treatment through an air stripper, and discharging to the POTW.

3.10.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

A groundwater recovery treatment system, consisting of seven extraction wells and air stripping and carbon adsorption treatment units, has been installed (IT, 1994). No status reports referencing accomplishments of the treatment system were discovered during the file review.

3.10.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT No status reports referencing data/information resulting from the project were discovered during the file review.

3.10.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

The final FS for the Flightline Area recommends implementing Alternative 4B for remediation of LF04 and LF05 and the WP07. Figure 3.10-2 depicts the location of extraction wells and the treatment plant for this alternative. IT, the

Figure 3.10-2 LOCATION OF EXTRACTION WELLS AND TREATMENT PLANT FOR ALTERNATIVE 4B

SOURCES: RADIAN, 1991; ESE.

contractor performing the installation of the treatment system, was contacted to obtain verbal information on the project, since information was unavailable in the file material. The remediation implemented at LF04 and LF05, as described by the IT project manager, appears to be based on Alternative 5B (Figure 3.10-3).

No status reports referencing other recommendations for additional studies/remediation were discovered during the file review.

3.10.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

A groundwater treatment system has been installed to treat groundwater at LF04 and LF05. The implementation of the remedial action appears to be based on the 1991 final FS for the Flightline Area.

3.10.7 PROJECT STATUS

The current status of the project was not available in the file material. The IRP schedule in the 1993 MAP references a projection that the remedial design and decision documents will be completed by September 1994, when remedial action is projected to commence.

IT was contacted to get an up-to-date status of the remedial action at LF04 and LF05. The following information was verbally communicated (IT, 1994):

- Seven extraction wells are used to recover groundwater. The
 groundwater treatment system consists of an air stripper followed by
 carbon polishing. No offgas treatment for air stripper emissions is
 required.
- Groundwater treatment has started.
- 3. The system was shut-down over the 1993 Christmas holidays due to fouling of carbon beds. The pH of water entering the system is 6.8 and effluent is 7.4. It is surmised that calcium carbonate precipitation was likely fouling the carbon beds.

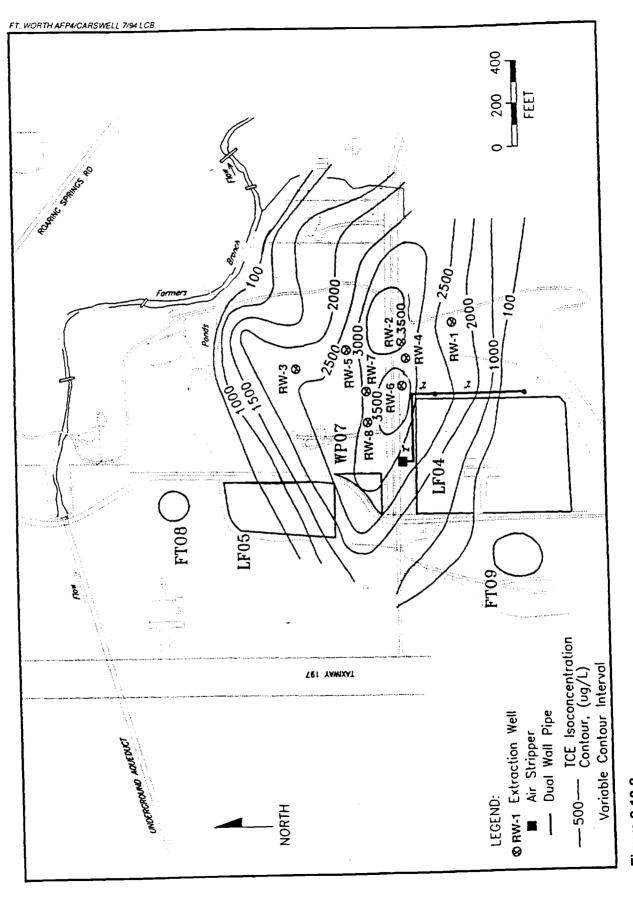


Figure 3.10-3 LOCATION OF EXTRACTION WELLS AND TREATMENT PLANT FOR ALTERNATIVE 5B

- 4. The data collection effort during January 1994 supports the fact that the carbon units are not necessary to remove TCE from groundwater. Steps were taken during the spring of 1994 to treat the calcium carbonate buildup problem with acids and/or polymers. A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination Permit (NPDES) package is being prepared so treated water can go into an unnamed tributary, Farmer's Branch, which flows into golf course irrigation ponds.
- 5. The well production from the seven wells is good. All seven wells are screened in the upper aquifer. The system has been operating near design flow of 150 gpm.
- 6. Additional wells may enhance containment. No schedule is in place to determine the need for additional wells.
- 7. There is currently no schedule for the operation of the treatment system. This is an interim system.
- .8. There are no remedial design documents for this site. The design engineering documents were "short-circuited" in the interest of expediting system installation. It appears more wells are needed and that some unexpected contamination is present.

3.10.8 SCHEDULE

The 1993 MAP specified that the remedial design and decision documents will be completed in September 1994, when remedial action is scheduled to be implemented. No other schedule information was identified in the records review.

3.10.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS No data from this remediation project are in IRPIMS.

3.10.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS None were observed.

3.11 SWMU 68 POL TANK FARM (ST14)

In the early 1960s, soil contamination was detected at the POL Tank Farm; leaking underground pipes were subsequently replaced. No additional leakage of fuel was suspected since 1965. A soil gas investigation revealed that a 1,000 parts per million (ppm) organic compound plume exists in an area of approximately 100 by 300 ft in the vicinity of Tanks 1156 and 1157. Also, TPH was detected (maximum 8,900 mg/kg) at the site.

Arsenic, barium, cadmium, and chromium exceeded the MCLs in the groundwater samples. USACE recommended further investigation of the site for groundwater contamination. A preliminary RAP, submitted at a later date, recommended air stripping treatment for contaminated groundwater.

The site reportedly had an oil skimmer in operation from August 1991 through August 1993, at which time the device was scheduled to be removed from service. Figure 3.0-1 depicts the location of the POL Tank Farm on the base. Figure 3.11-1 depicts the ST14 site and identifies the well where 2 ft of free product was observed.

3.11.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS

Four reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. Draft-Final Feasibility Study for the East Area (Radian, 1991);
- 2. Summary of Permit Sites (USACE, 1991);
- Preliminary Remedial Action Plan--SWMUs 16, 22, 23, 24, 32, 35,
 and 68 (USACE, 1991); and
- 4. MAP, 1993.

Detailed summaries of each of these reports are presented in Appendix B. A brief description of the reports, as they pertain to ST14, is presented in the following paragraphs.

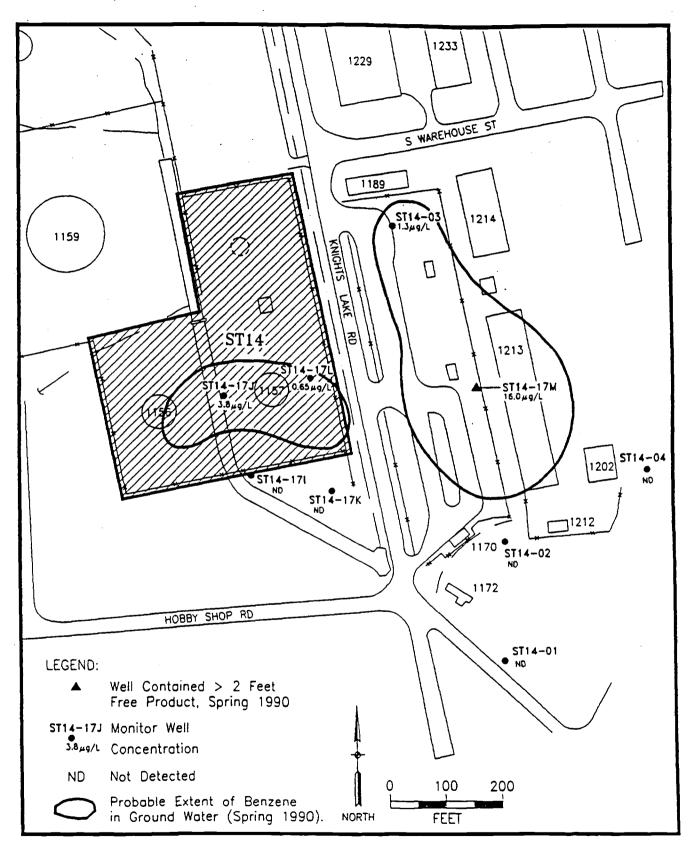


Figure 3.11-1 SITE LOCATION MAP FOR ST14 SOURCES: Radian, 1990; ESE.

Draft-Final Feasibility Study for the East Area (Radian, 1991)

A draft FS was completed for the remediation of groundwater at the East Area. The East Area consists of four sites: LF01, Unnamed Stream (SD13), ST14, and Base Service Station (BSS). The FS evaluated several alternatives and selected the air stripping treatment alternative at the POL Tank Farm.

As an IRA, a skimmer was installed in August 1991 for the removal of free product from ST14; however, no free product was detected, and the skimmer was scheduled for removal in August 1993 (USACE, March 1993).

Summary of Permit Sites (USACE, 1991)

A brief site history and summary of previous investigative findings for the POL Tank Farm area were presented in this report (see Section 12.0 for this information).

Preliminary Remedial Action Plan--SWMUs 16, 22, 23, 24, 32, 35, 61, and 68 (USACE, 1991)

Groundwater treatment by air stripping was recommended as the remedial alternative at the POL Tank Farm. The details of the treatment alternative were presented in the Draft Feasibility Study for the Flightline Area (Radian, 1991).

MAP, 1993

The MAP states that an oil skimmer was installed on a well to skim free product off the top of the water-table to comply with a Notice of Violation (NOV). The skimmer was installed in August 1991. No product was recovered while the system was in place. The oil skimmer system was scheduled to be taken offline in August 1993.

3.11.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The only reference in the project file to any sort of remediation has been an IRA at the POL Tank Farm. An oil skimmer was installed at a well to recover free product.

3.11.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

The oil skimming system installed at the well was unsuccessful in recovering free product.

3.11.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

A remedial alternative involving extraction and treatment of contaminated groundwater, was recommended.

3.11.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

The draft-final FS for the East Area noted that a heavy rainfall in the weeks immediately preceding sampling may have caused some dilution of contaminant concentrations. However, the concentration variance possibly related to rainfall is not expected to differ greatly from previously observed data. Activities to confirm this interpretation, especially with regard to lead concentrations in groundwater at the POL Tank Farm, should be performed. Furthermore, the final FS for the East Area recommends additional sampling to better delineate contamination.

3.11.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

None were identified in the file material.

3.11.7 PROJECT STATUS

The oil skimming system was scheduled to be taken offline in August 1993. Information regarding the status of this system was not available in the project files reviewed by ESE.

3.11.8 SCHEDULE

The oil skimming system was scheduled to be taken offline in August 1993. The MAP stated that RA and No Further Action (NFA) activities were projected to occur from December 1993 through December 1994. No information regarding the current schedule for this system was available in the project files reviewed by ESE.

3.11.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this remediation project are in IRPIMS.

3.11.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

None were observed.

3.12 WASTE BURIAL AREA (WP07)--SWMU 24

The Waste Burial Area was used for burial of wastes during the 1960s and reportedly received solvents, leaded sludge, and possible ordnance materials. Various phthalates (maximum 390 μ g/kg) were detected in the soil samples. TCE (maximum 11,000 μ g/L) and chloroethene (850 μ g/L) were detected in the groundwater samples. USACE proposed that the groundwater at this site be treated with the groundwater at SWMU 22 and SWMU 23. Buried drums and contaminated soils were removed from this site between August and October 1991.

3.12.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR WASTE BURIAL AREA

Five reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. Draft Interim Investigation/Remediation Plan--Waste Burial Area (USACE, 1991);
- 2. Summary of Permit Sites (USACE, 1991);
- 3. Preliminary Remedial Action Plan--SWMUs 16, 22, 23, 24, 32, 35, 61, and 68 (USACE 1991);

- 4. Final Feasibility Study for the Flightline Area (Radian, 1991); and
- 5. MAP, 1993.

Detailed summaries of each of these reports are presented in Appendix B. The following paragraphs present a brief description of the reports, as they pertain to the Waste Burial Area.

Draft Interim Investigation/Remediation Plan--Waste Burial Area (USACE, 1991)

This report states that WP07 site was used for burial of wastes during the 1960s and reportedly received solvents, leaded sludge, and possible ordnance materials. Various phthalates (maximum 390 μ g/kg) were detected in the soil samples. TCE (maximum 11,000 μ g/L) and chloroethene (850 μ g/L) were detected in groundwater samples. USACE proposed that the groundwater at this site be treated with the groundwater at SWMU 22 and SWMU 23 and RAP be submitted at a later date.

An SOW was included for removal of approximately twelve 55-gal drums and a 5,000-gal UST. A quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) plan dated January 1991 was also provided in the report.

Summary of Permit Sites (USACE, 1991)

This report states that WP07 was used for burial of wastes during the 1960s and reportedly received solvents, leaded sludge, and possible ordnance materials. Various phthalates (maximum 390 μ g/kg) were detected in the soil samples. TCE (maximum 11,000 μ g/L) and chloroethene (850 μ g/L) were detected in groundwater samples. USACE proposed that the groundwater at this site be treated with the groundwater at SWMUs 22 and 23 and that a RAP be submitted at a later date.

Preliminary Remedial Action Plan--SWMUs 16, 22, 23, 24, 32, 35, 61, and 68 (USACE 1991)

SWMUs 22, 23, and 24 were proposed for consideration as a combined site in dealing with the problem of TCE in groundwater. A second round of sampling in the area of the proposed combined site was recommended to determine the extent of groundwater contamination.

Installing a slurry wall to prevent the migration of contamination, placing a multimedia cap to prevent infiltration, and treating groundwater by air stripping was the recommended remedial alternative for the combined site. The details of the treatment alternative were presented in the Draft Feasibility Study for the Flightline Area (Radian, 1991).

Final Feasibility Study for the Flightline Area (Radian, 1991)

This FS was prepared for the Flightline Area sites LF04, LF05, and Waste Burial Area. The report was divided into the following three sections: (1) screening of remedial technologies, (2) development of remedial alternatives, and (3) detailed evaluation of alternatives.

In Section 1.0, technologies were screened for (1) performance and effectiveness, (2) constructibility and implementability, and (3) cost. Then the potentially applicable technologies were combined into seven remedial alternatives (Table 3.10-1) that were developed and screened against the broad criteria of effectiveness, implementability, and cost.

The alternatives were later evaluated in detail based on the following criteria:

- 1. Overall protection of human health and the environment,
- 2. Compliance with ARARs,
- 3. Long-term effectiveness and permanence,
- 4. Reduction of TMV,
- 5. Short-term effectiveness.

- 6. Implementability, and
- 7. Cost.

The comparative evaluation matrix for the nine alternatives is presented in Table 3.10-2. Based on this evaluation, Alternative 4B, Air Stripping and Disposal of Effluent to a POTW Sewerline, was selected as the preferred alternative for the remediation of groundwater at the Flightline Area.

MAP, 1993

The MAP reported that buried drums and contaminated soils were removed for the purposes of removing a contaminant source. Removal was conducted between August and October 1991.

3.12.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The objective of the IRA was to remove product discovered in a monitor well. The remedial action objectives for the site, as defined by the Final FS for the Flightline Area, were to:

- 1. Reduce or eliminate potential future impacts to human health and the environment,
- 2. Reduce or eliminate the potential for future contaminant migration in the groundwater, and
- Reduce or eliminate the potential for continuing mobilization of metals and/or organic contaminants in near-surface soil (Terrace Deposits deposits) or residual wastes as leachate.

Progress towards achieving objectives 1 and 2 could be attempted by extracting contaminated groundwater, treating through an air stripper, and discharging the treated groundwater to a POTW.

3.12.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

Buried drums and contaminated soils were removed between August and October 1991 (MAP, 1993).

3.12.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

A preferred alternative was recommended in the Final FS for the Flightline Area.

3.12.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

No recommendations for additional studies and/or remediation were identified in the records reviewed by ESE.

3.12.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

None were identified.

3.12.7 PROJECT STATUS

The records review did not reveal any information regarding the current status of the project.

3.12.8 SCHEDULE

The MAP projects that the remedial design (RD) and decision documents (DD) work will be prepared between April and September 1994, at which time the RA is projected to start. RA activities are projected to be performed through December 1994. No information regarding the current schedule for this system was available in the project files reviewed.

3.12.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this remediation project are in IRPIMS.

3.12.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

None were observed.

3.13 FLIGHTLINE DRAINAGE DITCH (SD10 - SWMU 53)

The Flightline Drainage Ditch receives runoff from the flightline area and discharges from the aircraft washracks and the Fuel System Shop (Building 1048). TPH (maximum 3,500 mg/kg), ethylbenzene (750 μ g/kg), and toluene (maximum 3,000 μ g/kg) were detected in soil samples analyzed during the investigation. An interim remedial action involving the excavation of contaminated soils and lining a portion of the ditch with concrete was completed in December 1993. The Flightline Drainage Ditch is depicted in Figure 3.13-1.

3.13.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR FLIGHTLINE DRAINAGE DITCH

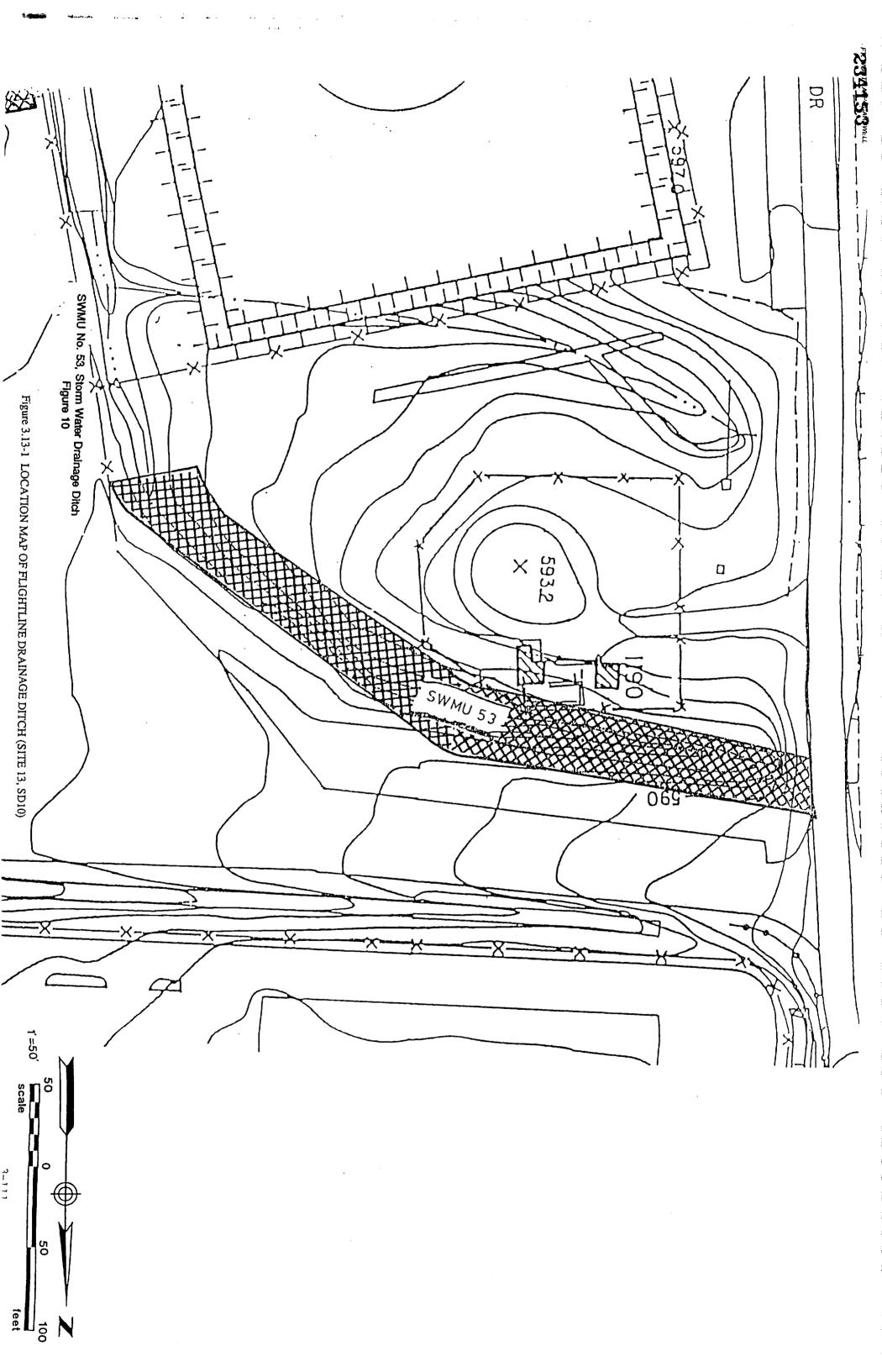
Four reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. Summary of Permit Sites (USACE, 1991),
- 2. 90% Plans and Specifications--Site SD10 (Radian, 1991),
- 3. 90% Design Cost Estimates--Site SD10 (Radian, 1991), and
- 4. MAP, 1993.

Detailed summaries of each of these reports, as they pertain to the Flightline Drainage Ditch, are presented in Appendix B. A brief description of the reports is presented in the following paragraphs.

Summary of Permit Sites (USACE, 1991)

This report presented the following brief history of the Flightline Drainage Ditch. The Flightline Drainage Ditch receives runoff from the flightline area and discharges from the aircraft washracks and the Fuel System Shop (Building 1048). TPH (maximum 3,500 mg/kg), ethylbenzene (750 μ g/kg), and toluene (maximum 3,000 μ g/kg) were detected in soil samples analyzed during the investigation. An interim remedial action involving the excavation of contaminated soils and lining a portion of the ditch with concrete was completed in December 1993. The Flightline Drainage Ditch is depicted in Figure 3.13-1.



90% Plans and Specifications--Site SD10 (Radian, 1991)

Plans and specifications were prepared for work with the following principal features:

- 1. Remove and dispose of four transite pipes;
- Remove and dispose of miscellaneous structures, including a wooden trestle, concrete structures, asbestos-containing material, and miscellaneous utility piping;
- 3. Analyze, excavate, remove, and dispose of contaminated soils from ditch;
- 4. Perform verification and disposal sampling;
- Install a 167-ft long, 60-inch diameter RCP culvert with headwall, including backfill, compaction, and grading;
- 6. Install a concrete lining and drop/transition structure for a 433-ft channel, including backfill, compaction, and grading; and
- 7. Fill all disturbed areas with topsoil and seed them.

90% Design Cost Estimates--Site SD10 (Radian, 1991)

A cost estimate for the remediation of the Flightline Drainage Ditch was prepared based on the assumption that all contaminated soils would be disposed of offsite in a Class I landfill.

MAP, 1993

The MAP projects RA and NFA activities to be conducted during the period between January and December 1993.

3.13.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

See the summary for the 90 percent plans and specifications, presented in Section 3.14.1.

3.13.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

Contaminated soils were excavated from the Flightline Drainage Ditch in November 1993. A concrete liner and culvert were installed in the channel in December 1993 (COE, 1994).

3.13.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

Based on a review of the file material, no data/information were developed as part of the actions taken in November and December 1993.

3.13.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

The intent of the site activities at the Flightline Drainage Ditch was to complete a final remedial action. However, the state considers the work performed to date to be an interim remedial action (USACE, 1994). The reason the state refused to accept remediation at the Flightline Drainage Ditch as final were not available in the file material reviewed by ESE. Therefore, additional studies and/or remediation may be required before the site can be closed.

3.13.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

The review of the file material did not indicate any projects resulting from this project.

3.13.7 PROJECT STATUS

The removal of contaminated soil from the ditch and the installation of the culvert and concrete liner in the channel is complete. The excavated soils have been staged onbase, and are awaiting transportation to an offsite disposal facility.

3.13.8 SCHEDULE

The excavation of contaminated soils and the lining of the channel is complete. The stockpiled soils are scheduled to be disposed of at an offsite facility (USACE, 1994). However, the date was not available in the file material.

3.13.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this remediation project are in IRPIMS.

3.13.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

None were observed in the file material reviewed for this project.

3.14 FTA-2 (SWMUS 19, 20, AND 21)

Results of soil sampling and analysis during RI/FS studies indicated that several organic constituents, including benzene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, 2 methylnaphthalene, 4-methylphenol, phenol, and naphthalene occurred in the soil beneath FTA-2. FTA-2 is depicted in Figure 3.14-1.

The highest contaminant concentrations occurred at the surface, decreasing with depth. However, in boreholes in which a sand zone was encountered at approximately 24 ft-bgs, the maximum values of contaminants were found in the sand strata above the water table. Petroleum hydrocarbon constituents were also detected in the groundwater (Table 3.14-1). The highest concentration of contaminants were detected at MW 12H, in the 19- to 25-ft soil depth range, which lies directly above the groundwater zone. Table 3.14-2 shows the concentration of petroleum hydrocarbons; ethylbenzene; toluene; 1,1,2,2,-tetrachloroethane; and acetone at FTA-2. Soils from the site have been excavated and are currently being treated onsite using a biological treatment process.

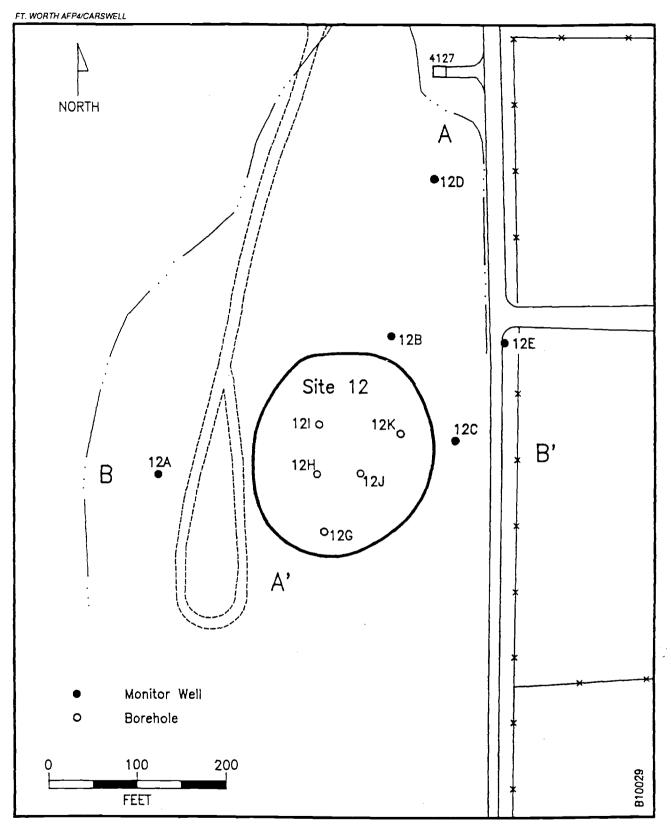


Figure 3.14-1 LOCATION MAP FOR FTA-2 (SITE 12, FT09) SOURCES: Radlan, 1990; ESE.

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS Table 3.14-1

rrimary Results										
						Monitor Well	Well			
						Sample ID	10			
						Date Sampled	npled			
			-	12A		12A	1	128		12B
	EPA Standards,	rds,	02-154	154	70	70-70	03	03-24	03	03-25
PARAMETER	Criteria		25-F	25-Feb-88	V-90	06-Apr-88	M-60	03-Mar-88	03-)	03-Mar-88
Petroleum Hydrocarbons UG/L										
Petroleum Hydrocarbons			QN	(200.0)	ND	(500.0)	QN	(200.0)	QN	(200.0)
Purgeable Halocarbons UG/L										
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200.0(M)	200.0(G)	Q	(060.0)	QN	(060.0)	NO	(2.3)	QN	(2.3)
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane			CN	(0.12)	QN	(0.12)	ON	(3.0)	QN	(3.0)
1,1,2-Trichloroethane			S	(0.070)	QN	(0.070)	Q	(1.8)	QN	(1.8)
1,1-Dichloroethane			Q	(060'0)	Q.	(060.0)	Q	(2.3)	QN	(2.3)
1,1-Dichloroethene	7.0(M)	7.0(G)	Q	(0.10)	QN	(0.10)	QN	(2.5)	QN	(2.5)
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	620.0(G)		æ	(0.50)	QN	(0.50)	Q	(13.0)	Q	(13.0)
1,2-Dichloroethane	5.0(M)	0.0(0)	S	(0:030)	QN	(0.030)	Q	(0.75)	Q	(0.75)
1,2-Dichloropropane			£	(0.10)	QN	(0.10)	Q	(2.5)	QN	(2.5)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	400.0(6)		8	(0:30)	QN	(0.30)	Q	(7.5)	Q	(7.5)
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	750.0(M)	750.0(G)	Ş	(0.40)	ON	(0.40)	QN	(10.0)	QN	(10.0)
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether			Q	(0.20)	ON	(0.20)	Q.	(8.0)	QN	(8.0)
Bromodichloromethane			£	(0.10)	GN	(0.10)	Q	(2.5)	ND	(2.5)
Bromoform			Q	(0:30)	QN	(0.30)	Q	(7.5)	ND	(7.5)
Bromomethane			Q	(1.2)	QN	(1.2)	Q.	(30.0)	ND	(30.0)
Carbon tetrachloride	5.0(M)	0.0(G)	SS.	(0.10)	QN	(0.10)	Q	(2.5)	QN	(2.5)
Chlorobenzene	(0)0.09		Q	(0:30)	ND QN	(0.30)	Q.	(7.5)	ND	(7.5)
Chloroethane			Q	(0.50)	ND	(0.50)	Q	(13.0)	QN	(13.0)
Chloroform			Q	(0:020)	0.20	(0.050)	Q	(1.3)	ON	(1.3)
Chloromethane			QN	(0:30)	UN	(0.30)	QN	(7.5)	QN	(7.5)
Dibromochloromethane			£	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)	Q	(8.0)	QN.	(8.0)
Methylene chloride			QN	(0.30)	QN	(0.30)	QN	(7.5)	QN	(7.5)

^{4:} cls-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed Q: Dally EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit.

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDIA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-1

Primary Results										
						;	:			
						Monito	Monitor Well			
						Sample ID	e ID			
						Date S	Date Sampled			
			-	12A	1	12A	-	12B	1.	12B
	EPA Standards,	rds,	02-154	154	* 0	90-90	03	03-24	-60	03-25
PARAMETER	Criteria		25-F	25-Feb-88	V-90	06-Apr-88	M-60	03-Mar-88	03-Mar-88	ır -88
Tetrachloroethene	8.0(G)		Q.	(0.030)	0.030	(0.030)	42.0	(0.75)	43.0	(0.75)
Trichloroethene	5.0(H)	0.0(G)	Q	(0.20)	0.20	(0.20)	110.0	(5.0)	110.0	(5.0)
Trichlorofluoromethane			QN	(0.10)	QN	(0.10)	ON	(2.5)	ON	(2.5)
Vinyl chioride	2.0(M)	0.0(6)	Q	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)	ON	(5.0)	QN	(5.0)
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene			NDE		NDE		NDE		NDC	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	70.0(G)		QN	(0.20)	Q	(0.20)	QN	(5.0)	QN	(5.0)
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene			ON.	(0.30)	QN	(0.30)	Ñ.	(7.5)	QN	(7.5)
Purgeable Aromatics UG/L										
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	620.0(G)		QN	(0.40)	Q	(0.40)	2	(10.0)	Q.	(10.0)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	400.0(G)		QN	(0,40)	Q	(0,40)	QN	(10.0)	QN	(10.0)
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	750.0(M)	750.0(G)	QN	(0.30)	CM	(0.30)	QN	(8.0)	QN	(8.0)
Benzene	5.0(M)	0.0(G)	Q	(0.20)	ND	(0.20)	QX	(5.0)	QN	(5.0)
Chlorobenzene	60.0(G)		QX	(0.30)	MD	(0.30)	QN	(8.0)	ND	(8.0)
Ethylbenzene	680.0(C)		QN	(0.30)	QN	(0.30)	Q	(8.0)	QN	(8.0)
Toluene	2000.0(G)		1.1	(0.20)	1.2	(0.20)	9.0	(5.0)	QN	(5.0)
m-Xylene			Q.	(0.20)	ND	(0.20)	QN.	(3.0)	QN	(5.0)
o-Xylene			Q	(0.10)	ND	(0.10)	QN	(3.0)	QN	(3.0)
p-Xylene			NDQ	(0.20)	ND	(0.20)	QN	(2.0)	Q	(5.0)
Extractable Priority Pollutants UG/L										
1 2 4-prichlorobesses			ş	6						
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			2	(7.0)						
1,2-dichlorobenzene			ᅙ	(2.0)						
1,3-dichlorobenzene			Q	(2.0)						
1,4-dichlorobenzene	750.0(G)		9	(4.5)						
NDA Standards and Criteria are designed. Milkett	A. M. Mantenant	4 4 4 4			•					

^{4:} cls-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

Q: Dally EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit.

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-1

				Monite	Monitor Well	
				Sampl	Sample ID	
				Date S	Date Sampled	
		12A	ν.	12A	128	128
	EPA Standards,	02-154	.54	70-70	03-24	03-25
PARAMETER	Criteria	25-Feb-88	P-88	06-Apr-88	03-Mar-88	03-Mar-88
2,4,5-trichlorophenol		QN	(10.0)			
2,4,6-trichlorophenol		QN	(2.8)			
2,4-d1chlorophenol	3090.0(G)	QN	(2.8)			
2,4-dimethylphenoi	400.0(G)	QN	(2.8)			
2,4-dinitrophenol		QN	(43.0)			
2,4-dinitrotoluene		QN	(5.9)			
2,6-dinitrotoluene		QN	(2.0)			
2-chloronaphthalene		QN	(2.0)			
2-chlorophenol		QN	(3.4)			
2-methylnaphthalene		QN	(10.0)			
2-methylphenol		GN	(10.0)			
2-nitroaniline		QN	(52.0)			
2-nitrophenol		Q	(3.7)			
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine		QN	(17.0)			
,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol		QN .	(25.0)			
4-bromophenyl-phenylether		QN	(2.0)			
4-chloro-3-methylphenol		Q.	(3.1)			
4-chloroaniline		QN	(10.0)			
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether		Š	(4.3)			
4-methylphenol		Q	(10.0)			
4-nitroaniline		Q	(52.0)			
4-nitrophenol		QN	(2.5)			
acenaphthene	0.030(G)	QN	(2.0)			
acenaphthylene		QN	(3.6)			
		ģ				

..

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

Q: Dally EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit. ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-1

Primary Results					
			Monito	Monitor Well	
			Sample ID	• 1D	
			Date S	Date Sampled	
		12A	12A	128	128
	EPA Standards,	02-154	70-70	03-24	03-25
PARAMETER	Criteria	25-Feb-88	06-Apr-88	03-Mar-88	03-Mar-88
anthracene		ND (2.0)			
benzidine		ND (45.0)			
benzo(a)anthracene		ND (8.0)			
benzo(a)pyrene		ND (2.6)			
benzo(b)fluoranthene		(4.9)			
benzo(g,h,l)perylene		ND (4.2)			
benzo(k)fluoranthene		ND (2.6)			
benzoic acid		ND (52.0)			
benzyl alcohol		ND (52.0)			
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane		ND (5.5)			
bis(2-chloroethyl) ether		ND (5.9)			
bis(2-chlorolsopropyl)ether		ND (5.9)			
bls(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	15000.0(G)	17.0 (2.6)			
butylbenzylphthalate	940.0(G)	ND (2.6)			
chrysene		ND (2.6)			
dl-n-butylphthalate	35000.0(G)	4.2B (2.6)			
dl-n-octyl phthalate		ND (2.6)			
dlbenzo(a,h)anthracene		ND (2.6)			
dibenzofuran		ND (10.0)			
dlethylphthalate		ND (2.0)			
dimethyl phthalate		ND (1.6)			
fluoranthene	0.030(G)	ND (2.3)			
fluorene	0.030(G)	ND (2.0)			
hexachlorobenzene		ND (2.0)			
hexachlorobutadiene		ND (0.93)			

^{4:} cls-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

q: Daily EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit. ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-1

Primary Results						
				Monitor Well	r Well	
				Sample ID	e ID	
				Date Sampled	ampled	
		1	12A	12A	128	12B
	EPA Standards,	02-	02-154	70-70	03-24	03-25
PARAVETER	Criteria	25-F	25-Feb-88	06-Apr-88	03-Mar-88	03-Mar-88
hexachlorocyclopentadiene		QX	(6.2)			
hexachloroethane		QN	(1.6)			
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		QN	(3.8)			
isophorone	5200.0(G)	QN	(2.3)			
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine		ON	(12.0)			
n-nitrosodimethylamine		QN.	(10.0)			
n-nitrosodiphenylamine		Q.	(2.0)			
naphthalene	620.0(G)	QN	(1.6)			
nitrobenzene		ON	(2.0)			
pentachlorophenol	200.0(G)	QN	(3.7)			
phenanthrene	0.030(G)	QN	(5.6)			
phenol	3500.0(G)	QN	(1.5)			
pyrene	0.030(G)	ON	(2.0)			

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

Q: Daily EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit.
 ND: Not detected at specified detection limit
 (): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-1

						Montron Well	7			
						Sample ID	ID			
						Date Sampled	mpled			
			1	12B	1	12C	1	12C	-	120
	EPA Standards,	, sp.	70	04-57	03	03-26	70	04-59	0	03-23
PARAMETER	Criteria		13-A	13-Apr-88	M-60	03-Mar-88	11-A	11-Apr-88	03-1	03-Mar-88
Petroleum Hydrocarbons UG/L										
Petroleum Hydrocarbons			QN	(200.0)	0.009		QN	(200.0)	QN	(200.0)
Purgeable Halocarbons UG/L										
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200.0(M)	200.0(G)	Q.	(2.3)	0.30	(060.0)	QN	(0.90)	Q	(2.3)
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane			Q	(3.0)	QN	(0.12)	Q	(1.2)	Q	(3.0)
1,1,2-Trichloroethane			Q	(1.8)	ND	(0.03)	Q	(0.70)	QN	(1.8)
1,1-Dichloroethane			QN	(2.3)	3.2	(0.00)	Q	(06.0)	Q	(2.3)
1,1-Dichloroethene	7.0(M)	7.0(G)	QN	(2.5)	UD	(0.10)	Q	(1.0)	Q	(2.5)
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	620.0(G)		Q	(13.0)	UD	(2.5)	R	(5.0)	Q	(13.0)
1,2-Dichloroethane	5.0(M)	0.0(G)	QN	(0.75)	QN	(0:030)	Q	(0.30)	QN	(0.75)
1,2-Dichloropropane			Q	(2.5)	QN	(0.10)	Q.	(1.0)	QN	(2.5)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	400.0(G)		Q	(7.5)	QN	(1.5)	2	(3.0)	Q	(7.5)
U.4-Dichlorobenzene	750.0(M)	750.0(G)	Q	(10.0)	ND	(2.0)	2	(4.0)	Q.	(10.0)
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether			Q.	(5.0)	QN	(0.20)	Q	(2.0)	N	(5.0)
Bromodichloromethane			Q	(2.5)	QN	(0.10)	Q.	(1.0)	QN	(2.5)
Bromoform			Q	(7.5)	QN	(0.30)	Q.	(3.0)	Q	(7.5)
Bromomethane			Q	(30.0)	QN	(1.2)	QN.	(12.0)	QN	(30.0)
Carbon tetrachloride	5.0(M)	0.0(C)	Q	(2.5)	ND	(0.10)	QN	(1.0)	Q	(2.5)
Chlorobenzene	60.0(G)		Q	(7.5)	QN	(1.5)	QX	(3.0)	N	(7.3)
Chloroethane			Q	(13.0)	QN	(0.50)	Ş	(2.0)	Q	(13.0)
Chloroform			Q	(1.3)	ND	(0.050)	QN	(0.50)	QN	(1.3)
Chloromethane			QN	(7.5)	QN	(0.30)	웊	(3.0)	QN	(7.5)
Dibromochloromethane			Q	(5.0)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(2.0)	QN	(5.0)
Methylene chloride			QN	(7.5)	GN	(0.30)	QN	(3.0)	QN	(7.5)

SOURCES: Radian, 1990, ESF.

^{4:} cis-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

Q: Dally EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit.

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

(): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-1

Simple Date Sample Date							Monitor Well	r Well			
128 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120							Sample	QI a			
128							Date S	amp led			
First transfer First transfer 13-Apr-28 13-Apr-88 11-Apr-88 13-Apr-88 13-Apr				1	28	7	SC	-	20	,	2D
Continue Cottlection Cot	:	EPA Standa	rds,	70	-57	03	-26	70	- 59	03	-23
Second Control	PARAMETER	Criteri		13-A ₁	or-88	M-E0	ar-88	11-A	pr-88	N-03-N	ar-88
Solity O.0(c) 100.0 (3.0) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (2.0) ND (Tetrachloroethene	8.0(G)		49.0	(0.75)	2.5	(0.030)	2.7	(0.30)	2	(0.75)
No. (5.0) No. (6.0) No. (6.1) No. (6.10) No. (6	Trichloroethene	5.0(M)	0.0(0)	100.0	(5.0)	3.0	(0.20)	QN	(2.0)	0.84	
2.0(H) 0.0(G) ND (5.0) 18.0 (0.20) 13.0 (2.0) ND	Trichlorofluoromethane			ND	(2.5)	QN	(0.10)	QX QX	(1.0)	2	
No.	Vinyl chloride	2.0(M)	0.0(0)	S	(5.0)	18.0	(0.20)	15.0	(2.0)	2	(5.0)
Conceptence To.O.GG ND Co.O.G ND	c1s-1,3-Dichloropropene			NDE		NDE		JON	•	NDE	
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	70.0(G)		QN	(3.0)	ON	(0.20)	QN	(2.0)	Ç	5
L1C3 UG/L SECONCG) ND (2.0) ND (0.40) ND (0.20) ND	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene			QN	(7.5)	QN	(0.30)	Q.	(3.0)	QN	(7.5)
rzene 620.0(C) ND (2.0) ND (0.40) D (0.40) ND rzene 400.0(C) ND (2.0) ND (0.40) ND (0.40) ND rzene 130.0(H) 750.0(C) ND (2.0) ND (0.30) ND (0.40) ND 60.0(G) ND (1.0) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.30) ND 680.0(G) ND (2.0) ND (0.30) ND (0.30) ND (0.30) ND rtty Pollutents L ND (1.0) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND rtty Pollutents UC/L ND (1.0) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND rtty Pollutents UC/L ND (1.0) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND rtty Pollutents UC/L ND<	ourgeable Aromatics UG/L										
No. 0(C)	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	620.0(G)		Ñ	(5.0)	Q.	(0.40)	2.3	(04.0)	2	(0)
150.0(H) 150.0(G) ND (2.0) ND (0.30) 1.4 (0.30) ND 5.0(H)	1,3-Dichlorobenzena	400.0(G)		QN	(2.0)	ND	(0,40)	Q.	(0 40)	E	(01.0)
5.0(#) 0.0(G) ND (1.0) ND (0.20) ND	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	750.0(M)	750.0(G)	Q.	(5.0)	QX	(0:30)	7 ((0, 0)	9 9	
60.0(C) ND (2.0) ND (0.30) ND (0.20)	Benzene	5.0(M)	0.0(G)	QN	(1.0)	ND	(0.20)	2	(0.20)	2	(0.30)
680.0(G) ND (2.0) ND (0.30) ND (0.30) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.10) ND (0.10) ND (0.10) ND (0.10) ND (0.20) ND (0.20	Chlorobenzene	(0)0.09		ND	(2.0)	ND	(0.30)	Ş	(0:30)	£	(07:0)
2000.0(G) ND (1.0) 17.0 (0.20) 1.0 (0.20) 7.6 ND (1.0) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND ND (0.50) ND (0.10) ND (0.10) ND NDQ (1.0) ND (0.20) ND NDQ (1.0) ND (2.5) ND (2.5) 2.3J (2.5) ND (2.5)	Ethylbenzene	(9)0.089		QN	(2.0)	QN	(0.30)	CN.	(0:30)	2	(25.0)
ND (1.0) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.10) ND (0.10) ND (0.10) ND (0.10) ND (0.10) ND (0.20) ND (0.2	Toluene	2000.0(G)		Ç	(1.0)	17.0	(0.20)	1.0	(0.20)	7.6	(0.30)
ND (0.50) ND (0.10) ND (0.10) ND (0.20) ND ND ND (0.20) ND	m-Xylene			QN	(1.0)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)	S	(0.20)
NDQ (1.0) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (2.5)	o-Xylene			ON	(0.50)	ND	(0.10)	QN	(0.10)	QX	(0.10)
ND 2.3J ND ND ND	p-Xylene			NDQ	(1.0)	Q.	(0.20)	ÒQN	(0.20)	Q	(0.20)
ND 2.33 ND 750 0/G)	Extractable Priority Pollutants UG/L										
2.3J ND ND ND	1,2,4-trichlorobenzene							ş	ŝ		
ON 250 055	1,2-d1chlorobenzene							2	(5.3)		
750 O/G 3	1,3-dichlorobenzene							2.35	(2.5)		
	1,4-dichlorobenzene	750.0(G)						2 ;	(2.5)		

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

Q: Daily EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit.

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

^{():} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-1

			Monit	Monitor Well		
			Samp	Sample ID		
			Date	Date Sampled		
		128	120	120		12D
	EPA Standards,	04-57	03-26	04-59		03-23
PARAMETER	Criteria	13-Apr-88	03-Mar-88	11-Apr-88	80	03-Mar-88
2,4,5-trichlorophenol) QN	(13.0)	
2, 4, 6-trichlorophenol				ON.	(3.6)	
2,4-dichlorophenol	3090.0(G)			Q	(3.6)	
2,4-dimethylphenol	400.0(G)			QN.	(3.6)	
2,4-dinitrophenol				QN	(55.0)	
2,4-dinitrotoluene				QN	(7.5)	
2,6-dinitrotoluene				QN	(2.5)	
2-chloronaphthalene				QN	(2.5)	
2-chlorophenol				QN.	(4.4)	
2-methylnaphthalene				ę.	(13.0)	
2-methylphenol				Q X	(13.0)	
2-nitrogniline				Q	(0.99)	
2-nitrophenol				Q.	(4.8)	
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine				Q.	(22.0)	
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol				ę	(32.0)	
1-bromophenyl-phenylether				Ę	(2.5)	
i-chloro-3-methylphenol				ě.	(4.0)	
4-chloroaniline				Ę	(13.0)	
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether				Q	(5.5)	
4-methylphenol				Q	(13.0)	
4-nitroaniline				ę	(0.99)	
4-nitrophenol				QN	(3.2)	
acenaphthene	0.030(G)			ę.	(2.5)	
acenaphthylene				Đ.	(4.6)	
anthracene				ę	(2.5)	

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)Q: Dally EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit.ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

			Monit	Monitor Well		
			Samp	Sample ID		
			Date	Date Sampled		
		128	12C	12C		12D
	EPA Standards,	04-57	03-26	04-59		03-23
PARAMETER	Criteria	13-Apr-88	03-Mar-88	11-Apr-88	88	03-Mar-88
benzo(a)anthracene				QN	(10.0)	
benzo(a)pyrene				QX	(3.3)	
benzo(b)fluoranthene				Q N	(6.3)	
benzo(g,h,1)perylene				£	(5.4)	
benzo(k)fluoranthene				QN	(3.3)	
benzoic acid				ě	(0.99)	
benzyl alcohol				QN	(66.0)	
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane				QX	(7.0)	
bis(2-chloroethyl) ether				Q.	(7.5)	
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether				Q	(7.5)	
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	15000.0(G)			2.33	(3.3)	
butylbenzylphthalate	940.0(G)			6.80	(3.3)	
chrysene				QN	(3.3)	
d1-n-butylphthalate	35000.0(G)			1.43	(3.3)	
di-n-octyl phthalate				QN	(3.3)	
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene				QX	(3.3)	
dibenzofuran				Q.	(13.0)	
diethylphthalate				QN.	(2.5)	
dimethyl phthalate				ě	(2.1)	
fluoranthene	0.030(G)			QN	(2.9)	
fluorene	0.030(G)			QN	(2.5)	
hexachlorobenzene				Q	(2.5)	
hexachlorobutadiene				QV	(1.2)	
hexachlorocyclopentadiene				QN	(7.9)	

cls-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

Estimated value (GC test codes)

Q: Daily EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit.

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

(): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-1

Primary Results					
			Mont	Monitor Well	
			Sam	Sample ID	
			Date	Date Sampled	
		128			120
	EPA Standards,	04-57	03-26	04-59	03-23
- A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A	Criteria	13-Apr-88	03-Mar-88	11-Apr-88	03-Mar-88
tideilo(1,2,3-cd)pyrene				ND (4.9)	
raobnocone	\$200.0(G)			ND (2.9)	
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine				(6 71)	
n-nitrosodiphenylamine					
naphthalene	1070 007			ND (2.5)	
nitrobenzene	820.0(6)			ND (2.1)	
Dentachlorophenol				ND (2.5)	
	Z00.0(G)			ND (4.8)	
phenol	0.030(G)			ND (7.1)	
	3500.0(G)			ND (2.0)	
P) (4118	0.030(G)			ND (2.5)	

6: cis-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

Q: Daily EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit.

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-1

					Honit	Monitor Well		
					Samp	Sample ID		
					Date	Date Sampled		
				12D	1	12E	1	12E
	EPA Standards,	rds,	70	04-53	03	03-27	70	04-56
PARAMETER	Criteria	4	13-/	13-Apr-88	03-M	03-Mar-88	13-A	13-Apr-88
Petroleum Hydrocarbons UC/L			!	;				
retroleum Hydrocarbons			Q.	(200.0)	Q	(200.0)	QN	(200.0)
Purgeable Halocarbons UG/L								
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200.0(M)	200.0(G)	QN	(2.3)	QN	(060.0)	0,40	(0.090)
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane			QN	(3.0)	QN	(0.12)	QN	(0.12)
1,1,2-Trichloroethane			QN	(1.8)	QN	(0.070)	Q	(0.020)
1,1-Dichloroethane			Ð	(2.3)	08.0	(0.090)	07.0	(0.090)
1,1-Dichloroethene	7.0(M)	7.0(G)	ND	(2.5)	QN	(0.10)	ON	(0.10)
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	620.0(G)		NO	(13.0)	ND	(0.50)	Q	(0.50)
1,2-Dichloroethane	5.0(M)	0.0(G)	QN	(0.75)	QN	(0:030)	QN	(0:030)
1,2-Dichloropropane			QN	(2.5)	QN	(0.10)	QN	(0.10)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	400.0(G)		Q	(7.5)	Q	(0.30)	Q.	(0.30)
\wp 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	750.0(H)	750.0(G)	Q	(10.0)	5.6	(0.40)	1.6	(0.40)
2 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether			Q.	(8.0)	NO	(0.20)	ON	(0.20)
romodichloromethane			Q	(2.5)	ND	(0.10)	QN	(0.10)
Bromoform			Q	(7.5)	ND	(0.30)	Q	(0.30)
Bromomethane			QN	(30.0)	ON	(1.2)	ON	(1.2)
Carbon tetrachloride	5.0(M)	0.0(G)	Ø	(2.5)	ON	(0.10)	ON	(0.10)
Chlorobenzene	(O) (C)		S	(7.5)	ON	(0.30)	QN	(0.30)
Chloroethane			ON	(13.0)	1.5	(0.50)	09.0	(0.50)
Chloroform			2	(1.3)	Q	(0.050)	QN	(0.050)
Chloromethane			CN	(7.5)	ON	(0.30)	ON	(0.30)
Dibromochloromethane			ON	(8.0)	ND	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)
Methylene chloride			NO	(7.5)	QN	(0.30)	ON	(0.30)
Tetrachloroethene	(3)0 8		4					

^{4:} cls-1,3-Dichloropropene cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

Q: Daily EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit. ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

^{():} Detection limit

SOURCES: Radian, 1990, ESE.

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR WATER SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-1

Primary Results								
					Monit	Monitor Well		
					Samp	Sample ID		
					Date	Date Sampled		
			7	12D	ï	12E	12	12E
	EPA Standards,	rds,	70	04-53	03	03-27	- y 0	04-56
PARAMETER	Criteria		13-A	13-Apr-88	03-M	03-Mar-88	13-AF	13-Apr-88
Trichloroethene	5.0(M)	0.0(G)	55.0	(5.0)	08.0	(0.20)	1.1	(0.20)
Trichlorofluoromethane			2	(2.5)	QN	(0.10)	ON	(0.10)
Vinyl chloride	2.0(M)	0.0(G)	Q	(3.0)	3.4	(0.20)	1.8	(0.20)
cis-1,3-Dichioropropene			NDE		NDE		NDE	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	70.0(G)		Q	(5.0)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene			QN	(7.5)	QN	(0.30)	QN	(0.30)
Purgeable Aromatics UG/L								
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	620.0(G)		QN	(0.40)	Q	(0.40)	Q	(0.40)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	400.0(G)		Q	(0.40)	QX	(0.40)	QN	(0,40)
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	750.0(M)	750.0(G)	QN	(0.30)	5.2	(0.30)	5.1	(0:30)
Benzene	5.0(H)	0.0(G)	ON	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)	0,30	(0.20)
Chlorobenzene	(9)0.09		QN	(0:30)	ON	(0.30)	ND	(0:30)
Ethylbenzene	680.0(G)		S.	(0:30)	ON	(0.30)	QN	(0.30)
Toluene	2000.0(G)		1.8	(0.20)	47.0	(0.20)	1.0	(0.20)
m-Xylene			QN	(0.20)	ON	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)
o-Xylene			QN	(0.10)	QN	(0.10)	Q N	(0.10)
p-Xylene			Q	(0.20)	ND	(0.20)	NDO	(0.20)

^{4:} cls-1,3-Dichloropropens cannot be quantitated due to coelution.

q: Dally EPA QC recovery outside 95% confidence limit.

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS Table 3.14-2

Primary Results								
				Monite	Monitor Well			
				Samp	Sample ID			
				Date :	Date Sampled			
				Beg. Depth	Beg. Depth - End Depth			
	=	12D		120	1	12E	1	12E
	121	12D-4	7	12D-6	12	12E-2	12	12E-4
	19-F	19-Feb-88	1-61	19-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88
PARAHETER	15	15 - 20	25	25 - 30	7	9 - 4	14	- 19
Petroleum Hydrocarbons MG/KG								
Petroleum Hydrocmrbons	QN	(5.0)	QN	(5.0)	QN	(5.0)	14.0	
Volatile Organic Compounds MG/KG								
1,1,1-trichloroethane	QN	(0.0040)	Q	(0.0045)	QN	(0.0044)	Q	(0.0039)
l,1,2,2-tettachloroethane	Q	(0.0073)	GN	(0.0081)	QN	(0.0080)	QN	(0.0071)
1,1,2-trichloroethane	QN	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)	QN	(0.0052)
1,2-dichloroethane	Q	(0.0030)	Q	(0.0033)	QN	(0.0032)	QN	(0.0029)
1,2-dichloropropane	NO	(0.0064)	Q.	(0.00)1)	QN	(0.0070)	QN	(0.0062)
2-butanone	QN	(0.027)	Q	(0.030)	QN	(0.029)	QN	(0.026)
2-chloroethylvinyl ether	Œ	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)	ON	(0.0052)
2-hexanone	S	(0.038)	Q	(0.042)	Ð	(0.042)	Q	(0.037)
4-methy1-2-pentanone	QN	(0.049)	Q	(0.054)	QN	(0.053)	QN	(0.047)
D Benzene	QN	(0.0047)	QN	(0.0052)	QN	(0.0051)	QN	(0.0045)
Ethylbenzene	QN	(0.0076)	QN	(0.0085)	QN	(0.0084)	QN	(0.0074)
Toluene	QN	(0.0064)	0.029	(0.0071)	0.018	(0.0010)	0.0019J	(0.0062)
Trichloroethene	Š	(0.0020)	ON	(0.0022)	Q N	(0.0022)	QN	(0.0020)
acetone	0.0118	(0.0080)	0.0148	(0.0089)	0.012B	(0.0087)	0.0158	(0.001)
bromodichloromethane	Q	(0.0023)	SN.	(0.0026)	QN	(0.0026)	QN	(0.0023)
bromoform	CN CN	(0.0050)	QN	(0.0055)	QN	(0.0055)	QN	(0.0048)
bromomethane	CN	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)	QN	(0.0052)
carbon disulfide	ND	(0.0018)	QN	(0.0020)	QN	(0.0020)	QN	(0.0018)
carbon tetrachloride	S	(0.0030)	Q.	(0.0033)	QN	(0.0032)	QN	(0.0029)
chlorobenzene	ON	(0.0064)	QN	(0.0071)	QN	(0.0070)	ĠΝ	(0.0062)
chloroethane	CIN	(0.0053)	Û	(0:0026)	QN	(0.0058)	QN	(0.0052)
B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed							SOURCES	SOURCES: Radian, 1990, ESE.

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

Primary Results								
				Monitor Well	e 1 1			
				Sample ID	۵			
				Oate Sampled	led			
				Beg. Depth - End Depth	nd Depth			
	120	C	12	120	7.	12E	,	12E
	12D-4	7-1	121	12D-6	121	12E-2	12	12E-4
	19-Feb-88	b-88	19-Fe	19-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88
PARAMETER	15 -	20	25	- 30	7	. 6	14	- 19
chloroform	Q	(0.0017)	GN	(0.0019)	GN	(0.0019)	QN	(0.0016)
chloromethane	ND	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)	QN	(0.0052)
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ON	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)	QN	(0.0052)
dibromochioromethane	QN	(0.0033)	Q	(0.0037)	QN.	(0.0036)	QN	(0.0032)
methylene chloride	ND	(0:0030)	Q	(0.0033)	Q.	(0.0032)	QN	(0.0029)
styrene	QN	(0.0032)	CN	(0.0035)	Q.	(0.0035)	QN	(0.0031)
tetrachloroethene	Q	(0.0043)	NO	(0.0048)	QN	(0.0048)	QN	(0.0042)
total xylenes	NO N	(0.0049)	QN	(0.0054)	QN QN	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0047)
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	Q	(0.0017)	N	(0.0019)	Q	(0.0019)	QN	(0.0016)
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	NO NO	(0.0053)	ON	(0.0059)	Q.	(0.0058)	QN	(0.0052)
trichlorofluoromethane	Q.	(0.0053)	QN.	(0.0059)	ON	(0.0058)	Q	(0.0052)
vinyl acetate	Q.	(0.0073)	QN	(0.0081)	NO	(0.0000)	Q	(0.0011)
vinyl chloride	ND	(0.0053)	QN QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)	QN	(0.0052)
Santarian Orean Summany Miller								,
1.2.4-trichlorobenzene	Ç	(0.13)	Ç	157	Ş	(61.0)	Í	
1,2-dichlorobenzene	ON.	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	2	(0.17)	2 2	(0.15)
1,3-dichlorobenzene	QN	(0.13)	ND	(0.15)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.15)
1,4-dichlorobenzene	QN	(0.30)	QN	(0.34)	ON	(0.40)	Q	(0.35)
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	QN Q	(0.68)	QN	(77)	ON	(0.91)	QN	(0.79)
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	QN	(0.18)	QN	(0.21)	Ş	(0.25)	QN	(0.21)
2,4-dichlorophenol	NC	(0.18)	Ŝ	(0.21)	Ŝ	(0.25)	GN	(0.21)
2,4-dimethylphenol	ND	(0.18)	ND	(0.21)	GN.	(0.25)	QN	(0.21)
2, 4-dinterophenol	ND	(2.9)	GN	(3.2)	GN	(3.8)	Q.	(3.3)
2,4-dinitrotolmene	QN	(0.39)	GN	(0.44)	ç	(0.52)	CN	(0.45)

B.: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.
J.: Estimated value (GC test codes)
ND: Not detected at specified detection limit
(): Detection limit

SOURCES: Radian, 1990; ESE.

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

Primary Results								
				Monitor Well	11			
				Sample 10	_			
				Date Sampled	led			
				Beg. Depth - End Depth	nd Depth			
	120	0	120	Q	12E	ı	7	12E
	120-4	7-	120-6	9-	12E-2	-2	121	12E-4
	19-Feb-88	-88	19-Feb-88	b-88	23-Feb-88	p-88	23-Fe	23-Feb-88
PARAMETER	15 - 20	20	25 - 30	30	7	- 6	14	14 - 19
2,6-dinitrotoluene	QN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.15)
2-chloronaphthalene	Q	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.15)
2-chlorophenol	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.25)	QN	(0:30)	QN	(0.26)
2-methylnaphthalene	CIN	(0.68)	Q	(0.77)	QN	(0.91)	QN	(0.79)
2-methylphenol	QN	(0.68)	QN	(11.0)	QN	(0.91)	QN	(0.79)
2-nitroanliine	QN	(3.4)	QN	(3.9)	QN	(4.6)	QN	(4.0)
2-nitrophenol	QN	(0.25)	QN	(0.28)	QN	(0.33)	QN	(0.29)
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	QN	(1.1)	QN	(1.3)	QN	(1.5)	Q	(1.3)
3-nitroaniline	Q	(3.4)	QN	(3.9)	Q	(4.6)	QN	(4.0)
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	QN	(1.6)	QN.	(1.9)	QN	(2.2)	QN	(1.9)
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	QN	(0.13)	N	(0.15)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.15)
. 4-chloro-3-methylphenol	QN	(0.21)	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.27)	QN	(0.24)
4-chloroantline	Q	(0.68)	QN.	(0.77)	QN	(16.91)	QN	(6.79)
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	GN	(0.29)	QN	(0.32)	GN	(0.38)	QN	(0.33)
4-methylphenol	Ç	(0.68)	QN	(0.77)	GN	(0.91)	QN	(0.79)
4-nitroaniline	QN	(3.4)	ON	(3.9)	QN	(4.6)	QN	(4.0)
4-nltrophenol	Q	(0.16)	ON	(0.19)	QN	(0.22)	QN	(0.19)
acenaphthene	Q	(0.13)	GN	(0.15)	QN	(0.17)	Q	(0.15)
acenaphthylene	QN	(0.24)	QN	(0.27)	QN	(0.32)	Q	(0.28)
aniline	QN	(0.68)	Q	(0.11)	QN	(0.91)	QN	(0.79)
anthracene	Q	(0.13)	Q	(0.15)	Q	(0.17)	G	(0.15)
benz 1d ine	Q	(3.0)	Ē	(3.4)	QN	(4.0)	QN	(3.5)
benzo(a)anthracene	Ω.	(0.53)	QN	(09.00)	ON	(0.71)	QN	(0.62)
benzo(a)pyrene	QN.	(0.17)	Ë	(0.19)	CN	(0.23)	GN	(0.20)
benzo(b)£luoranthene	Ç	(0.11)	Û,	(0.37)	QN	(0.44)	G	(0.38)
			1					

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B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

Prinary Results								
				Monitor Well	r Well			
				Sample ID	01 a			
				Date Sampled	ampled			
				Beg. Depth -	Depth - End Depth			
		120	ä	12D	12	12E	12E	EC.
	12	12D-4	121	12D-6	12E-2	2-2	12E-4	7 -
	19−₽	19-Feb-88	19-F	19-Feb-88	23-Feb-88	.b-88	23-Feb-88	b-88
PARAMETER	15	15 - 20	2.5	25 - 30	9 - 7	9	14	- 19
benzo(k)fluoranthene	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.19)	QN	(0.23)	CN	(0.20)
benzolc acid	Q	(3.4)	QN	(3.9)	QN	(4.6)	NO	(4.0)
benzył alcohol	QN	(3.4)	QN	(3.9)	QN	(4.6)	QN	(4.0)
bls(2-chloroethoxy)methane	QN	(0.36)	QN	(0.41)	QN	(0.48)	ND	(0.42)
bis(2-chloroethy1) ether	QN	(0.39)	QN	(0.44)	QN	(0.52)	QN	(0.45)
bis(2-chloroisopropyi)ether	ND	(0.39)	QN	(0.44)	QN	(0.52)	QN	(0.45)
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	QN	(0.17)	0.158J	(0.19)	0.11J	(0.23)	0.16J	(0.20)
butylbenzylphthalate	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.19)	Q	(0.23)	GN	(0.20)
chrysene	GW.	(0.17)	QN	(0.19)	Q	(0.23)	QN	(0.20)
di-n-butylphthalate	0.21	(0.17)	0.0963	(0.19)	0.158J	(0.23)	0.258	(0.20)
dl-n-octyl phthalate	Q	(0.17)	QN	(0.19)	0.103	(0.23)	Q	(0.20)
d1ben2o(a,h)anthracene	Q.	(0.17)	GN	(0.19)	Q N	(0.23)	Q	(0.20)
dibenzofuran	Q	(0.68)	QN	(0.77)	QN	(0.91)	QN	(6.79)
diethylphthalate	QN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	Ç	(0.17)	QN	(0.15)
dimethyl phthalate	QN	(0.11)	Q N	(0.12)	QN	(0.15)	Q X	(0.13)
fluoranthene	Š	(0.15)	QN	(0.17)	GN	(0.20)	QN	(0.17)
fluorene	CN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	ON	(0.11)	QN	(0.15)
hexachlorobenzene	NG CM	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	ON	(0.17)	QN	(0.15)
hexachlorobutadiene	QN	(0.062)	QN	(0.069)	ON	(0.082)	QN	(0.021)
hexachlorocyclopentadlene	Q	(0.41)	QN	(97.0)	QN	(0.55)	ON	(0.48)
hexachloroethane	CN	(0.11)	QN	(0.12)	Q	(0.15)	ON	(0.13)
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND	(0.25)	QN	(0.29)	ON	(0.34)	QN	(0.29)
lsophorone	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)	Q	(0.17)
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	S	(0.82)	QN	(0.93)	GN	(1.1)	G	(0.95)
n-ntrosodimethylamine	QN	(0.68)	QN	(0.11)	Ç.	(0.91)	QN	(0.79)
B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed							SOURCES	SOURCES: Radian, 1990; ESE.

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)ND: Not detected at specified detection limit(): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

Primary Results

				12E-4 8 23-Feb-88	14 - 19	(0.17) ND (0.15)	(0.15) ND (0.13)	2 2	2 2	2 2	Q. N.
Monitor Well Sample ID	Date Sampled	Beg. Depth - End Depth	12D-6 12E-3	2	- 9 05 - 63	QN :	(0.15) ND ND		QN	QN	ND
		120	120-4	19-Feb-88	(EL O) ON	ND (0.11)	ND (0.13)				ND (0.13)
				PARAMETER	"-nitrosodiphenylamine	intrications	nicionenzene pentachlorophenol	phenanthrene	phenol	pyrene	

Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

SOURCES: Radian, 1990; ESE.

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

			Monit	Monitor Well		
			Samp	Sample ID		
			Date	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Beg. Depth - End Depth		
		12E	-	126	13	12H
	•	12E-6	12	12G-4	121	12H-1
	23-	23-Feb-88	20-F	20-Feb-88	23-Fe	23-Feb-88
PARAMETER	24	24 - 29	14	14 - 17	0	7 - 0
Petroleum Hydrocarbons	QN	(5.0)	QN	(8.0)	3230.0	
Volatile Organic Compounds MG/KG						
1,1,1-trichloroethane	QN	(0.0040)	QN	(0.0044)	Q X	(0.95)
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	QN	(0.0072)	QN	(0.0079)	QN	(1.7)
1,1,2-trichloroethane	ND	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0058)	QN	(1.3)
1,2-dichloroethane	QN	(0.0029)	QN	(0.0032)	QN	(0.70)
1,2-dichloropropane	QN	(0.0063)	QN	(0.0069)	QN	(1.5)
2-butanone	QN	(0.026)	QN	(0.029)	3,683	(6.3)
2-chloroethylvinyl ether	QN	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0058)	QN	(1.3)
2-hexanone	ND	(0.038)	QN	(0.041)	QN	(6.6)
4-methyl-2-pentanone	QN .	(0.048)	QN	(0.053)	QN	(12.0)
sene	QN	(0.0046)	QN	(0.0051)	0.373	(1.1)
Ethylbenzene	QN	(0.0076)	QN	(0.0083)	4.1	(1.8)
Toluene	0.00423	(0.0063)	0.019	(0.0069)	11.0	(1.5)
Trichloroethene	QN	(0.0020)	QN	(0.0022)	QN	(0.48)
acetone	0.0298	(0.0079)	0.0158	(0.0086)	0.7483	(1.9)
bromodichloromethane	ON	(0.0023)	QN	(0.0025)	QN	(0.55)
bromoform	ND	(0.0049)	QN	(0.0054)	QN	(1.2)
bromomethane	QN	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0058)	QN	(1.3)
carbon disulfide	QN	(0.0018)	QN	(0.0020)	QN	(0.43)
carbon tetrachloride	QN	(0.0029)	CX	(0.0032)	QN	(0.70)
chlorobenzene	G N	(0.0063)	QN	(0.0069)	QN	(1.5)
chloroethane	9		-		:	;

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

8J: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

SOURCES: Radian, 1990; ESE.

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3, 14-2

Primary Results						
			Monit	Monitor Well		
			Samp	Sample 10		
			Date	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Depth - End Depth		
	11	12E	1	12G	-	12H
	121	12E-6	12	126-4	12	12H-1
	23-Feb-88	b-88	20-F	20-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88
PARAMETER	24	- 29	14	- 17	0	4 -
chloroform	QN	(0.0017)	ON	(0.0018)	S.	(0.40)
chloromethane	QN	(0.0053)	Q.	(0.0058)	QN	(1.3)
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	QN	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0058)	Q.	(1.3)
dibromochloromethane	QN	(0.0033)	QN	(0.0036)	Q	(0.78)
methylene chloride	QN	(0.0029)	QN	(0.0032)	Š	(0.70)
styrene	QN	(0.0032)	QN	(0.0035)	Q	(0.75)
Letrachloroethene	QN	(0.0043)	QN	(0.0047)	Q	(1.0)
total xylenes	Q	(0.0048)	ON	(0.0053)	32.0	(1.2)
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	Q	(0.0017)	QN	(0.0018)	QN	(0.40)
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	QN	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0058)	Q	(1.3)
trichlorofluoromethane	ND	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0058)	Q	(1.3)
vinyl acetate	QN	(0.0072)	QN	(0.0079)	2	(1.7)
vinyl chloride	QN	(0.0053)	QN	(0.0058)	Q	(1.3)
Semitoratific Organic Compounds MG/KG						
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.18)	Q	(0.22)
1,2-dichlorobenzene	Ç.	(0.17)	GN	(0.18)	Q	(0.22)
l,3-dichlorobenzene	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.18)	QN	(0.22)
l,4-dichlorobenzene	QN	(0.39)	Q	(0.41)	QN	(0.51)
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	ND	(0.89)	QN	(0.92)	Q	(1.2)
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	ON.	(0.24)	Q	(0.25)	Q	(0.32)
2,4-dichlorophenol	QN	(0.24)	ND	(0.25)	SN	(0.32)
2,4-dimethyiphenol	CN	(0.24)	QN	(0.25)	Q	(0.32)
2,4-dinitrophenol	C N	(1.8)	ON	(1.9)	Ñ	(6 %)
2,4-dinterotoluene	ON.	(16.91)	GN	(0.53)	QN	(0.67)

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

			Monit	Monitor Well		
			•	:		
			Samp	Sample ID		
			Date	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Depth - End Depth		
	12E	LL.	•	12G	1	12H
	12E-6	9-	12	126-4	12	12H-1
PARAMETER	Feb	2-88	20-F	20-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88
2,6-dinitrotoluene	24 -	29	14	14 - 17	0	- 4
2-chloronaphthalene	0× :	(0.17)	QN	(0.18)	QN	(0.22)
2-chlorophenol	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.18)	QN	(0.22)
2 methy manyth less	QN	(0:30)	QN	(0:30)	QN	(0.39)
2.methological	QN	(0.89)	Q	(0.92)	8.7	(1.2)
Totalidation	QN	(0.89)	QN	(0.92)	QN	(1.2)
- Introducting	QN	(4.5)	QN	(4.6)	QN	(5.8)
2-ni r ropheno i	QN	(0.32)	QN	(0.33)	Q	(0.42)
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	ON	(1.5)	QN	(1.5)	Q	6
3-nitroaniline	QN	(4.5)	ON	(4.6)	2	(
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	QN	(2.1)	CN	(2.2)	2	(6.6)
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	QN	(0.17)	2	(10)		(2.8)
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	Q	(0.27)	2	(0.18)	2 :	(0.22)
4-chloroanlline	ć	(00 0)	2 :	(0.26)	Q	(0.35)
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether		(60.0)	O _Z	(0.92)	Q	(1.2)
4-methylphenol	Q :	(0.38)	QN	(0.39)	QN	(6.49)
4-Diff County (1-to	QX	(0.89)	QN	(0.92)	4.2	(1.2)
	QN	(4.5)	Q	(4.6)	Q	(8.8)
The contract of the contract o	QN	(0.21)	Q.	(0.22)	QN	(0.28)
	QN	(0.17)	Q	(0.18)	Q	(0.22)
acenaphreny tene	QN	(0.31)	QN	(0.32)	Q	(0.41)
an I I me	QN	(0.89)	CN	(0.92)	Û	(1.2)
and measurements and an artist and an artist and artist artist and artist artist and artist artist and artist	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.18)	QN	(0.25)
Penziaine Penziaine	QN	(3.9)	QN	(4.1)	CN	(5.1)
	QN	(0.70)	QN	(0.72)	Q	(0.91)
ornzo(a)pyrene	CIN	(0.22)	S	(16.71)	Ê	(0.29)
ornzo(b) i inoranthene	GN.	(0,43)	QN	(0.44)	ŝ	(0.56)

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed
BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (CC test codes)ND: Not detected at specified detection limit(): Detection limit

SOURCES: Radian, 1990, ESE.

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

Standard S	Primary Results						
126 244 244 10 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124				Monito	or Well		
12E 26E Depth 25H 12E 13C 13C 12H 12E 13C 13C 13C 12H 12E 13C 13C 13C 13C 12E 13C 13C 13C 13C 12E 13C 13C 13C 13C 12E 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13C 13				Samp	le ID		
12E 12C				Date	Sampled		
12E 12G 12H				Beg. Depth	- End Depth		
12E-6		12	ω ·	1:	9	12	Ξ
23-Feb-88 20-Feb-88 20-Feb-88 23-Feb-88 23-Feb-84 23-Feb-88 23-Feb-88 <t< th=""><th></th><th>12E</th><th>9-</th><th>120</th><th>7-5</th><th>12H</th><th>-1</th></t<>		12E	9-	120	7-5	12H	-1
14 - 17 16 - 17 10 - 4 11 of and the conditions 10 (0.22) 10 (0.23) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) 10 (0.03) <t< th=""><th></th><th>23-Fe</th><th>p-88</th><th>20-Fe</th><th>ip-88</th><th>23-Fe</th><th>P-88</th></t<>		23-Fe	p-88	20-Fe	ip-88	23-Fe	P-88
hene ND (6.2) ND (4.6) ND ND (4.5) ND (4.6) ND 1) ether 1) ether 1) tether 1) teth	PARAMETER	24 -	29	14	17	0	•
ND (4.5) ND (4.6) ND ND (4.5) ND (4.6) ND ND (4.5) ND (4.6) ND 1) ether ND (0.47) ND (4.6) ND copyl cher ND (0.47) ND (0.53) ND phthalate ND (0.21) ND (0.53) ND late ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND late ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND ate ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND ce ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND ce	benzo(k)fluoranthene	Q	(0.22)	CN	(0.23)	QN	(0.29)
ND (4.5) ND (4.6) ND 1) ether 1) ether 0.047) ND (0.49) ND 1) ether 1) ether 0.051) ND (0.53) ND 10phthalate 0.0943 (0.21) ND (0.53) ND 1ate ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND ate ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND late ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND late 0.0924 (0.22) ND (0.23) ND racene ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND re ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND re ND (0.23) ND <th>benzoic acid</th> <th>QN</th> <th>(4.5)</th> <th>QN</th> <th>(4.6)</th> <th>Q</th> <th>(5.8)</th>	benzoic acid	QN	(4.5)	QN	(4.6)	Q	(5.8)
Nymethane ND (0.41) ND (0.49) ND 1) ether n (0.51) ND (0.53) ND ropyl)ether n (0.51) ND (0.53) ND jphthalate n (0.54) (0.53) ND 0.53 late ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND ste ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND late ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND late 0.044 (0.22) ND (0.23) ND late 0.025 (0.	benzyl alcohol	Q	(4.5)	QN	(4.6)	Q.	(5.8)
Dether D	bls(2-chloroethoxy)methane	QN	(0.47)	QN	. (67.0)	QN	(0.62)
topyllether ND (0.51) ND (0.53) ND phthalate 0.094J (0.22) 0.194 (0.23) ND late ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND ate 0.024 (0.22) ND (0.23) ND ate 0.025 ND (0.23) ND late 0.025 0.13B (0.23) ND racene 0.025 (0.22) 0.13B 0.52B racene 0.025 (0.22) 0.13B 0.15J racene ND (0.22) 0.13B ND 0.15J re ND (0.12) ND (0.23) ND re ND (0.12) ND (0.13) ND	bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	QN	(0.51)	ND	(0.53)	QN	(0.67)
phthalate 0.094J (0.22) 0.19J (0.23) 0.53 late ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND ste ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND late 0.092J (0.22) 0.1B (0.23) ND late 0.092J (0.22) 0.1B (0.23) ND racence 0.092J (0.22) 0.1B (0.23) ND racence ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND racence ND (0.22) ND (0.15) ND recence ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND recence ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND recence ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND recence ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND recence ND (0.12) ND (0.18) ND recence ND <th>bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether</th> <th>Q</th> <th>(0.51)</th> <th>N</th> <th>(0.53)</th> <th>QN</th> <th>(0.67)</th>	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	Q	(0.51)	N	(0.53)	QN	(0.67)
ate ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND ate ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND late 0.092J (0.22) ND (0.23) ND racene 0.092J (0.22) 0.18J (0.23) ND racene ND (0.22) ND (0.15) ND racene ND (0.22) ND (0.15) ND racene ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND racene ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND racene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND racene ND (0.14) ND (0.18) ND racene ND (0.14)	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.094J	(0.22)	0.195	(0.23)	0.53	(0.29)
ALD (0.22) ND (0.23) ND Late 0.24B (0.22) 0.31B (0.23) 0.62B Late 0.092J (0.22) 0.18J (0.23) 0.15J racene ND (0.22) ND (0.13) ND recense ND (0.22) ND (0.13) ND recense ND (0.23) ND (0.13) ND recense ND (0.13) ND (0.13) ND recense ND (0.17) ND (0.13) ND recense ND (0.17) ND (0.13) ND ene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ene ND (0.12) ND (0.18) ND ene ND (0.12) ND	butylbenzylphthalate	GN	(0.22)	ND	(0.23)	CN	(0.29)
ate 0.24B (0.22) 0.31B (0.23) 0.52B Late 0.0923 (0.22) 0.18J (0.23) 0.15J racene ND (0.22) ND (0.23) 0.15J racene ND (0.23) ND (0.15J ND ref ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ref ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ene ND (0.18) ND (0.18) ND ene ND (0.18) ND <th>chrysene</th> <th>Q</th> <th>(0.22)</th> <th>QN</th> <th>(0.23)</th> <th>QN</th> <th>(0.29)</th>	chrysene	Q	(0.22)	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.29)
tate 0.0923 (0.22) 0.18J (0.23) 0.15J racene ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND Racene ND (0.23) ND (0.17J ND ce ND (0.17) ND (0.17J ND ce ND (0.14) ND (0.18) ND ce ND (0.14) ND (0.18) ND ce ND (0.14) ND (0.18) ND ce ND (0.17) ND ND ND centeraltene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND centeraltene ND (0.04) ND (0.18) ND pyrene ND (0.14) ND (0.18) ND copylamine ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND copylamine ND (0.11) ND (0.11) ND copylamine ND (0.12) </th <th>di-n-butylphthalate</th> <th>0.248</th> <th>(0.22)</th> <th>0.318</th> <th>(0.23)</th> <th>0.628</th> <th>(0.29)</th>	di-n-butylphthalate	0.248	(0.22)	0.318	(0.23)	0.628	(0.29)
racene ND (0.22) ND (0.23) ND reference ND (0.89) ND (0.171) ND te ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND te ND (0.14) ND (0.17) ND e ND (0.14) ND (0.18) ND e ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ent ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ent ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ent ND (0.18) ND (0.18) ND ent ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ent ND (0.12) ND (0.15) ND ent ND (0.10) ND (0.11) ND ent ND (0.11) ND (0.11) <th>di-n-octyl phthalate</th> <th>0.0923</th> <th>(0.22)</th> <th>0.18J</th> <th>(0.23)</th> <th>0.15J</th> <th>(0.29)</th>	di-n-octyl phthalate	0.0923	(0.22)	0.18J	(0.23)	0.15J	(0.29)
te ND (0.69) ND (0.17) ND te ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND te ND (0.14) ND (0.18) ND e ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ent ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ent ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND pyrene ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND pyrene ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ropylamine ND (0.20) ND (0.11) ND ropylamine ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND ropylamine ND (0.20) ND	dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	QN	(0.22)	ON	(0.23)	QN	(0.29)
te ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND nD (0.14) ND (0.15) ND nD (0.14) ND (0.15) ND e ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ente ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ente ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ente delene ND (0.001) ND (0.18) ND ente adlene ND (0.14) ND (0.18) ND pyrene ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ropylamine ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ropylamine ND (0.10) ND (0.11) ND rapine ND (0.11) ND (0.11) ND ropylamine ND (0.10) ND (0.11) ND ropylamine ND (0.10) ND (0.10)	dlbenzofuran	QN .	(68.0)	ON	(0.92)	0.173	(1.2)
ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND tadlene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND tadlene ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND tadlene ND (0.001) ND (0.043) ND rene ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND rene ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND pytamine ND (0.20) ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND mine ND (0.20) ND (0.11) ND (0.11) ND	diethylphthalate	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.18)	Q	(0.22)
ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ND (0.000) ND (0.18) ND ND (0.054) ND (0.55) ND ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ND (0.20) ND (0.34) ND ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND ND (0.92) ND (1.11) ND	dimethyl phthalate	Ĉ.	(0.14)	GN	(0.15)	CN	(0.19)
ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ND (0.003) ND (0.083) ND ND (0.54) ND (0.55) ND ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ND (0.33) ND (0.34) ND ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND ND (0.92) ND (1.11) ND	fluoranthene	S	(0.20)	GN	(0.20)	QN	(0.26)
ND (0.17) ND (0.18) ND ND (0.080) ND (0.083) ND ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ND (0.33) ND (0.34) ND ND (0.20) ND ND ND ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND ND (0.92) ND ND ND	fluorene	QN	(0.17)	GN	(0.18)	ND	(0.22)
ND (0.000) ND (0.093) ND ND (0.54) ND (0.55) ND ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ND (0.33) ND (0.34) ND ND (0.20) ND ND ND ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND ND (0.92) ND ND	hexachlorobenzene	ND	(0.17)	ND	(0.18)	QN	(0.22)
ND (0.54) ND (0.55) ND ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ND (0.33) ND (0.34) ND ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND ND (0.92) ND ND	newachlorobutadlene	GN	(0.080)	GN	(0.083)	QN Q	(0.11)
ND (0.14) ND (0.15) ND ND (0.33) ND (0.34) ND ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND ND (0.92) ND ND	hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	(0.54)	QN CD	(0.55)	QN	(0.70)
ND (0.33) ND (0.34) ND (0.34) ND (0.34) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND (0.89) ND (0.92) ND	hexachloroethane	ON	(0.14)	ON	(0.15)	QN	(0.19)
ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND ND (1.1) ND ND (1.1) ND ND ND (0.89) ND (0.92) ND	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND	(0.33)	QN	(0.34)	QN	(0.43)
ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND ND (1.1) ND ND (0.89) ND (0.92) ND	Lsophorone	ND	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.26)
ND (0.89) ND (0.92) ND	n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	CN.	(1.1)	GN	(1.1)	QN	(1.4)
	n-nltrosodimethylamine	QN	(0.89)	CM	(0.92)	G	(1.2)

^{8:} Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)ND: Not detected at specified detection limit(): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

Primary Results						
			Moni	Monitor Well		
			Sam	Sample ID		
			Date	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Deptl	Beg. Depth - End Depth		
	12E			126		12H
	12E-6		7	12G-4	113	12H-1
	23-Feb-88	_	20∼1	20~Feb-88	23-1	23-Feb-88
РАКАНЕТЕК	24 - 29	,	14	14 - 17	0	7 - 0
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	ND (0.	(0.17)	QN	(0.18)	QN	(0.22)
naphthalene	ND (0.	.14)	QN	(0.15)	3.9	(0.19)
nitrobenzene	ND (0.	(0.17)	GN	(0.18)	QN	(0.22)
pentachlorophenol	ND (0.	.32)	Q	(0.33)	QN	(0.42)
phenanthrene	ND (0.	(0.48)	Q	(0.50)	QN	(0.63)
phenol	O) ON	(0.13)	Q	(0.14)	0.50	(0.18)
pyrene	ND (0.	(0.17)	QN	(0.18)	QN	(0.22)

Detected in Reagent Blank: background subtraction not performed

Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

^{():} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

				;	1107			
				Monito	DE WELL			
				Samp	Sample ID			
				Date	Date Sampled			
				Beg. Depth	Beg. Depth - End Depth			
	1	12H	,	1211	-	12H	1	12H
	12	12H-2	12	12H-2	12	12H-3	12	12H-4
	23-F	23-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88
PARAMETER	7	6 -	7	6 - 4	- 6	9 - 14	14	14 - 19
retroleum Hydrocarbons MC/KG Petroleum Hydrocarbons	2110.0		1200.0		450.0		340.0	
Volatile Organic Compounds MG/KG								
1,1,1-trichloroethane	QN	(0.95)	Q	(0,55)	2	(98.0)	Ç	33 07
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	ON	(1.7)	QN	(1.0)	9	(1.0)	2	(0.19)
1,1,2-trichloroethane	QN	(1.3)	ND	(0.73)	QN	(0.74)	QN	(0.74)
1,2-d1chloroethane	QN	(0.70)	ND	(0.41)	ON	(0.41)	QN	(0.41)
1,2-dichloropropane	QN	(1.5)	MD	(0.87)	QN	(0.88)	QN	(0.88)
2-butanone	4.383	(6.3)	5.18	(3.6)	8.08	(3.7)	5.7B	(3.7)
2-chloroethylvinyl ether	QN	(1.3)	ND	(0.73)	ON	(0.74)	QN	(0.74)
2-hexanone	QN	(6.0)	QN	(5.2)	QN	(5.3)	QN	(5.3)
4-methyl-2-pentanone	QN	(12.0)	ND	(6.7)	ON	(6.8)	QN	(6.8)
Benzene	ND	(1.1)	QN	(0.64)	QN	(0.65)	QN	(0.65)
Ethylbenzene	8.4	(1.8)	3.6	(1.0)	1.13	(1.1)	0.893	(1.1)
Toluene	8.8	(1.5)	7.5	(0.87)	1.9	(0.88)	0.243	(0.88)
Trichloroethene	CN	(0.48)	QN	(0.28)	ND	(0.28)	QN	(0.28)
acetone	4.0B	(1.9)	2.68	(1.1)	2.58	(1.1)	11.08	(1.1)
bromodich i oromethane	QN	(0.55)	QN	(0.32)	QN	(0.32)	QN	(0.32)
bromoform	ON	(1.2)	QN	(0.68)	Q	(0.69)	QN	(0.69)
bronomethane	QN	(1.3)	CN	(0.73)	QN	(0.74)	ĜN	(0.74)
carbon disulfide	ON	(0.43)	QN	(0.25)	QN	(0.25)	ON	(0.25)
carbon tetrachloride	QN	(0.70)	GN	(0.41)	CN	(0.41)	G N	(0.41)
chlorobenzene	ÜN	(1.5)	CN	(0.87)	QN	(0.88)	ÛN	(0.88)
cnloroethane	ON	(1.3)	ĠN	(0.73)	ON	(0.74)	ÎN	(0.74)

ickground subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)
 ND: Not detected at specified detection limit
 (-): Detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

opropene thane oroethene oroethene erhane methane meth	Primary Results								
Simple 10 Dire Sample 10 Dire Samp					Monitor	Well			
1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214					Sample	ID			
12H					Date San	pled			
1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214 1214					Beg. Depth -	End Depth			
1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1311-2 1		1	2Н	1	2Н	11	H	12	H
17-E4-88 23-E4-88		12	н-2	12	н-2	121	1-3	121	1-4
C		23-F	eb-88	23-F	eb-88	23-F	P-88	23-Fe	P-88
HG/KG HG (0.46) HG (0.73) HG (0.73) HG (0.74) HG	РАКАНЕТЕК	-3	6 -			- 6	14		
th (1.3) ND (0.74) ND (0.74) ND (0.74) ND thane thane ND (1.3) ND (0.73) ND (0.74) ND ide ND (0.74) ND (0.43) ND (0.44) ND ide ND (0.75) ND (0.44) ND (0.44) ND ide ND (0.75) ND (0.44) ND (0.44) ND ide ND (0.75) ND (0.44) ND (0.44) ND ide ND (0.75) ND (0.45) ND (0.44) ND ide ND (0.75) ND (0.75) ND (0.74) ND ide ND (0.40) ND (0.73) ND (0.74) ND ide ND (0.40) ND (0.73) ND (0.74) ND ide ND (1.13)	chloroform	Q	(0.40)	Ç	(0.23)	QN	(0.24)	QN	(0.24)
Prizate ND (1.3) ND (0.73) ND (0.74) ND Ide ND (0.73) ND (0.43) ND (0.44) ND Ide ND (0.73) ND (0.44) ND (0.44) ND Ine ND (1.07) ND (0.44) ND (0.44) ND Ine ND (1.07) ND (0.44) ND (0.44) ND Ine ND (1.07) ND (0.44) ND (0.44) ND Ine (1.07) ND (0.40) ND (0.44) ND (0.40) ND Ine (1.13) ND (0.40) ND (0.71) ND (0.74) ND Ine (1.13) ND (0.71) ND (0.71) ND (0.74) ND Ine Ine (1.13) ND (0.71) ND (0.74) ND (0.74) ND (0	chloromethane	Q	(1.3)	QN	(0.73)	Q	(0.74)	QN	(0.74)
thanetherest between the control of control	cls-1,3-Dichloropropene	Q	(1.3)	Ç.	(0.73)	Q	(0.74)	Q	(0.74)
Hander H	dibromochioromethane	Q	(0.78)	QN	(0.45)	QN	(0.46)	QN	(0.46)
No	methylene chloride	Q	(0.70)	QN	(0.41)	S.	(0.41)	QN	(0.41)
No. Co. No. No. Co. No. Co. No. No. No. Co. No. No. No. No. Co. No.	styrene	QN	(0.75)	QN	(0.44)	Q	(0.44)	QN	(0.44)
31.0 (1.2) 23.0 (0.67) 6.4 (0.68) 4.0 ND (0.40) ND (0.23) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (tetrachloroethene	æ	(1.0)	QN	(6.59)	QN	(09.60)	Q	(09.0)
nuctometical procedure of control procedure of co	total xylenes	31.0	(1.2)	23.0	(0.67)	4.9	(0.68)	4.0	(0.68)
nethane ND (1.3) ND (0.73) ND (0.74) ND nethane ND (1.3) ND (0.73) ND (0.74) ND antc Compounds RG/MG (1.3) ND (1.0) ND (0.74) ND antc Compounds MG/MG (1.3) ND (0.73) ND (0.74) ND cene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND cene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND cene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND phenol ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND phenol ND (0.20) ND (0.40) ND (0.40) ND (0.17) ND phenol ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	QN	(0.40)	QN	(0.23)	Q.	(0.24)	ON	(0.24)
methane ND (1.3) ND (0.73) ND (1.0) ND matic Compounds MG/KG MD (1.1) ND (1.0) ND (1.0) ND antic Compounds MG/KG MG/KG MD (0.17) ND (0.17) ND ND sense ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND ND sene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND sene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND phenol ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND phenol ND (0.40) ND (0.40) ND (0.40) ND (0.20) ND phenol ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND nol ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND <	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	QN	(1.3)	QN	(0.73)	QN	(0.74)	QN	(0.74)
ND (1.7) ND (1.0)	trichlorofluoromethane	QN	(1.3)	GN	(0.73)	Š	(0.74)	Î	(0.74)
anic Compounds MG/KG ND (1.3) ND (0.73) ND (0.74) ND benzene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND zene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND zene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND ND zene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND zene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND zene ND (0.21) ND (0.21) ND (0.17) ND phenol ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND not ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND ene ND (0.52) ND (0.52) ND (0.51) ND ene ND (0.52)	vinyl acetate	Ç	(1.7)	QN	(1.0)	S.	(1.0)	QN	(1.0)
anic Compounds MG/KG MD (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND cene ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND phenol ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND phenol ND (0.25) ND (0.21) ND (0.24) ND phenol ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND nol ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND nol ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND nol ND (0.52) ND	vinyl chloride	QN	(1.3)	CN	(0.73)	QN	(0.74)	QN	(0.74)
HG/KG ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.24) ND (0.40) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.24) ND (0.91) ND (0.39) ND ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.52) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.52) ND (0.52) ND (0.51) ND									
ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.21) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND									
ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.19) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.19) ND (0.19) ND (0.29) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.	1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	Q	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)
ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.40) ND (0.29) ND (0.39) ND ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.24) ND ND (0.52) ND (0.52) ND (0.51) ND	1,2-dichlorobenzene	GN	(0.17)	ОМ	(0.17)	Q	(0.17)	ОМ	(0.17)
ND (0.40) ND (0.40) ND (0.39) ND ND (0.92) ND (0.91) ND (0.89) ND ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND ND ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.52) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.52) ND (0.51) ND	1,3-dichlorobenzene	GN	(0.17)	CN	(0.17)	Q.	(0.17)	QN	(0:17)
ND (0.92) ND (0.91) ND (0.89) ND ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.38) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.52) ND (0.51) ND	1,4-dichlorobenzene	Q	(0.40)	QN	(0.40)	QN	(0.39)	QN	(0'.40)
ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.52) ND (0.52) ND (0.52) ND (0.52) ND	2,4,5-trichlorophenol	CN.	(0.92)	QN	(0.91)	CN	(0.89)	CM	(0.95)
ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.51) ND (0.52) ND (0.51) ND	2,4,6-trichlorophenol	Q	(0.25)	QN	(0.25)	QN	(0.24)	CIN	(0.25)
ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.24) ND (0.25) ND (0.25) ND (0.51) ND (0.51) ND	2,4-dichlorophenol	ON	(0.25)	QN	(6.25)	ŝ	(0.24)	Î	(0.25)
ND (3.8) ND (3.8) ND (3.7) ND (0.52) ND (0.51) ND	2,4-dimethylphenol	Û	(0.25)	QN	(0.25)	ON	(0.24)	CN.	(0.25)
ND (0.52) ND (0.52) ND (0.51) ND	2,4-dinitrophenol	ON	(3.8)	МD	(3.8)	Ğ	(3.7)	QN	(3.9)
	2,4-dinitrotoluene	Î	(0.52)	QN	(0.52)	QN	(0.51)	Û N	(0.52)
			1	;	!				

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed
BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit
(): Detection limit

Primary Results								
				Monitor Well	Well			
				Sample ID	10			
				Date Sampled	mpled			
				Beg. Depth -	Depth - End Depth			
	12H	=	-	12H	1	12H	12	12H
	12H-2	- 2	12	12H-2	121	12H-3	12H-4	4-4
	23-Feb-88	p-88	23-F	23-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88	23-Fe	23-Feb-88
PARAMETER	- 7	6	7	6 -	9 - 14	14	14	14 - 19
2,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	(0.17)	ON	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	UD	(0.17)
2-chloronaphthalene	Q	(0.17)	Q	(0.17)	Q	(0.17)	ON	(0.17)
2-chlorophenol	Q.	(0.30)	QN	(0.30)	QN	(0.29)	ND	(0:30)
2-methyinaphthalene	0.4	(0.92)	8.4	(0.91)	0.66J	(0.89)	96.0	(0.92)
2-methylphenol	Q	(0.92)	Û	(0.91)	QN	(68.0)	QN	(0.92)
2-nltroaniline	Q.	(4.6)	Q	(4.6)	QN	(4.4)	QN	(4.6)
2-nitrophenol	QN	(0.33)	Q	(0.33)	Q	(0.32)	ON	(0.33)
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	QN	(1.5)	Û	(1.5)	Q	(1.5)	QN	(1.5)
3-nitroaniline	QN	(4.6)	ON	(9.4)	QN	(4.4)	QN	(4.6)
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	QN.	(2.2)	QN	(2.2)	Ŷ	(2.1)	QN	(2.2)
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	QN	(0.17)	CN.	(0.17)	Q	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	QN	(0.27)	Ê	(0.27)	Š	(0.27)	N	(0.28)
4-chloroaniline	û	(0.92)	ŝ	(0.91)	Î	(0.89)	QN	(0.92)
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	Ê	(0.38)	Ê	(0.18)	Ê	(0.37)	CIN	(0.39)
	0.54J	(0.92)	0.76J	(0.91)	QN	(0.89)	QN	(0.92)
4-nitroaniline	QN	(4.6)	Ë	(4.6)	(IN	(4.4)	QN	(9.4)
4 nitrophenol	ÛN	(0.22)	GN.	(0.22)	ÛN	(0.21)	CN	(0.22)
acenapht hene	Q	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)
acenaphthylene	ND	(0.32)	ON	(0.32)	Q	(0.31)	QN	(0.32)
aniline	Ç	(0.92)	QN	(0.91)	CN	(0.89)	QN	(0.92)
anthracene	QN	(0.17)	Q	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)
benzidine	QN	(0.4)	QN	(4.0)	QN	(3.9)	GN	(4.0)
benzo(a)anthracene	Q	(0.71)	CIN	(0.71)	QN	(0.69)	0 N	(0.72)
henzo(a)pyrene	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.23)	ND	(0.22)	Q N	(0.23)
benzo(b) f Luoranthene	Q	(0.44)	QN	(0.44)	UND	(0.43)	QN	(0.44)

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

				Monitor Well	r Well			
				Sample ID	ol :			
				Date Sampled	ampled			
				Beg. Depth - End Depth	End Depth			
		12H	1	12H	12H	×		12H
	i e	12H-2	12	12H-2	12H-3	-3	12	12H-4
	23-1	23-Feb-88	23-F	23-Feb-88	23-Feb-88	b-88	23 - F	23-Feb-88
PARAMETER	7	6 - 7	7	6 - 9	9 - 14	14	14	14 - 19
benzo(k)fluoranthene	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.22)	QN	(0.23)
benzolc acid	QN	(4.6)	CN	(4.6)	CN	(4.4)	QN	(4.6)
benzyl alcohol	GN	(4.4)	CN	(4.6)	QN	(4.4)	QN	(4.6)
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	QN	(0.48)	QN	(0.48)	QN	(0.41)	Q	(67 0)
bls(2-chloroethyl) ether	QN	(0.52)	QN	(0.52)	Ĉ.	(0.51)	Q	(0.52)
bis(2 chlorolsopropyl)ether	QN	(0.52)	QN	(0.52)	QN	(0.51)	9	(0.52)
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.28	(0.23)	0.33	(0.23)	1.18	(0.22)	1 4 H	(0.23)
butylbenzylphthalate	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.22)	Q	(0.23)
chrysene	GN	(0.23)	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.22)	Q	(0.23)
dl-n-butylphthalate	0.288	(0.23)	0.618	(0.23)	QN	(0.22)	Q	(0.23)
di-n-octyl phthalate	0.10	(0.23)	0.22J	(0.23)	0.148J	(0.22)	CN	(0.23)
dlbenzo(a,h)anthracene	GN	(0.23)	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.22)	QN	(0.23)
- dibenzofuran	QN .	(0.92)	GN	(0.91)	QN	(0.89)	Q	(0.92)
diethylphthalate	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)
dimethyl phthalate	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.14)	ON	(0.15)
fluoranthene	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)
fluorene	GN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)
hexachlorobenzene	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)
hexachlorobutadiene	ON	(0.082)	GN	(0.082)	QN	(0.080)	G	(0.083)
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	QN	(0.55)	QN	(0.55)	QN	(0.53)	QN	(0.55)
hexachloroethane	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.14)	QN	(0.15)
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	QN	(0.34)	ON	(0.34)	QN	(0.33)	CN	(0.34)
l sophorone	GN	(0.20)	O N	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)
n unitroso-di-n-propylamine	QN	(1.1)	NC	(1.1)	QN	(1.1)	Q	(1.1)
n nitrosodimethylamine	9	100 07					;	

Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

ND: Not derected at specified derection limit

^{):} Derection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.)

Table 3.14-2

Primary Results								
				Monitor Well	We i 1			
				Sample 1D	1D			
				Dute Sampled	pled			
				Beg. Depth - End Depth	End Depth			
	128	==	121	=	1211		11.511	=
	12H-2	.2	12H-2	1-2	12H-3	e,	12H 4	7
	23-Feb-88	b-88	23-Fe	23-Feb-88	23-Feb-88	-88	23-Feb-88	b-88
РАВАНЕТЕЯ	6 - 4	6	6 - 4	6	9 - 14	4	14 -	14 - 19
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	G	(0.17)	ON	(0.17)	ND	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)
naphthalene	2.1	(0.15)	27	(0.15)	0.31	(0.14)	0.37	(0.15)
nitrobenzene	ND	(0.17)	ON	(0.17)	Q	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)
pentachlorophenol	ON	(0.33)	QN	(0.33)	Q	(0.32)	QN	(0.33)
phenanthrene	ON	(67.0)	QN	(6,49)	QN	(0.48)	QN	(0.50)
phenol	0.33	(0.14)	0.36	(0.14)	QN	(0.13)	QN	(0.14)
pyrene	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)	Ð	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value helow detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

(): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

			Monlt	Monitor Well		
			Samp	Sample 1D		
			Date	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Reg. Depth - End Depth		
	12	128	ı	121	==	121
	121	12H-5	12	121-2	12.	121-3
	23 - Fe	23-Feb-88	23 - F.	23-Feb-88	24-F	24-Feb-88
Parameter	- 10	19 - 25	7	6 -	9 - 14	14
Petroleum Hydrocarbons MC/KG						
Petroleum Hydrocarbons	5760.0		670.00		450.0	
Volatile Organic Compounds MC/KG						
1,1,1-trichloroethane	QN	(2.4)	QN	(0.55)	Ž	(0.55)
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	1.33	(4.3)	QN	(1.0)	Q	(0.99)
1,1,2-trichloroethane	QN.	(3.1)	QN	(0.73)	QN	(0.72)
1,2-dichloroethane	QN	(1.8)	QN	(0.41)	Q	(0,40)
1,2-dichloropropane	ÜN	(3.8)	QN	(0.87)	GN	(0.86)
2-butanone	QN	(16.0)	8.08	(3.6)	80·9	(3.6)
2-chloroethylvinyl ether	ON	(3.1)	QN	(0.73)	QN	(0.72)
2-hexanone	GN	(23.0)	QN	(5.2)	GN	(5.2)
4-methyl-2-pentanone	QN .	(29.0)	QN	(6.7)	Q	(9.9)
Benzene	QN	(2.8)	QN	(0.64)	0.543	(0.63)
Ethylbenzene	5.0	(4.5)	1.3	(1.0)	9.6	(1.0)
Toluene	3.7J	(3.8)	1.7	(0.87)	2.2	(0.86)
Trichloroethene	QN	(1.2)	QN	(0.28)	Q	(0.27)
acetone	0.87BJ	(4.7)	8.28	(1.1)	5.48	(1.1)
bromodichioromethane	QN	(1.4)	CN	(0.32)	Ŝ	(0.32)
b como form	GN	(2.9)	QN	(0.68)	QN	(0.68)
bromomethane	QN	(3.1)	GN	(0.73)	Q	(0.72)
carbon disulfide	QN	(1.1)	QN	(0.25)	CN	(0.24)
carbon tetrachloride	CN	(1.8)	ŝ	(15.0)	ŝ	(0''0)
chlorobenzene	ŝ	(3.8)	Ŝ	(0,87)	ž	(98.0)

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

			11100	HODITOR WELL		
			Samp	Sample ID		
			Date	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Depth - End Depth		
	128	=	1	121	-	121
	12H-5	-5	12	121-2	12	121-3
	23-Feb-88	p-88	23-F	23-Feb-88	24 - F	24-Feb-88
PARAMETER	19 -	25	7	6 -	9 - 14	14
chloroethane	QN	(3.1)	QN	(0.73)	QN	(0.72)
chloroform	UN	(1.0)	QN	(0.23)	QN	(0.23)
chloromethane	GN	(3.1)	ND	(0.73)	ON	(0.72)
cls-1,3-Dichloropropene	QN	(3.1)	QN	(0.73)	QN	(0.72)
dibromochloromethane	QN	(1.9)	QN	(0.45)	QN	(0.45)
methylene chloride	QN	(1.8)	QN	(0.41)	QN	(0.40)
styrene	ON	(1.9)	QN	(0.44)	QN	(0.43)
tetrachloroethene	ND	(5.6)	QN	(0.59)	QN	(0.59)
total xylenes	32.0	(2.9)	8.6	(0.67)	35.0	(0.66)
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	GN	(1.0)	QN	(0.23)	ON	(0.23)
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	QN	(3.1)	QN	(0.73)	QN	(0.72)
trichiorofluoromethane	QN	(3.1)	QN	(0.73)	QN	(0.72)
vinyl acetate	GN	(4.3)	QN	(1.0)	ND	(66.0)
vinyl chloride	QN	(3.1)	ON	(0.73)	QN	(0.72)
Semivolatile Organic Compounds MG/KG						
1,2,4-trichiorobenzene	ON	(1.4)	GN	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)
1,2-dichlorobenzene	GN	(1.4)	ÛN	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)
1,3-dichlorobenzene	GN	(1.4)	ON	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)
1,4-dichlorobenzene	ON	(3.3)	CIN.	(0.35)	QN	(0.35)
2,4,5-trichiorophenol	GN	(7.6)	ON	(0.80)	GN	(0.79)
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	QN	(5.0)	ÛN	(0.22)	QN	(0.21)
2,4-dichlorophenol	GN	(2.0)	Q.	(0.22)	QN	(0.21)
2,4-dimethylphenol	QN	(2.0)	QN	(0.22)	QN	(0.21)

BJ: Analyte derected in blank. Estimated value below derection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)
 ^: Indicates duplicate analysis is not within control limits.

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (--): Detection limit

): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

Primary Results						
			Monit	Monitor Well		
			Samp	Sample 1D		
			Date	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Depth - End Depth		
	12H	×		121	1	121
	12H-5	-5	12	121-2	12	121-3
	23-Feb-88	p-88	23-F	23-Feb-88	24-F	24-Feb-88
PARAMETER	19 -	25	7	6 -	- 6	- 14
2,4-dinitrophenol	ND	(32.0)	QN	(3.4)	QN	(3.3)
2,4-dinitrotoluene	QN	(4.3)	UND	(0.45)	QN	(0.45)
2,6-dinitrotoluene	GN	(1.4)	ND	(0.15)	Q	(0.15)
2-chloronaphthalene	QN	(1.4)	ON	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)
2-chlorophenol	GN	(2.5)	QN	(0.26)	QN	(0.26)
2-methylnaphthalene	11.0	(1.6)	2.0	(0.80)	2.0	(0.79)
2-methylphenol	UN	(7.6)	QN	(0.80)	QN	(0.79)
2-nitroaniline	QN	(38.0)	QN	(4.0)	QN	(3.9)
2-nitrophenol	QN	(2.1)	QN	(0.29)	QN	(0.28)
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	ND	(12.0)	QN	(1.3)	QN	(1.3)
3-nitroaniline	CN	(38.0)	QN	(4.0)	GN	(3.9)
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	GN	(18.0)	CIN	(1.9)	ON	(1.9)
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	QN	(1.4)	ND	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	NI)	(2.3)	CIN	(0.24)	Q#	(0.24)
4-chloroaniline	GN	(7.6)	CIN	(O.BO)	Š	(0.79)
4 chlorophanyl phanylather	CN	(3.2)	Î	(9.34)	Î	(0.33)
4-methylphenol	UN	(7.6)	1.4	(0.80)	0.263	(0.79)
4-nitroaniline	ND	(38.0)	QN	(4.0)	GN	(3.9)
4 - nit rophenol	GN	(1.8)	ON	(0.19)	Q	(0.19)
acenaphthene	(IN	(1.4)	ON	(0.15)	Q	(0.15)
acenaphthylene	ON CON	(5.6)	QN	(0.28)	Q	(0.27)
antline	GN	(7.6)	UN	(0.80)	Q¥	(0.79)
anthracene	GN	(1.4)	QN	(0.15)	Q	(0.15)
benzidine	QN	(33.0)	QN	(3.5)	2	(3 5)

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

Indicates duplicate analysis is not within control limits. J: Estimated value (GC test codes)
^: Indicates duplicate analysis is r

ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

Primary Results						
			Monito	Monitor Well		
			Sample ID	e ID		
			Date S	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Depth - End Depth		
	12H	æ	121	1	121	1
	12H-5	-5	121-2	-2	121-3	-3
	23-Feb-88	P-88	23-Feb-88	b-88	24-Feb-88	b-88
PARAMETER	19 - 25	25	6 - 7	6	9 - 14	14
benzo(a)anthracene	QN	(8.9)	QN	(0.62)	QN	(0.61)
benzo(a)pyrene	CN	(1.9)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)
benzo(b)fluoranthene	QN	(3.6)	CN	(0.38)	QN	(0.38)
benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	(1.9)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)
benzolc acid	QN	(38.0)	C¥	(4.0)	QN	(3.9)
benzyl alcohol	CN	(38.0)	QN	(4.0)	CN	(3.9)
hls(2-chloroethoxy)methane	CN	(4.0)	S.	(0.42)	Q	(0.42)
bis(2-chioroethyl) ether	QN	(4.3)	Q	(0.45)	QN	(0.45)
bis(2-chloroisopropy1)ether	QN	(4,3)	Q	(0.45)	Q	(0.45)
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	12.0B	(1.9)	1.4B	(0.20)	0.588	(0.20)
butylbenzylphthalate	QN	(1.9)	Q	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)
chrysene	QN	(1.9)	Q	(0.20)	Q	(0.20)
d1-n-butylphthalate	ND	(1.9)	Q	(0.20)	QN	(0.20)
di-n-octyl phthalate	QN	(1.9)	0.21	(0.20)	0.47	(0.20)
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	QN	(1.9)	2	(0.20)	Q	(0.20)
dibenzofuran	QN	(7.6)	QN	(0.80)	QN	(67.0)
diethylphthalate	CN	(1.4)	S	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)
dimethyl phthalate	QN	(1.2)	QN	(0.13)	QN	(0.13)
fluoranthene	QN	(1.7)	Q	(0.18)	QN	(0.17)
fluorene	QN	(1.4)	CN	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)
hexachtorobenzene	QN	(1.4)	Q	(0.15)	Q	(0.15)
hexachlorobutadiene	QN	(0.68)	QN	(0.072)	QN	(0.011)
hexachlorocyclopentadlene	QN	(4.5)	Q	(0.48)	QN	(0.47)
liexachloroethane	QN	(1.2)	G	(0.13)	QN	(0.13)

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimared value below detection limit.

Indicates duplicate analysis is not within control limits. J: Estimated value (GC test codes)
 Andicates duplicate analysis is not within ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

Primary Results							
			Monito	Monitor Well			
			Sampl	Sample ID			
			Date S	Date Sampled			
			Beg. Depth	Beg. Depth - End Depth			
	12		12	-	12	1.2	
	128-5		121	- 2	121	121-3	
	23-Fe		23-Fe	23-Feb-88	24 - Fe	24-Feb-8B	
PARAMETER	19 - 25	2.5	- 7	6 - 7	- 6	9 - 14	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	GN	(2.8)	C	(0.30)	Q.	(0.29)	
isaphorone	GN	(1.7)	QN	(0.18)	QN	(0.17)	
n-nltroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	(9.1)	C N	(96.0)	ON	(0.94)	
n-nitrosodimethylamine	QN.	(7.6)	Q.N.	(08.80)	QN	(0.79)	
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	(1.4)	C Z	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)	
naphthalene	4.7	(1.2)	0.95	(0.13)	0.94	(0.13)	
nitrobenzene	ND	(1.4)	G.	(0.15)	ON	(0.15)	
pentachlorophenol	QN	(2.1)	Q.N.	(0.29)	Q	(0.28)	
phenanthrene	QN	(4.1)	QN	(0.43)	GN	(0.42)	
phenol	QN	(1.1)	Q	(0.12)	QN	(0.12)	
pyrene	QN	(1.4)	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)	

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

BJ: Analyte detected in blank. Estimated value below detection limit.

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

^{?:} Indicates duplicate analysis is not within control limits. ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

				:		
			Honite	Monitor Well		
			Sampl	Sample ID		
			Date S	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Depth - End Depth		
	121		12	123	12.5	7
	121-5	-5	12J-2	1-2	12J-2	1-2
	24-Feb-88	b-88	24-Fe	24-Feb-88	24-Feb-88	.p-88
PARAMETER	19 - 24	24	6 - 7	6	6 - 4	6
Petroleum Hydrocarbons MG/KG						
Petroleum Hydrocarbons	1250.0		QN	(8.0)	GN	(5.0)
Volatile Organic Compounds MG/KG						
1,1,1-trichloroethane	GN	(0.0039)	Q N	(0.0045)	QN	(0.0044)
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	QN	(0.00.0)	Q N	(0.0081)	ON	(0.0080)
1,1,2-trichloroethane	QN	(0.0051)	QN.	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)
1,2-dichioroethane	GN	(0.0029)	Q.	(0.0033)	GN	(0.0032)
1,2-dichioropropane	QN	(0.0061)	QN	(0.0071)	QN	(0.0070)
2-butanone	QN	(0.026)	ND	(0.030)	QN	(0.05)
2-chloroethylvinyl ether	GN	(0.0051)	ND	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)
2-hexanone	QN	(0.037)	QN	(0.042)	Q	(0.042)
4-methyl-2-pentanone	QN .	(0.047)	0.0233	(0.054)	QN	(0.033)
	GN	(0.0045)	QN	(0.0052)	QN	(0.0051)
Ethylbenzene	QN	(0.0073)	ND	(0.0085)	QN	(0.0084)
Toluene	0.016	(0.0061)	0.0062J	(0.0071)	0.013	(0.0070)
Trichloroethene	GN	(0.0019)	QN	(0.0022)	ON	(0.0022)
acetone	0.057B	(0.0077)	QN	(0.0089)	0.0358	(0.0087)
bromodichloromethane	GN	(0.0022)	ON	(0.0026)	QN	(0.0026)
bromoform	GN	(0.0048)	GN	(0.0055)	QN	(0.0055)
bromomethane	QN	(0.0051)	Q X	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)
carbon disulfide	QN	(0.0017)	GN	(0.0020)	GN	(0.0020)
carbon tetrachlorida	ND	(0.0029)	Ĉ	(0.0033)	ŝ	(0.0032)
chlorobenzene	ND	(0.0061)	CN	(0.0071)	Q N	(0.0010)
chloroethane	NS	(0.0051)	Q N	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)
chloroform	CZ	(9) 00 07	2		4	

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

Not detected at specified detection limit J: Estimated value (GC test codes)NO: Not detected at specified detected): Detection limit

^{):} Detection Ilmit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

121 121-5 4-Feb- 19 - 2	121 121-5 4-Feb-1	.0051) .0051) .0032) .0031) .0042) .0047)	Samp Samp Date Date 12 24-F 4 ND	Monitor Well Sample 1D Date Sampled Depth - End Depth 12.1 12.1-2 24-Feb-88 4 - 9 ND (0.0059) ND (0.0059) ND (0.0033) ND (0.0033) ND (0.0048) ND (0.0054) ND (0.0054) ND (0.0054) ND (0.0054) ND (0.0054) ND (0.0054)	1 124-F 4 4 ND ND 0.018 ND ND ND ND ND	12J 24-Feb-88 4 - 9 0 (0.0058) 0 (0.0058) 0 (0.0035) 0 (0.0035) 0 (0.0048) 0 (0.0053) 0 (0.0053)
121 121-5 121-5 124-Feb-1 19 - 2 19 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 -	121 121-5 4-Feb-4 19 - 2	.0051) .0051) .0032) .0029) .0042) .0047)	Samp Date Date 1 12 24-F ND	le 1D Sampled - End Depth 2J J-2 (0.0059) (0.0037) (0.0033) (0.0035) (0.0048) (0.0054) (0.0054)	1 12 12 4 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2.3 -b-88 - 9 (0.0058) (0.0035) (0.0035) (0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0053)
121 121-5 124-Feb-19-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 100-7 1	121 121-5 4-Feb- 19 - 2	.0051) .0051) .0051) .0029) .0031) .0042) .0047)	Date 12 24-F 14 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND N	Sampled - End Depth 2J J-2 eb-88 (0.0059) (0.0059) (0.0037) (0.0033) (0.0048) (0.0054)	1 24-F 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2.3 2.1-2 eb-88 (0.0058) (0.0058) (0.0035) (0.0035) (0.0048) (0.0058) (0.0058)
121-5 121-5 121-6 121-5 121-7 121-5 13-7 13-8 13-9-7 13-9-2 14-7 19-2 19-2 19-2 19-2 19-2 10-10-2 10-10-2 10-10-2 10-2 10-10-2 10-10-2 10-2	121 121-5 4-Feb- 19 - 2	.0051) .0051) .0032) .0032) .0042) .0047)	866. Depth 12 24-F ND	- End Depth J-2 eb-88 (0.0059) (0.0059) (0.0031) (0.0031) (0.0035) (0.0048) (0.0054)	1 24-F 24-F ND	2.1
121 121-5 121-6 121-6 124-Feb-1 19 - 2 19 - 2 19 - 2 19 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 -	121 121-5 14-Feb-4 19 - 2	.0051) .0051) .0032) .0029) .0042) .0047)	24-F 122 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	2.3 1.2 eb-88 (0.0059) (0.0059) (0.0033) (0.0033) (0.0048) (0.0048) (0.0054)	24-F 124-F 4 ND ND 0.018 ND ND ND ND ND	2.3 eb-88 (0.0058) (0.0058) (0.0032) (0.0032) (0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0053) (0.0053)
121-5 hane tohloropropene loromethane chloride chloride chloride no chloride no no no no no no no no no n	121-5 4-Feb- 19 - 2	.0051) .0051) .0032) .0029) .0031) .0042) .0047)	24-F ND ND ND 0.12 ND ND N	eb-88 (0.0059) (0.0033) (0.0033) (0.0048) (0.0054) (0.0054)	24-F 4 4 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	(eb-88) (0.0058) (0.0058) (0.0035) (0.0035) (0.0048) (0.0058) (0.0058)
19 - 2 19 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 2 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 10 - 0 <td< th=""><th>19 - 7eb-1</th><th>.0051) .0051) .0052) .0029) .0031) .0042) .0047)</th><th>24-F ND ND N</th><th>(0.003) (0.003) (0.003) (0.003) (0.004) (0.004) (0.0019)</th><th>24-F ND ND ND 0.018 ND ND ND ND ND ND</th><th>(0.0058) (0.0058) (0.0036) (0.0032) (0.0033) (0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0053)</th></td<>	19 - 7eb-1	.0051) .0051) .0052) .0029) .0031) .0042) .0047)	24-F ND ND N	(0.003) (0.003) (0.003) (0.003) (0.004) (0.004) (0.0019)	24-F ND ND ND 0.018 ND ND ND ND ND ND	(0.0058) (0.0058) (0.0036) (0.0032) (0.0033) (0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0053)
name 19 - 2 table ND toromethane ND chloride 0.0050 roethene ND enes 0.0063 -Dichloroethene ND -Dichloropropene ND fluoromethane ND aste ND	19 - 2	.0051) .0051) .0032) .0039) .0042) .0047)	}	(0.0059) (0.0059) (0.0037) (0.0033) (0.0048) (0.0054) (0.0019)	4	(0.0058) (0.0058) (0.0036) (0.0032) (0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0058)
DN D		.0051) .0051) .0032) .0031) .0042) .0047) .0016)	0 N O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	(0.0059) (0.0059) (0.0037) (0.0033) (0.0054) (0.0054)	ON O	(0.0058) (0.0058) (0.0035) (0.0032) (0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0053)
ON O		.0051) .0032) .0029) .0042) .0047) .0016)	0 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	(0.0059) (0.0031) (0.0033) (0.0048) (0.0054) (0.0019)	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	(0.0058) (0.0032) (0.0032) (0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0058)
ND 0.0050 0.0050 ND ND 0.0063		.0032) .0029) .0031) .0042) .0047) .0016)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.003) (0.003) (0.0048) (0.0054) (0.0019)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.0035) (0.0032) (0.0038) (0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0019)
0.0050 ND ND 0.0063		.0029) .0031) .0042) .0047) .0016)	0 .12 M ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON	(0.003) (0.0035) (0.0048) (0.0054) (0.0019)	0.018 ND ND N	(0.0035) (0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0019) (0.0058)
ND 0.0063 ND		.0031) .0042) .0047) .0016)		(0.0048) (0.0048) (0.0054) (0.0019)		(0.0035) (0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0019)
ND ND CINE ND		.0042) .0047) .0016)		(0.0048) (0.0054) (0.0019)		(0.0048) (0.0053) (0.0019) (0.0058)
0.0063 ND ene ND		.0047)	ON ON ON	(0.0054)		(0.0053) (0.0019) (0.0058)
ND N		.0016)	<u> </u>	(0.0019)	Q Q	(0.0019)
ND N		.0051)	S 2	(0,00.0)	Q	(0.0058)
ON C	_		2	1111111		
CZ		(1500.	2	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0058)
	ND (0	(0.0070)	GN	(0.0081)	ON	(0.0080)
vinyl chloride (0.0051)		.0051)	Q	(0.0059)	Q	(0.0058)
Semivolatile Organic Compounds MG/KG						
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene ND (0.13)		.13)	Q	(0.15)	Q	(0.15)
1,2-dichlorobenzene (0.13)		.13)	QN	(0.15)	Q	(0.15)
		.13)	QN	(0.15)	NO	(0.15)
		.30)	Q	(0.35)	QN	(0.34)
2,4,5-trichlorophenol (0.69)		(69)	Q	(0.79)	QN	(0.11)
lon		.19)	ON	(0.21)	Q	(0.21)
		.19)	Q	(0.21)	ON	(0.21)
2,4-dimethylphenol (0.19)		.19)	CN	(0.21)	QN	(0.21)
2,4-dinitrophenol ND (2.9)		(6.	QN	(3.3)	QN	(3.2)
2,4-dinitrotoluene (0.39)		.39)	QN	(0.45)	ON	(0.44)
2,6-dinitrotoluene (0.13)		.13)	QN	(0.15)	Q N	(0.15)
2-chloronaphthalene (0.13)		.13)	Î	(0.15)	Q	(0.15)

B: Detected in Reagent Blank: background subtraction not performed

<sup>J: Estimated value (GC test codes)
ND: Not detected at specified detection limit
(): Detection limit</sup>

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3,14-2

PARAMETER 2-chlorophenol 2-methylnaphthalene 2-methylphenol 2-nitroaniline 2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	121 121-5 24-Feb-88 19-24 ND (0 ND (0 ND (3 ND (3)	1 -5 -5 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6	Monitor Sample Date Sa Beg. Depth - 123 123- 24-Feb	Monitor Well Sample ID Date Sampled Depth - End Depth		
PARAMETER 2-chlorophenol 2-methylnaphthalene 2-methylphenol 2-nitroaniline 2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	121 121 24-Fe ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	1. 5-8 24 24 (0.23) (0.69) (0.69) (0.25) (1.1) (1.1)	Samp Date Beg. Depth 12 24-F.	le ID Sampled - End Depth		
PARAMETER 2-chlorophenol 2-methylnaphthalene 2-methylphenol 2-nitroaniline 2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	121 24-Fe 19 - 19 - 10 - 84 ND ND ND	1 2-5 2-4 2-4 2-4 2-4 2-4 2-4 2-4 2-4 2-4 2-4	Date Beg. Depth 12 12 24-F	Sampled - End Depth		
PARAMETER 2-chlorophenol 2-methylnaphthalene 2-methylphenol 2-nitroaniline 2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	12 I 24-Fe 19- 19- 19- ND ND ND ND	1 -5 b-88 24 (0.23) (0.69) (0.69) (3.4) (1.1)	Beg. Depth 1 12 24-F	- End Depth		
PARAMETER 2-chlorophenol 2-methylphenol 2-ntroaniline 2-ntrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	121 24-Fe 19- 19- ND ND ND ND ND	1 5-5 6-88 24 (0.23) (0.69) (0.69) (1.1) (1.1)	12 12 24-F			
PARAMETER 2-chlorophenol 2-methylnaphthalene 2-methylphenol 2-nitroaniline 2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	121 24-Fe 19 - 0.84 ND ND ND ND	-5 b-88 24 (0.23) (0.69) (0.69) (3.4) (1.1)	12 24-F 4 ND	12J	12	12J
PARAMETER 2-chlorophenol 2-methylnaphthalene 2-methylphenol 2-nitroaniline 2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	24-Fe 19 - 10 - 18 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	24 (0.23) (0.69) (0.69) (3.4) (1.1)	24-F	12J-2	12J-2	1-2
PARAMETER 2-chlorophenol 2-methylnaphthalene 2-methylphenol 2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	- 91 GN GN GN GN GN GN GN	24 (0.23) (0.69) (0.69) (3.4) (1.1) (3.4)		24-Feb-88	24 - Fe	24-Feb-88
2-chlorophenol 2-methylnaphthalene 2-methylphenol 2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	Q 78. G Q Q Q Q Q O Q Q Q	(0.23) (0.69) (0.69) (3.4) (1.1) (3.4)	ND	- 9	4	6 - 9
2-methylnaphthalene 2-methylphenol 2-nitroaniline 2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	28.0 C	(0.69) (0.69) (3.4) (1.1) (3.4)		(0.26)	QN	(0.25)
2-nitromniline 2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine		(0.69) (3.4) (0.25) (1.1)	GN	(0.79)	QN	(0.77)
2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine		(3.4) (0.25) (1.1) (3.4)	Q.	(6.79)	S	(0.77)
2-nitrophenol 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine		(0.25) (1.1) (3.4)	ON	(3.9)	QN	(3.9)
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	9 9 S	(1.1)	QN	(0.28)	ND	(0.28)
	ON ON	(3.4)	QN	(1.3)	Q	(1.3)
3-nitroaniline	S	3	ND	(3.9)	ð	(3.9)
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	:	(4.4)	Q	(1.9)	Q.	(1.8)
4-bromophenyl-phenylether	QN	(0.13)	ND	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)
4-chloro-3-methylphenoi	QN	(0.21)	QN	(0.24)	QN	(0.23)
4-chloroanlline	QN	(69.0)	QN	(0.79)	QN	(11.0)
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	QN	(0.29)	QN	(0.33)	QN	(0.32)
G 4-methylphenol	0.16J	(0.69)	ND	(0.79)	QN	(0.11)
4-nitroaniline	QN	(3.4)	QN	(3.9)	QN	(3.9)
4-nitrophenol	QN	(0.16)	Q	(0.19)	Q	(0.18)
acenaphthene	QN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	Q	(0.15)
acenaphthylene	QN	(0.24)	ÛN	(0.27)	Q	(0.27)
aniline	QN	(0.69)	N	(0.79)	ND	(0.77)
anthracene	QN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	Q	(0.15)
benzidine	QN	(3.0)	QN	(3.5)	Q.	(3.4)
benzo(a)anthracene	QN	(0.54)	QN	(0.61)	QN	(09.0)
benzo(a)pyrene	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)	Q.	(0.19)
benzo(b)fluoranthene	QN	(0.33)	QN	(0.38)	QN	(0.37)
benzo(k)fluoranthene	GN	(0.17)	GW	(0.20)	Q	(0.19)
benzoic acid	QN	(3.4)	QN	(3.9)	QN	(3.9)
benzyl alcohol	GN	(3.4)	GN	(3.9)	NO	(3.9)

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed
J: Estimated value (GC test codes)
ND: Not detected at specified detection limit
(): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

				;		
			Monitor Well	. Well		
			Sample ID	10		
			Date Sampled	umpled		
			Beg. Depth -	Depth - End Depth		
	121		12J	_	1	12.3
	121-5	2	12.1-2	2	12.	12J-2
	24-Feb-88	-88	24-Feb-88	-88	24-F	24-Feb-88
PARAMETER	19 - 24	24	- 7	6	. 4	- 9
bls(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ND	(0.36)	QN	(0.42)	Q	(0.41)
bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	QN	(0.39)	QN	(0.45)	QN	(0.44)
bis(2-chlorolsopropyl)ether	ON	(0.39)	GN	(0.45)	QN	(0.44)
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.868	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.19)
butylbenzylphthalace	ON	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.19)
chrysene	ON	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.19)
d1-n-butylphthalate	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.19)
di-n-octyl phthalate	6.095	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.19)
d1benzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	(0.17)	GN	(0.20)	Q	(0.19)
dlbenzofuran	QN	(69.0)	QN	(0.79)	Q	(0.17)
dlethylphthalate	ND	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	S	(0.15)
dimethyl phthalate	QN	(0.11)	ND	(0.13)	Q	(0.12)
fluoranthene	QN	(0.15)	ND	(0.17)	QN	(0.17)
fluorene	UN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	S	(0.15)
hexachlorobenzene	GN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)	Š	(0.15)
hexachlorobutadlene	ON	(0.062)	QN	(0.071)	Q.	(0.069)
hexachlorocyclopentadlene	QN	(0.41)	ND	(0.47)	QN	(0.46)
hexachloroethane	ND	(0.11)	QN	(0.13)	QN	(0.12)
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	QN	(0.25)	QN	(0.29)	Q	(0.28)
lsophorone	CN	(0.15)	GN	(0.17)	Š	(0.17)
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	GN	(0.82)	ND	(0.94)	QN	(0.92)
n-nitrosodimethylamine	QN .	(69.0)	ON	(0.79)	Ş	(0.11)
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	QN	(0.13)	CN	(0.15)	Ğ	(0.15)
naphthalene	88.0	(0.11)	ÎN	(0.13)	Ŝ	(0.12)
nitrobenzene	QN	(0.13)	ON	(0.15)	QN	(0.15)
pentachiorophenol	CR		í		***	

Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtr J: Estimated value (GC test codes) ND: Not detected at specified detection limit (): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2 Primary Results

					12.J	12J-2	24-Feb-88	6 - 4	ND (0.42)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.15)
	Monitor Well	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Beg. Depth - End Depth	123	12J-2	24-Feb-88	6 - 7	ND (0.42)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.15)
					121	121-5	24-Feb-88	19 - 24	ND (0.37)	ND (0.10)	ND (0.13)
٠ ا											
rimary Results							4444	r AKANE I EK	pnenanthrene	Touand	b) relie

Detected in Reagent Blank: background subtraction not performed

ND: Not derected at specified detection limit J: Estimated value (GC test codes)

): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

			Monite	Monitor Well		
			Samp	Sample ID		
			Date	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Beg. Depth - End Depth		
	=	12J	ï	12.3	13	12K
	12.	12J-3	12,	12J-5	121	12K-5
	24-F	24-Feb-88	24-F	24-Feb-88	20-Fe	20-Feb-88
PARAHETER	6	- 14	19	19 - 23	- 02	20 - 25
Petroleum Hydrocarbons MG/KG						
Petroleum Hydrocarbons	QN	(0.9)	17.0		14.0	
Volatile Organic Compounds MG/KG						
1,1,1-trichloroethane	QN	(0.0045)	QN	(0.0039)	ND	(0.0040)
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	QN	(0.0081)	QN	(0.0070)	QN	(0.0072)
1,1,2-trichloroethane	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0051)	ND	(0.0053)
1,2-dichloroethane	QN	(0.0033)	QN	(0.0029)	UD	(0.0029)
1,2-dichloropropane	QN	(0.0071)	QN	(0.0061)	ND	(0.0063)
2 - but anone	QN	(0.030)	QN	(0.026)	0.034	(0.026)
2-chloroethylvinyl ether	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0051)	ND	(0.0053)
2-hexanone	QN	(0.042)	CN	(0.037)	ON	(0.038)
4-methyl-2-pentanone	Q	(0.054)	QN	(0.047)	GN	(0.048)
Benzene	QN	(0.0052)	QN	(0.0045)	UND	(0.0046)
Ethylbenzene	Q	(0.0085)	QN	(0.0073)	QN	(0.0016)
Toluene	ON	(0.0071)	0.0064	(0.0061)	0.00113	(0.0063)
Trichloroethene	QN	(0.0022)	QN	(0.0019)	QN	(0.0020)
acetone	0.0168	(0.0089)	0.0148	(0.007)	0.0138	(0.0079)
bromodichloromethane	QN	(0.0026)	QN	(0.0022)	ON	(0.0023)
bromoform	CN	(0.0055)	GN	(0.0048)	ND	(0.0049)
bromomethane	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0051)	UN	(0.0053)
carbon disulfide	QW	(0.0020)	ON	(0.0017)	QN	(0.0018)
carbon tetrachloride	QN	(0.0033)	QN	(0.0029)	ON	(0.0029)
chlorobenzene	CIN	(0.0071)	Ŝ	(0.0061)	CIN	(0.0063)
chloroethane	QN	(0.0059)	Ŝ	(1500.0)	G.	(0.0053)
chloroform	S	(0,0019)	QN	(0.0016)	QN	(0 0012)

Detected in Reagent Blank: background subtraction not performed B: Detected in neagen,
J: Estimated value (GC test codes)
ND: Not detected at specified detection limit
(): Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

						-
Primary Results						
			Monite	Monitor Well		
			Samp	Sample ID		
			Date	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Depth - End Depth		
	12	123	2	123	=	12K
	125-3	1-3	12.	12J-5	121	12K-5
	24-Fe	24-Feb-88	24 - F	24-Feb-88	20-F	20-Feb-88
PARAMETER	- 6	- 14	19	19 - 23	20	20 - 25
chloromethane	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0051)	QN	(0.0053)
cis-1,3-Dichlorapropene	QN	(0.0059)	GN	(0.0051)	QN	(0.0053)
dibromochloromethane	ND	(0.0037)	N	(0.0032)	ON	(0.0033)
methylene chloride	0.0039	(0.0033)	0.0062	(0.0029)	QN	(0.0029)
styrene	QN	(0.0035)	QN	(0.0031)	QN	(0.0032)
tetrachloroethene	ND	(0.0048)	ND	(0.0042)	QN	(0.0043)
total xylenes	ND	(0.0054)	QN	(0.0047)	QN	(0.0048)
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	GN	(0.0019)	QN	(0.0016)	QN	(0.0017)
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0051)	QN.	(0.0053)
trichlorofluoromethane	Q X	(0.0059)	ND	(0.0051)	NO	(0.0053)
vinyl acetate	QN	(0.0081)	QN	(0.0010)	Q	(0.0072)
vinyl chloride	QN	(0.0059)	QN	(0.0051)	QN	(0.0053)
Semivolatile Organic Compounds MC/KG						
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	QN	(0.15)	ND	(0.13)	S	(0.15)
1,2-dichlorobenzene	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.13)	£	(0.15)
1,3-dichlorobenzene	ND	(0.15)	GN	(0.13)	Q	(0.15)
1,4-dichlorobenzene	S	(0.35)	QN.	(0.30)	QN	(0.35)
2,4,5-trichlorophenal	ND	(08.80)	ND	(69.0)	QN	(0.79)
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	N	(0.22)	GN	(0.19)	NO	(0.21)
2,4-dichloraphenol	QN	(0.22)	ND	(0.14)	QN	(0.21)
2,4-dimethylphenol	Î	(0.22)	CIN	(0.19)	CN	(0.21)
2,4-dinitrophenol	S.	(3.4)	CIN	(2.9)	QN	(3.3)
2,4-dintrotoluene	CN	(97.0)	QN	(0.39)	QN	(0.45)
2,6-dinterotoluene	ŝ	(0.15)	GN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)
2-chloronaphthalene	GN	(0.15)	Q.	(0.13)	ÛN	(0.15)
B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed					SOURCE	SOURCES: Radian, 1990, ESE.

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)ND: Not detected at specified detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

Second S	Primary Results						
Part & Sample 1D Data & Sample 1D				Monit	or Well		
12.1 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4				Samp	de ID		
12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1				Date	Sampled		
13.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.1				Beg. Depth	- End Depth		
PARAMETER 121-3 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5 121-5		1	2.3	1	2.3	11	2K
24-Fb-184 24-Fb-184 24-Fb-184 26-Fa-186 20-Fa-186 20-Fa-186 <t< th=""><th></th><th>12</th><th>J-3</th><th>12</th><th>3-5</th><th>121</th><th>K-5</th></t<>		12	J-3	12	3-5	121	K-5
Packabition Polity 19 - 23 20 - 2 2-ethopetinal NO (0.26) NO (0.23) NO 2-ethopetanial NO (0.80) NO (0.59) NO 2-enethylphenol NO (0.80) NO (0.59) NO 2-introphenol NO (4.0) NO (3.5) NO 2-introphenol NO (4.0) NO (3.5) NO 3.3-dichloroberatidine NO (4.0) NO (3.5) NO 4-bromopharylphenol NO (4.0) NO (3.5) NO 4-bromopharylphenol NO (3.2) NO (3.5) NO 4-chlorophenol NO (3.2) NO (3.5) NO 4-chlorophenol NO (3.2) NO (3.5) NO 4-chlorophenol NO (3.2) NO (3.6) NO 4-chlorophenol NO (3.0) NO (3.0) NO		24-F	eb-88	24-F	eb-88	20-F	eb-88
2-chlorophenol ND (0.26) ND (0.27) ND 2-chlorophthalene ND (0.80) ND (0.64) ND 2-mitrophila ND (0.80) ND (0.64) ND 2-mitrophila ND (0.00) ND (0.64) ND 2-mitrophila ND (0.27) ND (0.53) ND 3-mitrophila ND (0.27) ND (0.23) ND 4-fo-dultro-2-methylphenol ND (0.13) ND (1.7) ND 4-fo-dultro-2-methylphenol ND (0.13) ND (0.13) ND 4-chlorophenyl phenylether ND (0.13) ND (0.13) ND 4-chlorophenyl phenylether ND (0.14) ND (0.23) ND 4-chlorophenyl phenylether ND (0.13) ND (0.23) ND 4-chlorophenyl phenylether ND (0.13) ND (0.23) ND 4-chlorophenyl phenylether ND <th>PARAMETER</th> <th>- 6</th> <th>14</th> <th>19</th> <th>- 23</th> <th>20</th> <th>- 25</th>	PARAMETER	- 6	14	19	- 23	20	- 25
Main	2-chlorophenol	QN	(0.26)	QN	(0.23)	Q.	(0.26)
2-nethylphenol ND (0.80) ND (0.64) ND 2-nitroamiline 0.71troamiline ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND 3.3-dichlorobhratidine ND (4.0) ND (4.1) ND 3.3-dichlorobhratidine ND (4.0) ND (4.1) ND 4.6-dinitro2-methylphenol ND (4.0) ND (4.1) ND 4-bromophenyl-phenyleter ND (4.0) ND (4.1) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenyleter ND (6.3) ND (6.21) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenyleter ND (6.3) ND (6.21) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenyleter ND (6.3) ND (6.21) ND 4-mitrophenol ND (6.0) ND (6.0) ND (6.0) ND 4-mitrophenol ND (6.0) ND (6.0) ND (6.0) ND 4-mitrophenol ND (6.0) ND (6.0)	2-methylnaphthalene	QN	(08.0)	QN	(6.69)	Q	(0.79)
2-nitroanilline ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND 2-nitrophenol ND (0.20) ND (0.25) ND 3.3-dichlorobenzidine ND (4.0) ND (1.1) ND 4.6-dinitro2-methylphenol ND (1.9) ND (1.1) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (1.9) ND (1.1) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.25) ND (0.21) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.21) ND (0.21) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.20) ND (0.21) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.20) ND (0.21) ND 4-nitrophenol ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND 4-nitrophenol ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND 4-nitrophyleton ND (0.20) ND (0.20) ND 2-nitrophyleton ND	2-methylphenol	CN	(0.80)	GN	(6.69)	QN	(0.79)
2-nttrophenol ND (0.29) ND (0.29) ND 3.3-dichlorobenzidine ND (1.3) ND (1.1) ND 3.3-dichlorobenzidine ND (1.3) ND (1.3) ND 4,6-dintero-2-methylphenol ND (0.19) ND (1.3) ND 4-chloro-3-methylphenol ND (0.19) ND (0.13) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.24) ND (0.13) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.24) ND (0.23) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.24) ND (0.23) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.34) ND (0.23) ND 4-chlorophenylether ND (0.19) ND (0.24) ND 4-chlorophenylether ND (0.13) ND (0.13) ND 4-chlorophenylether ND (0.10) ND (0.24) ND 4-chlorophenylether <th>2-nitroaniline</th> <th>ON</th> <th>(4.0)</th> <th>ON</th> <th>(3.5)</th> <th>Q</th> <th>(3.9)</th>	2-nitroaniline	ON	(4.0)	ON	(3.5)	Q	(3.9)
3.3-dichiochenzidine ND (1.3) ND (1.1) ND 3-nitroaniline 4-bittooniline ND (4.0) ND (1.1) ND 4-bromolitero-anchylphenol 4-bromophenyl-phenylether ND (0.13) ND (1.7) ND 4-chloro-anchylphenol ND (0.24) ND (0.21) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.24) ND (0.69) ND 4-chlorophenylether ND (0.21) ND (0.23) ND (0.69) ND 4-chlorophenylether ND (0.21) ND (0.13) ND (0.69) ND 4-nitrophenol ND (0.21) ND (0.13) ND (0.13) ND	2-nitrophenol	QN	(0.29)	QN	(0.25)	GN	(0.28)
3	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	QN	(1.3)	QN	(1.1)	GN	(1.3)
4,6-dilltroc2-methylphenol 4,6-dilltroc2-methylphenol ND (1.9) ND ND 4-bromophenyl-phenylether ND (0.15) ND (0.17) ND 4-chloro-3-methylphenol (0.21) ND (0.21) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.34) ND (0.23) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.34) ND (0.29) ND 4-mitrophenol ND (0.39) ND (0.17) ND 4-mitrophenol ND (0.19) ND (0.17) ND 4-mitrophenol ND (0.19) ND (0.17) ND 5-cenaphthylene ND (0.13) ND (0.17) ND antitrochenol ND (0.18) ND (0.17) ND berizdine ND (0.15) ND (0.17) ND berizdine ND (0.15) ND (0.17) ND berizdine ND (0.15) ND	3-nitroaniline	QN	(4.0)	QN	(3.5)	Q.	(3.9)
4-bromophenylether ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND 4-chloro-3-methylphenol 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.24) ND (0.21) ND 4-chloropaniline 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.34) ND (0.29) ND 4-mitrophenol ND (0.34) ND (0.59) ND ND 4-mitrophenol ND (0.34) ND (0.59) ND ND 4-mitrophenol ND (0.15) ND (0.17) ND	4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	QN	(1.9)	GN	(1.7)	S	(1.9)
4-chloro-3-methylphenol ND (0.24) ND (0.21) ND 4-chloro-antilne ND (0.80) ND (0.69) ND 4-chlorophenylether ND (0.34) ND (0.29) ND 4-chlorophenylether ND (0.34) ND (0.29) ND 4-mitrophenol ND (4.0) ND (0.59) ND 4-nitrophenol ND (0.13) ND (0.17) ND 4-nitrophenol ND (0.13) ND (0.13) ND aceaphthlene ND (0.13) ND (0.13) ND aceapththlene ND (0.13) ND (0.24) ND anthitacene ND (0.13) ND (0.13) ND benizo(a) anthitacene ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND benizo(a) pytene ND (0.20) ND (0.13) ND benizo(b) fluoranthene ND (0.20) ND	4-bromophenyl-phenylether	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)
4-chloroanilline ND (0.80) ND (0.69) ND 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether 4-chlorophenyl-phenylether ND (0.34) ND (0.29) ND 4-methylphenol 4-methylphenol ND (0.69) ND (0.69) ND 4-nitroaniline ND (4.0) ND (0.13) ND (0.17) ND 4-nitrophenol ND (0.13) ND (0.13) ND	4-chloro-3-methylphenol	CN	(0.24)	QN	(0.21)	QN	(0.24)
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether NB (0.34) NB (0.29) NB 4-methylphenol NB (0.80) NB (0.69) NB 4-nitroaniline NB (4.0) NB (0.59) NB 4-nitroaniline NB (0.13) NB NB 4-nitrophenol NB (0.13) NB NB acenaphthene NB (0.13) NB NB acenaphthylene NB (0.13) NB NB acenaphthylene NB (0.13) NB NB antline NB (0.28) NB (0.24) NB benzidine NB (0.15) NB (0.21) NB benzo(a) printacene NB (0.20) NB (0.21) NB benzo(b) filuoranthene NB (0.20) NB (0.17) NB benzo(a) printacene NB (0.20) NB (0.17) NB benzo(b) filuoranthene NB (0	4-chloroanliine	QN	(0.80)	QN	(69.0)	QN	(0.79)
4-methylphenol ND (0.69) ND (0.69) ND 4-nitroaniline ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND 4-nitrophenol ND (0.19) ND (0.17) ND acenaphthene ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND acenaphthhene ND (0.15) ND (0.24) ND antline ND (0.28) ND (0.69) ND anthracene ND (0.15) ND (0.69) ND benzidine ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND benzo(a)anthracene ND (0.25) ND (0.21) ND benzo(a)anthracene ND (0.25) ND (0.21) ND benzo(a)anthracene ND (0.20) ND (0.21) ND benzo(a)brituoranthene ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND benzo(a)brituoranthene ND (4.0) ND (0.17) ND benzo(a)brituoranthene ND (4.0) ND (3.5		QN	(0.34)	QN	(0.29)	QN	(0.33)
4-nitroantiine ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND 4-nitrophenol ND (0.19) ND (0.17) ND acenaphthene ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND acenaphthylene ND (0.15) ND (0.24) ND antilne ND (0.28) ND (0.69) ND anthracene ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND benzo(a)anthracene ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND benzo(a)anthracene ND (0.62) ND (0.13) ND benzo(b)fluoranthene ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND benzo(c)fluoranthene ND (0.00) ND <th></th> <th>QN</th> <th>(0.80)</th> <th>QN</th> <th>(0.69)</th> <th>QN</th> <th>(0.79)</th>		QN	(0.80)	QN	(0.69)	QN	(0.79)
ND (0.15) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND ND (0.28) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.28) ND (0.69) ND ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND ND (0.15) ND ND ND ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND		GN	(4.0)	QN	(3.5)	ð	(3.9)
cene ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND cene ND (0.28) ND (0.24) ND ND (0.28) ND (0.69) ND ND ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND ND ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND ND ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND ND ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND ND ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND <	4-nitrophenol	Q.	(0.19)	QN	(0.17)	ND	(0.19)
cene ND (0.28) ND (0.24) ND cene ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND nthene ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND nthene ND (0.20) ND (0.54) ND nthene ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND ND (4.0) ND (0.17) ND ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND	acenaphthene	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)
thracene uoranthene uoranthene uoranthene holes ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND thracene thracene uoranthene uoranthene uoranthene uoranthene uoranthene uoranthene uoranthene holes ND (0.20) ND (0.54) ND 1d ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND	acenaphthylene	C	(0.28)	QN	(0.24)	Q	(0.28)
thracene ND (0.15) ND (0.13) ND thracene ND (3.5) ND (3.0) ND rene ND (0.62) ND (0.54) ND uoranthene ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND uoranthene ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND 1d ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND ohol ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND	aniline	QN	(08.0)	QN	(6.69)	ND	(0.79)
nthracene ND (3.5) ND (3.0) ND yrene ND (0.62) ND (0.54) ND tuoranthene ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND tuoranthene ND (0.38) ND (0.33) ND cld ND (0.17) ND ND ND cld ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND cohol ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND	anthracene	QN	(0.15)	QN	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)
ND (0.62) ND (0.54) ND ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.38) ND (0.33) ND ND (0.00) ND (0.17) ND ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND	benzidine	Q	(3.5)	QN	(3.0)	QN	(3.5)
ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND ND (0.38) ND (0.33) ND ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND	benzo(a)anthracene	QN	(0.62)	QN	(0.54)	QN	(0.61)
ND (0.38) ND (0.33) ND ND (0.17) ND ND (0.17) ND ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND	benzo(a)pyrene	Q	(0.20)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)
ND (0.20) ND (0.17) ND ND (3.5) ND ND (4.0) ND (4.0) ND ND (3.5) ND ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	Ĉ.	(0.38)	GN	(0.33)	Q.	(0.38)
ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND ND (3.5) ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	C X	(0.20)	ON.	(0.17)	GN	(0.20)
ND (4.0) ND (3.5) ND	benzoic acid	QN	(4.0)	QN	(3.5)	QN	(3.9)
	benzyl alcohol	CN	(4.0)	G N	(3.5)	CN	(3.9)

<sup>B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed
J: Estimated value (GC test codes)
RD: Not detected at specified detection limit
(): Detection limit</sup>

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

			Monite	Monitor Well		
			Samp	Sample ID		
			Date :	Date Sampled		
			Beg. Depth	Beg. Depth - End Depth		
	•	12.3	H	12J	12K	χ
	12.	12J-3	12,	12J-5	128	12K-5
	24-F	24-Feb-88	24-F	24-Feb-88	20-Fe	20-Feb-88
PARAMETER	9 - 14	14	19 - 23	- 23	20 - 25	- 25
bls(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ON	(0.42)	QN	(0.37)	QN	(0.42)
bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	QN	(0.46)	QN	(0.39)	QN	(0.45)
bis(2-chlorolsopropyl)ether	GN	(0.46)	QN	(0.39)	QN	(0.45)
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	UN	(0.20)	0.328	(0.17)	0.123	(0.20)
butylbenzylphthalate	GN	(0.20)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)
chrysene	QN	(0.20)	GN	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)
di-n-butylphthalate	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.17)	Q	(0.20)
dl-n-octyl phthalate	GN	(0.20)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	QN	(0.20)	QN	(0.17)	QN	(0.20)
dibenzofuran	GN	(08.80)	ND	(0.69)	QN	(0.79)
dlethylphthalate	UN	(0.15)	QN	(0.13)	ON	(0.15)
dimethyl phthalate	ND	(0.13)	ON	(0.11)	QN	(0.13)
fluoranthene	QN	(0.18)	ON	(0.15)	QN	(0.17)
fluorene	ND	(0.15)	ON	(0.13)	G	(0.15)
hexachlorobenzene	ND	(0.15)	ND	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)
hexachlorobutadiene	QN	(0.012)	QN	(0.062)	QN	(0.01)
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	(0.48)	GN	(0.41)	Q N	(0.47)
hexachloroethane	GM	(0.13)	QN	(0.11)	QN	(0.13)
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	QN	(0.30)	GN	(0.26)	Q	(0.29)
Isophorone	GN	(0.18)	ND	(0.15)	Q.	(0.17)
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	(96.0)	QN	(0.83)	QN	(0.94)
n-nitrosodimethylamine	ND	(08.80)	CN	(69.0)	QN	(0.79)
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	QN	(0.15)	ON	(0.13)	QN	(0.15)
naphthalene	ND	(0.13)	Ü	(0.11)	SAD	(0.13)
nti robenzene	NI	(0.15)	Î	(0.13)	GN	(0.15)
pentachlorophenol	UN	(0.29)	GN	(0.25)	ND	(0.28)

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)MD: Not detected at specified detection limit(-): Detection limit

^{):} Detection limit

RESULTS OF ORGANIC ANALYSES FOR SOIL SAMPLES, SITE 12 (FDTA 2), CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS (Cont.) Table 3.14-2

				Depth	12K	12K-5	20-Feb-88	20 - 25	N	9		1
	Monitor Well	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Beg. Depth - End Depth	12J	12J-5	24-Feb-88	19 - 23	ND (0.37)	ND (01 02)		
					12J	12J-3	24-Feb-88	9 - 14	ND (0.43)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.15)	
Frimary Results								rakare i ek	phenanthrene	phenol	pyrene	

B: Detected in Reagent Blank; background subtraction not performed

J: Estimated value (GC test codes)NO: Not detected at specified detection limit

^{():} Detection limit

3.14.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR FTA-2

Five reports were considered to contain information pertinent to the Task 2 objectives:

- 1. Decision Paper--Site 12 (Radian, 1990);
- 2. Summary of Permit Site (USACE, 1991);
- 3. 90% Plans and Specifications--Site 12 (Radian, 1991);
- 4. 90% Design Cost Estimate--Site 12 (Radian, 1991); and
- 5. MAP, 1993.

Detailed summaries of each of these reports, as they pertain to FTA-2, are presented in Appendix B. The following paragraphs present a brief description of the reports.

Decision Paper--Site 12 (Radian, 1990)

This report analyzed the previous studies conducted at FTA-2 for selection of a remediation alternative. Based on the previous investigation results, the following seven alternatives were evaluated:

- 1. No further action.
- 2. Onsite aeration of the top 2 ft of contaminated soils located within the outer 200-ft earthen berm.
- 3. Removal and offsite disposal of the top 2 ft of contaminated soils within the 200-ft earthen berm in a landfill.
- 4. Removal and offsite incineration of the top 2 ft of contaminated soils within the 200-ft earthen berm.
- 5. Excavation of contaminated soil located within the 200-ft earthen berm to bedrock, followed by disposal of the contaminated soil in an approved landfill. The excavated area will then be filled with borrow material.
- 6. Excavation (and aeration) of the top 2 ft of soil, followed by vacuum extraction and aeration of deep soils <u>in situ</u> within the 200-ft earthen berm.

7. Excavation and landfilling of the top 2 ft of soil, vacuum extraction, and aeration of deep soils <u>in situ</u> within the 200-ft earthen berm.

Alternative 2 was selected based on the following criteria:

- 1. Site characteristics,
- 2. Cost,
- 3. Technical feasibility and effectiveness, and
- 4. Hazards to humans and the environment.

Table 3.14-3 shows the cost and feasibility of each alternative.

Summary of Permit Site (USACE, 1991)

This report briefly summarizes the project history for FTA-2. SWMU 19 was used for fire training exercises prior to 1963, SWMU 20 was used to store clean or contaminated fuel, and SWMU 21 was used for storage of waste oils and solvents. Five boreholes and five upper-zone monitor wells were installed at the site (no dates are reported).

Soil and groundwater samples were collected and analyzed for heavy metals, VOCs, and petroleum hydrocarbons. Selenium (30 to 70 mg/kg) was detected in three borings and lead (20 mg/kg) was detected in one boring. The detected VOCs included 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane (1,300 μ g/kg); benzene (370 μ g/kg); total xylenes (37,000 μ g/kg); and ethylbenzene (5,000 μ g/kg).

Arsenic, lead, cadmium, chromium, TCE, tetrachloroethene, and vinyl chloride levels detected in the groundwater samples exceeded their respective MCLs. The findings of the Stage I investigation were confirmed later in the Stage 2 investigation. Based on the findings of the investigation, USACE proposed the submittal of a RAP at a later unspecified date.

Table 3.14-3 NARRATIVE MATRIX
TECHNICAL EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVES

Alternative	Cost ¹ (\$)	Engineering Feasibility	Regulatory Compliance
1. No action	0		
2. Excavate top 2 ft/ aerate	27,000 ²	Proven tech- nology	TWC approval necessary
3. Excavate top 2 ft/ landfill	93,000 ²	Proven tech- nology	TWC approval necessary
4. Excavate top 2 ft/ incinerate	4,490,000 ²	Proven tech- nology	TWC approval necessary
Excavate to bed- rock/landfill	1,541,000 ³	Proven tech- nology	TWC approval necessary
6. Excavate top 2 ft/ aerate/vacuum extraction	74,000	Proven tech- nology	TWC approval necessary
7. Excavate top 2 ft/ landfill/vacuum extraction	140,000	Proven tech- nology	TWC approval necessary

Costs are based on a conceptual application of remedial technologies, and therefore should not be used for detailed budget planning purposes.

² Costs based on excavation and hauling of 2,328 yd³ of contaminated soil.

 $^{^{3}}$ Cost based on excavation, hauling, and fill of 29,128 yd 3 of soil.

90% Plans and Specifications--Site 12 (Radian, 1991)

Plans and specifications were prepared for work with the following principal features:

- Remove and dispose of the dumpsters, aboveground storage tank, associated underground piping, and all remaining liquids in the tanks and piping.
- 2. The top 2 ft of overburden located within the limits of the outer berm will be removed and disposed of properly. The contractor will be responsible for obtaining soil samples from this material to determine the level of petroleum contamination. The sample results will govern the method of disposal.
- 3. The excavated area defined above will be backfilled with a low-permeability material.
- 4. All disturbed areas will be filled with topsoil and seeded.

90% Design Cost Estimate--Site 12 (Radian, 1991)

This report presented the design cost estimates for the following three alternatives for soil remediation at FTA-2:

Alternative A:

If the soil results indicate a nondetectable level of TPH and a nondetectable level of BTEX, the contractor shall excavate the soil pile and dispose of or recycle the material outside the limits of CAFB in a manner that complies with all local and state regulations.

Alternative B:

If the soil sample results indicate TPH or BTEX levels between detectable levels and the Texas Department of Health (TDH) limits for disposal in a Class II facility, the contractor shall dispose of the soil pile in a TDH permitted Class II disposal facility designated by the contractor in the Materials Handling Plan. The contractor shall abide by all regulations set forth by

TDH for disposal of petroleum-contaminated soil. The contractor shall also be responsible for obtaining any additional samples required by the disposal facility or TDH before removing the soil offsite.

Alternative C:

If the soil sample results are greater than TDH's limits for TPH and BTEX for disposal in a Class II landfill, the contractor shall dispose of the contaminated soil in a Class ***, (sic) ***non-hazardous, TDH permitted facility designated in the Materials Handling Plan. The contractor shall abide by all regulations set forth by TDH for disposal of petroleum contaminated soil. The contractor shall be responsible for obtaining any additional samples required by the disposal facility or the TDH before removing the soil offsite.

The work performed includes the features presented in the report summarizing plans and specifications:

- 1. Remove and dispose of the dumpsters, aboveground storage tank, and associated underground piping.
- 2. The top 2 ft of overburden located within the limits of the outer berm shall be removed and disposed of properly. The contractor shall be responsible for obtaining soil samples from this material to determine the level of petroleum contamination. The sample results will govern the method of disposal.
- 3. The defined excavated area shall be backfilled with a low-permeability material.
- 4. All disturbed areas shall be filled with topsoil and seeded.

The costs include furnishing of all equipment, labor, and materials to perform work in strict accordance with the specifications, schedules, and drawings.

MAP, 1993

The MAP schedule projected that RA would be performed at FTA-2 in 1993, followed by a risk assessment and decision documents in 1994.

3.14.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

Remediation project objectives include excavation of POL-contaminated soils followed by biological treatment (USACE, 1994).

3.14.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

Approximately 5,700 yd³ of POL-contaminated soils were excavated. Soils were treated biologically in an onsite treatment system for the purposes of reducing or eliminating levels of POL constituents in the soil.

3.14.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT

No data/information developed from any portion of the remedial activities completed to date were identified in the project files.

3.14.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

The treatment conducted on the soils to date has only been for the purpose of removing POL constituents from the soils. Hazardous constituents are also present in the soil. The remedial activities conducted to date were initially intended to be a final remedial action. However, the state has commented that since hazardous constituents are also present in the soils, the remedial action is not complete with biological treatment alone. The state recommended the completion of a risk assessment to determine if the levels of hazardous constituents remaining in the soils warrant further action (USACE, 1994).

3.14.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

No projects were identified to result from the current remedial activities being performed at the site.

3.14.7 PROJECT STATUS

The excavation of contaminated soils has been completed; biological treatment of excavated soils is nearly complete (USACE, 1994).

3.14.8 SCHEDULE

No specific project schedule was available in the file material reviewed by ESE, with the exception of that noted in the MAP (see summary of MAP in Section 3.14-1). However, ESE was told that excavation activities were initiated in May 1993, followed by the startup of the biological treatment system in June 1993. The treatment of excavated soils is nearly complete.

3.14.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this remediation project are in IRPIMS.

3.14.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

The 90 percent documents for this site (the most recent available to ESE) specify removal and disposal of contaminated soils. However, contaminated soils are correctly being treated onsite.

3.15 USTs

As of March 1993, 71 USTs were at CAFB. The following sections include details on the status of these USTs.

3.15.1 SUMMARY OF REPORTS FOR USTs

Only one report (MAP for CAFB, 1993) addressed UST information for the 71 USTs at CAFB. The following paragraphs contain a description of the report, as it pertains to the USTs.

MAP for CAFB, 1993

Four UST removal projects were planned at CAFB. Two of these projects (which will remove six USTs) were funded and the other two projects (which will

remove 40 USTs) were not funded. Of the remaining 25 USTs, seventeen will remain open for use by the 301st Fighter Wing (FW), five will be temporarily closed and turned over to the reuse authority, and three will remain open for use by the Air Force Base Cleanup Agency (AFBCA). The status of the USTs as of March 1993 is presented in Table 3.15-1.

3.15.2 REMEDIATION PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the remediation project were to remove 46 USTs and temporarily close five USTs (Table 3.15-1). No remediation was planned for the remaining 20 USTs. The objectives of the remedial actions required to remove the contaminated soils were not specified in the file material. The remedial actions for the UST sites are governed by the Texas UST Program.

3.15.3 REMEDIATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS/RESULTS

Remediation projects were not accomplished as of March 1993. The schedules for the remediation projects are not available in the file material.

3.15.4 DATA/INFORMATION DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT No data/information developed for the previously referenced sites were identified during the records review.

3.15.5 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR REMEDIATION

No recommendations for additional studies for the previously referenced sites were identified during the records review.

3.15.6 PROJECTS RESULTING FROM THE PROJECT

No projects resulting from this project were identified during the records review.

3.15.7 PROJECT STATUS

The removal of USTs was not completed as of March 1993.

Table 3.15-1. Underground Storage Tanks

Number	Facility	Contents	Status
9739	1015		To be removed
9718	104 0		To be semoved
9720	1050	#2 Fuel Oil	To be removed
	1064		Retained by 301st FW
	1064		Retained by 301st PW
	1064	$X = \{X_i \in \mathcal{X}_i \mid i \in \mathcal{X}_i \}$	Retained by 301st PW
	1064		Retained by 301st FW
	1191		Retained by 301st FW
9728	1194		Retained by 301st FW
9715	1411	Mogas	Retained by 301st FW
9715	1411		Retained by 301st FW
9715	1411		Retained by 301st FW
9727	1420		Retained by 301st FW
	1423	•	Retained by 301st FW
9730	1425		Retained by 301st FW
9721	1518		Scheduled to be removed
9721	1518		Scheduled to be removed
9737	1518		Scheduled to be removed
9721	1518		Scheduled to be removed
9721	1518		Scheduled to be removed
9716	1629		Retained by 301st FW
	1643		Retained by 301st FW
9696	1750		Scheduled to be removed
9729	3000	#2 Fuel Oil	Temporary closure
972 9	3000	#2 Fuel Oil	Temporary closure

Table 3.15-1. Underground Storage Tanks (Continued, Page 2 of 3)

Number	Facility	Contents	Status
	3001		Scheduled to be removed
	3001		Scheditled to be removed
9705	3001		Temporary closure
	3190		Remined by 301st FW
9704	3359		Realised by 301s: FW
9702	3360		Retained by 301st FW
	4102		To be removed
	4102		To be removed
9719	4111		To be removed
9710	4127		To be removed
9696	4136	•	Unknown
9707	4141		Use by AFBCA
9738	4143	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Use by AFBCA
9703	4145		Use by AFBCA
9733	4150	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9733	4150	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9733	4150	JР-4	Scheduled to be removed
9733	4150	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9733	4150	ЛР-4	Scheduled to be removed
9733	4150	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9731	4152	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9731	4152	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9731	4152	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
97 31	4152	ЈР-4	Scheduled to be removed
9715	4152	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed

3/34/8/up/7:72/3811/88C-3.up/

Table 3.15-1. Underground Storage Tanks (Continued, Page 3 of 3)

Number	Facility	Contents	Status
9731	4152	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9725	4153	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9725	4153	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9725	4153	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9725	4153	л-4	Scheduled to be removed
9725	4153	JР-4	Scheduled to be removed
9725	4153	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9723	4154	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9723	4154	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9723	4154	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9723	4154	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9723	4154	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9723	4154	JP-4	Scheduled to be removed
9698	4155		To be removed
9701	4171	• .	To be removed
9722	4205	•	To be removed
9737	4210		To be removed
9737	4210	·	To be removed
9737	4210		To be removed
9737	4210		To be removed
9737	4210		To be removed
9737	4210		To be removed
9717	4215	•	Temporary closure
9708	4216		Temporary closure

3.15.8 SCHEDULE

The schedule for the removal of 46 USTs and the temporary closure of five USTs was not documented in the file material.

3.15.9 WHETHER OR NOT INFORMATION DERIVED IS IN IRPIMS

No data from this remediation project are in IRPIMS.

3.15.10 DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN VARIOUS PROJECT REPORTS

Only one report (MAP for CAFB, 1993) contains information regarding the status of the USTs at CAFB.

4.0 SUMMARY

Table 4.0-1 summarizes all the significant information for each of the 16 remediation projects presented in Section 3.

Table 4.0-1. Summary of Remediation Projects at AFP4 and CAFB

Site Identification(s)	Remediation Project Objectives	Accomplishments for Groundwater	Accomplishments for Soil	Project Status	Project Schedule
Landfill No. 1 at AFP4 LF01 IRP Site No. 1	Objective of soils IRA was to remove approx. 10,700 yd ³ of soils from West Parking Lot. Objective of groundwater IRA was to recover leachate from the West Parking Lot excavation area.	Installation of French Drains No. I and 2, for the purposes of collecting leachate from the site. Groundwater is treated at FSA-I system.	Removal of approximately 11,000 yd ³ of contaminated soils.	IRA for soils completed in 1983. French Drain No. 1 installed in 1982. French Drain No. 2 installed in 1984. Water from French Drains transmitted to FSA-1 treatment system; initiated in 1992.	MAP projects proposed plan for LP01 will be complete in Nov. 1993 with ROD final in June 1994. No further schedule updates are available.
Fire Department Training Area No. 6 at AFP4 FDTA-6 IRP Site No. 9	Objective of IRA was to remove a contaminant source.	None Reported	Removal of unspecified volume of contaminated soils in 1982 and 1983. Removal of an additional 170 yd ³ is specified.	IRA is complete. No status available for remaining 170 yd ³ specified for removal	IRA completed in 1983. No further schedule updates are available.
Chrome Pit No. 3 at AFP4 DP12 IRP Site No. 12	Objective of IRA was to remove a contaminant source.	None Reported	Removal of approximately 8,900 yd ³ of contaminated soils in 1983 and 1984. Further sampling to determine adequacy of removal is recommended.	IRA is complete. No status available for further sampling in the area.	IRA soils removal action is complete. MAP projects proposed plan for DP12 will be complete in Nov. 1993 with ROD final in June 1994. No further schedule updates are available.

Table 4.0-1. Summary of Remediation Projects at AFP4 and CAFB (Continued, Page 2 of 6)

Site Identification(s)	Remediation Project Objectives	Accomplishments for Groundwater	Accomplishments for Soil	Project Status	Project Schedule
Die Yard Chemical Pits at AFP4 DP13 IRP Site No. 13	Objective of IRA was to remove a contaminant source.	None reported.	Interim Remedial Action of 1,100 cubic yards of soil. An additional 4,990 yd ³ of soils still require removal.	IRA soils removal action complete in 1984. No status defined for 4,990 yd ³ requiring removal.	IRA completed in 1984. MAP projects proposed plan for DP13 will be complete in Nov. 1993 with ROD final in June 1994. No further schedule updates are available.
Fuel Saturation Area No. 1 at AFP4 SS14 IRP Site No. 14	Objective of IRA groundwater treatment system is to recover and treat contaminated groundwater. Objective of soil treatment system is to recover fuel vapors from soils.	Soil vacuum extraction system put into service in Dec. 1992. System components not available in file material.	Groundwater treatment system put into service in Oct. 1992. 70 gpm capacity. Consists of an oil/separator, air stripper, and two-10,000 pound carbon contactors. Two extraction wells. System also treats water from French Drains No. 1 and No. 2.	Groundwater treatment system in service. Performance evaluations are scheduled to optimize. Soil vacuum extraction system in service.	No schedule available for groundwater or soil actions. MAP projects proposed plan for FSA-1 will be complete in Nov. 1993 with ROD final in June 1994. No further schedule updates are available.
Fuel Saturation Area No. 3	Objective of IRA groundwater treatment system is to recover and treat contaminated groundwater. Objective of soil treatment system is to recover fuel vapors from soils.	IRA soil vacuum extraction system put into service in for several month during 1992. Pilot study data was collected. More permanent soil vacuum extraction system put into service in Dec. 1992. System components not available in file material.	Groundwater treatment system (30 gpm capacity) put into service in Oct. 1992. Consists of oil/water separator, and lowprofile air stripper. Eight groundwater extraction wells in service.	Groundwater treatment system in service. Performance evaluations are scheduled to optimize. Soil vacuum extraction system in service.	MAP projects proposed plan for FSA-1 will be complete in Nov. 1993 with ROD final in June 1994. No further schedule updates are available.

Table 4.0-1. Summary of Remediation Projects at AFP4 and CAFB (Continued, Page 3 of 6)

Site Identification(s)	Remediation Project Objectives	Accomplishments for Groundwater	Accomplishments for Soil	Project Status	Project Schedule
Landfill No. 3 at AFP4 LF03 IRP Site No. 3	IRA objective was to recover product from groundwater at landfill.	None reported.	Recovery estimated to be less than one-gallon of product recovery from DNAPL recovery well.	DNAPL well was taken out of service after approximately one-year of operation. More specific information for recovery well is not available in the file material. Pre-construction field tests were conducted using vacuum enhanced using vacuum enhanced pumping (VEP) system in 1994.	MAP projects proposed plan for LF03 will be complete in Nov. 1993 with ROD final in June 1994. No further schedule updates are available. Field studies to assess feasibility of VEP were completed in 1994.
East Parking Lot Plume (Window Area) at AFP4 OT22 IRP Site No. 22	Extract and treat TCE contaminated groundwater; prevent transmission of contaminated groundwater from shallow aquifer to Paluxy. Recover groundwater secpage.	Window Area groundwater treatment system under construction. Consists of eight groundwater extraction wells, equalization basin, bag filters, air stripping (with carbon adsorption for air emissions) and carbon adsorption polishing. Taper Edge treatment system treats water that seeps into a deep pit in Building 181. Consists of low-profile air stripper.	None Reported.	System still in construction phase. System in operation. No further status information available.	Schedules for Window Area remediation and Taper Edge treatment system were not available in the file material.

Table 4.0-1. Summary of Remediation Projects at AFP4 and CAFB (Continued, Page 4 of 6)

Site Identification(s)	Remediation Project Objectives	Accomplishments for Groundwater	Accomplishments for Soil	Project Status	Project Schedule
Assembly Building/Parts Plant (181) at AFP4 AOC No IRP Site Number	Pilot study to evaluate effectiveness of soil vacuum extraction in removal of TCE from vadose zone.	Soil vacuum extraction pilot system was put into operation in December 1993. Consists of 7 extraction wells and two-3,000 pound carbon absorbers to treat emissions. The operation was completed in 1994.	None Reported.	System was operated for 90 days. Pilot study report was prepared in 1994.	System was operated through April 1994. Pilot study report was submitted in June 1994.
USTs 19 (ST25), 20 (ST26), 24A (ST27), 24B (ST28), 25A (ST29), and 30 (ST30) at AFP4 IRP Sit No.'s 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, and 30, respectively.	Objective of the completed remedial activities were to remode USTs 19, 20, 24a, 24b, 25a, and 30. Objectives of remedial actions required to remove contaminated soils was not specified in the file material. The UST sites are governed by the Texas UST Program.	USTS 19, 20, 24a, 24b, 25a, and 30 were removed in December 1988. The accomplishments/results of the remedial actions pertaining to contaminated soils at these sites is not documented in the file material.	None Reported.	Tanks have been removed. Status of contaminated soils is not documented in the file material.	MAP projects proposed plan for UST sites will be complete in Nov. 1993 with ROD final in June 1994. No further schedule updates are available.
Landfills No. 4 and No. 5 at CAFB LF04 and LF05 SWMU 22 and 23	Reduce or eliminate potential future impacts to human health and the environment and future contaminant migration.	None Reported.	Installation and operation of groundwater treatment system. Treatment system consists of 7 extraction wells, air stripping, and carbon adsorption.	System is in operation. Calcium carbonate fouling is inhibiting performance. Samples to be collected in Jan. 1994 to prove carbon polishing system is not necessary.	MAP projects proposed RD and DD documents to be completed in Sep. 1994. No further schedule updates are available.

Table 4.0-1. Summary of Remediation Projects at AFP4 and CAFB (Continued, Page 5 of 6)

Site Identification(s)	Remediation Project Objectives	Accomplishments for Groundwater	Accomplishments for Soil	Project Status	Project Schedule
POL Tank Farm at CAFB ST14 SWMU 68	Skimmer installed to recover product from groundwater at well where product was observed.	None Reported	An oil skimmer was installed in April 1991. Schedule to be taken off-line in August 1993 due to insignificant product recover.	System was scheduled to be taken offline in August 1993.	Oil skimmer was scheduled to be taken out of service in August 1993. File material did not contain information to note if this was accomplished. MAP projected RFA and NFA activities to be conducted during the period Dec. 1993 through Dec. 1994.
Waste Burial Area WP07 SWMU 24	Remove a contaminant source.	Buried drums and contaminated soils were removed between August and October 1991.	None Reported.	Not available.	MAP projects RD and DD activities to be conducted during the period April through Sep. 1994. RA to commence in Sep. 94.
Flightline Drainage Ditch SD10 SWMU 53	Remove contaminated soils and install culvert and concrete liner in ditch.	Approximately 700 yd ³ of contaminated soils were excavated. A culvert and concrete liner, totaling approximately 600 feet in length, was installed	None Reported.	Excavated soils have been stage onbase and are awaiting transportation to offsite disposal facility. The action was intended to be final. State of TX has not concurred and consider it IRA.	Excavation and channel reconstruction were complete as of December 1993. No schedule available for soils disposal or future actions.

Table 4.0-1. Summary of Remediation Projects at AFP4 and CAFB (Continued, Page 6 of 6)

Site Identification(s)	Remediation Project Objectives	Accomplishments for Groundwater	Accomplishments for Soil	Project Status	Project Schedule
Fire Training Area No. 2 FT09 SWMus 19, 20, and 21	Remove and treat POL contaminated soils.	Approximately 5,700 yd ³ of soils were excavated. Soils are currently being treated through an onsite biological treatment system.	None Reported.	Treatment of POL contaminated soils is complete. Hazardous constituents, which were not planned to be removed during treatment, require further action. A risk assessment will be performed to determine if soils warrant further remediation.	Excavation was initiated May 1993. Approximately 5,700 cubic yards of soil was removed and treated onsite.
USTs at CAFB	Removal of 46 USTs	Not available in file information reviewed by ESE.	None Reported.	Not available in file material.	Not Reported,

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